

Robert Browning (aged 69)

From the painting by R. Barrett Browning, 1881, hitherto unpublished, in the possession of M. George, M. Smith

THE WORKS OF ROBERT BROWNING

WITH INTRODUCTIONS BY SIR F. G. KENYON, K.C.B., D.LITT.

VOLUME VII—BALAUSTION'S AD-VENTURE—PRINCE HOHENSTIEL-SCHWANGAU — FIFINE AT THE FAIR—RED COTTON NIGHT-CAP COUNTRY



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BALAUSTION'S ADVENTURE

After the publication of The Ring and the Book, which was completed in February 1869, Browning appears to have given himself a well-earned holiday from poetic composition. He had been living for more than four years with Pompilia and the group of persons with whom her fortunes were associated, and his mind probably needed to lie fallow for a while. When he resumed work, it was in a totally different direction; and yet a thread of connection may be discerned. The great dramatic epic had been dedicated to his wife, and from her character he drew something of his conception of the heroine; and Balaustion's Adventure grew out of his study of Mrs. Browning's favourite Greek poet, and is expressly associated with her memory by the quotation from her Wine of Cyprus which is prefixed to it. Even Prince Hohenstiel-Schwangau, which followed next, owed its origin to Mrs. Browning's ardent admiration for Louis Napoleon when he appeared in the character of the liberator of Italy. Though Browning, from about 1863 onwards, threw himself into the current of London society and entered with zest into the human intercourse which it provided, his poetry shows, again and again, glimpses of those memories which formed the true basis of his real and inner life.

In the summer of 1862 Browning reported himself as "having a great read at Euripides" during a holiday at Cambo and Biarritz (Mrs. Orr, Life, p. 250); and from this time forth Euripides ranked among his favourite poets. This was long before the revival of interest in the "third poet" which has been so noticeable within recent recent and B within recent years, and Browning would not have found much encouragement in his faith among the Oxford society which, through his son's entry at the University and his own consequent friendship with Jowett, he had begun to cultivate from about 1867; but his wife's affection for "Euripides the human" probably served to reinforce his own taste. The idea of translating one of his dramas was, however, not wholly his own; for, as the dedication of Balaustion's Adventure shows, it was a task imposed on him by Lady Cowper. It was written, apparently, in the spring of 1871; was completed (Browning was always a rapid worker when once he had taken a poem in hand) in July of that year, and published in August. Its success was immediate: Browning's fame, since the publication of The Ring and the Book, was at its height, though the number of his worshippers was not so great as it subsequently became; 2500 copies were sold in five months, and a second edition had to

be printed before the year was out. A translation of a Greek drama by one of the leading poets of the day naturally attracted the interest of scholars as well as of the general reading public; and the grace and charm of the setting in which the translation is embedded made it at once a popular favourite with its readers.

The incident on which the poem is based is recorded by Plutarch (Vit. Nic., c. 29), who, after describing how some of the Athenians, captured in the disastrous Sicilian expedition, gained the favour of their masters, and perhaps their own freedom, if they could recite passages from Euripides, adds that once a ship, taking refuge from a pirate in the harbour of Caunus (a town on the coast of Asia Minor, opposite Rhodes), was refused admission until it was ascertained that among her passengers were some who could recite Euripides. Browning has made the reciter a Rhodian girl, named Balaustion. The name means "wild pomegranate flower," and it has been stated that (although he did not know it until afterwards) this is in fact the emblem of Rhodes on its coins. This, however, is not the case, the emblem of Rhodes being the rose. The play which she recites is the Alcestis; but the recitation does not take the form of a mere translation of the poem. The translation is throughout accompanied by a description of the action,-stage directions put into verse, with something of a running commentary; and at

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the end Balaustion, telling the story of her adventure to a group of friends, sketches the outline of a new treatment of the subject, which might be free from the defects that the modern reader cannot help finding in Euripides. And the poem ends with a warmly appreciative re-ference to the picture of "Heracles struggling with Death for the Life of Alcestis," painted by Frederic Leighton and exhibited in the Royal Academy in 1871. Leighton had been a close friend of the Brownings since their first acquaintance in Rome in 1853-4. He had made a portrait of Browning in 1859, and he designed Mrs. Browning's tomb in Florence; while Browning had written a short poem as a motto for his picture of "Eurydice and Orpheus" (see vol. iv. p. 307).

The original manuscripts of all Browning's works after The Ring and the Book are in existence. It was his intention to present them to Balliol College, Oxford, in memory of his friendship with Jowett, and in acknowledgment of the compliment paid to him by the College in making him an Honorary Fellow. This intention was carried into effect after his death by his son, Mr. R. Barrett Browning, who, however, with the full concurrence of Jowett, retained the MS. of Asolando for his life. The other autographs, from Balaustion to the Parleyings, are already in Balliol College Library, bound up in six volumes (see Appendix II. to Mrs. Orr's Life, 1908, p. 419).

PRINCE HOHENSTIEL-SCHWANGAU

A few months after the publication of Balaustion, Browning was again before the world with a poem of very different character,—the study of the Emperor Napoleon III, to which he gave the name (suggested to him by Mr. W. C. Cartwright) of Prince Hohenstiel-Schwangau. It appeared at the end of 1871, and might reasonably have been supposed—as, no doubt, it was generally supposed-to be wholly the outcome of the catastrophe which had taken place in the previous year. As a matter of fact, however, the first draft of it ("a little rough sketch") had been written nearly twelve years previously in Rome, in 1860, and the poem was more the result of Villafranca than of Sedan. In January, 1871, Browning wrote to Robert Buchanan, with reference to the latter's poem entitled Napoleon Fallen: "I think more savagely now of the man, and should say so if needed. I wrote, myself, a monologue in his name twelve years ago, and never could bring the printing to my mind as yet. One day perhaps" (Wise, Letters of R. Browning, 2nd series, i. 36). The day had now come. When Balaustion was off his hands, he seems to have taken up his old study of the Emperor, to have worked at it in the summer, when he was staying in Scotland, near Loch Tummel,

and to have completed it in time for its publication in December.

Readers of Mrs. Browning's correspondence know how prominent a part Louis Napoleon played in the life of the Brownings between 1851, when they were present in Paris at the time of the coup d'état, and 1860, when the efforts made by France on behalf of Italian liberty culminated in the annexation of Nice and Savoy. "It was a great action," said Browning then of Napoleon, "but he has taken eighteenpence for it, which is a pity." Mrs. Browning had always placed the Emperor on a pinnacle of disinterested love of freedom, and even Villafranca only shook her faith for a short time, the failure to carry through the original generous scheme being ascribed to the hostility or lukewarmness of the other European powers. Browning never held so enthusiastic a view. Without going so far as to describe him as one "in whom the cad, the coward, the idealist and the sensualist were inextricably mixed" (Birrell, Obiter Dicta, p. 86), he recognized the weakness of Napoleon as well as his strength, his lack of stable principle, his ambition to be the dictator of Europe, his shiftiness, his untrustworthiness, as well as his fitful flashes of higher and more generous aspirations. Prince Hohenstiel-Schwangau is the expression of this view ("just what I imagine the man might, if he pleased, say for himself"), in the form of a monologue put into the mouth of the man him-

self, defending and explaining his career after his fall; and it is curious to think that it was originally written at almost the same time as Mrs. Browning's rhapsody, Napoleon III in Italy, in which the victor of Magenta and Solferino is hailed as "Emperor evermore." Browning's own view at the time when the poem was completed is expressed in a letter to Miss Blagden (Mrs. Orr's Life, p. 280): "I thought badly of him at the beginning of his career, et pour cause: better afterward, on the strength of the promises he made, and gave indications of intending to redeem. I think him very weak in the last miserable year. At his worst I prefer him to Thiers' best."

The poem had a considerable success on publication, 1400 copies being sold in the first five days. The subject was opportune, and there was natural curiosity to see what Browning would make of it. It cannot be said to rank high among his works, and much of it is somewhat unattractive; but much is redeemed by the splendid passage, beginning at 1. 834, which describes the golden moment when the Emperor's aspirations "took wings, soared sunward," and decreed the emancipation of Italy; while some will cherish the incisive, though not exhaustive, criticism of universal suffrage in 11. 932–935.

Lines 2135-2143 were not in the original form of the poem, but were added in the edition of 1889 to correct the lapse of memory of which the author had been guilty.

FIFINE AT THE FAIR

In 1871 Browning's facility of composition had entirely recovered from the strain of The Ring and the Book. Prince Hohenstiel-Schwangau followed hot-foot on Balaustion's Adventure; yet it had hardly issued from the press when Browning was able to tell Miss Blagden that he had "all but finished another poem of quite another kind, which shall amuse you in the spring, I hope" (Mrs. Orr's Life, p. 280). This was Fifine at the Fair, which duly appeared in the spring of 1872. Like James Lee's Wife and Gold Hair before it, and like Red Cotton Night-Cap Country and The Two Poets of Croisic after it, Fifine was the product of the summer holidays which Browning spent in northern France nearly every year from 1862 to 1874. The gipsy who gave him the first idea of the poem was seen, if 1. 10 is to be trusted, at the annual fair at Pornic, where he stayed in 1863-1865 (cf. Hall Griffin and Minchin, Life, p. 233). If so, the idea was left to mature in his mind for some seven years before it took shape in verse.

Shortly before the publication of the poem, Browning told Domett (just returned from New Zealand after thirty years' absence) that it was "the most metaphysical and boldest he had written since Sordello, and he was very doubtful as to its reception by the public." He was right

both in his description and his doubt. Fifine is one of the most difficult of Browning's poems, and it is also one of those which is most likely to offend the unsympathetic. No one, of course, should (and probably very few ever did) suppose that it contained any autobiographical element, or in any way represented Browning's personal opinions. It is as purely dramatic as anything he ever wrote. But it is an intricate piece of special pleading, similar in general character to Bishop Blougram's Apology, to Sludge the Medium, to Prince Hohenstiel-Schwangau, in being a study of a character with which the poet has no personal sympathy, though it interests him to see what sort of a case they can make out for themselves. the argumentation is even more casuistical than in those poems, and the issue to which it all relates has not the dignity which attaches to the problems with which Blougram and Prince Hohenstiel-Schwangau, and even Sludge, are concerned. Perhaps it is the very ingenuity of the special pleading which gives the poem its chief charm, though there are also fine and memorable passages which have beauty and truth in addition to their ingenuity.

The public, however, could not be expected to appreciate at once a poem which made so great a demand on their patience and intellectual attention; and *Fifine*, following upon *Hohenstiel*, did much to confirm the reputation for perversity and excessive difficulty which Browning had

originally earned through Sordello, and which The Ring and the Book and Balaustion had done something to dispel. It is one of Browning's most "esoteric" poems; but to the inner circle of admirers it has an attractiveness which wins it preference over several more easily intelligible works, including those which immediately preceded and followed it.

RED COTTON NIGHT-CAP COUNTRY

Like The Ring and the Book, Red Cotton Night-Cap Country is a transcript, and a very exact and faithful transcript, of an actual tragedy in real life. Browning became acquainted with the facts during his residence at St. Aubin, in Normandy, in the summers of 1870 and 1872. St. Aubin was then the home of his intimate friend,—perhaps the dearest to him of all his male friends-Milsand, and it was from him that he first heard the story of Mellerio, the Paris jeweller. The final tragedy recorded in the poem had occurred only just before. The facts and original names are fully set forth in Mrs. Orr's Handbook. The genesis of the poem was thus described by Browning in a letter to Mr. J. T. Nettleship, May 16, 1889 (Wise, Letters of R. Browning, 2nd series, ii. 77):

"I heard, first of all, the merest sketch of the story on the spot. Milsand told me that the owner of the house had destroyed himself from

remorse at having behaved unfilially to his mother. In a subsequent visit (I paid one every year while Milsand lived there) he told me some other particulars, and they at once struck me as likely to have been occasioned by religious considerations as well as passionate woman-love, and I concluded there was no intention of committing suicide; and I said at once that I would myself treat the subject just so. Afterward he procured me the legal documents. I collected the accounts current among the people of the neighbourhood, inspected the house and grounds, and convinced myself that I had guessed rightly enough in every respect. Indeed the facts are so exactly put down, that, in order to avoid the possibility of prosecution for libel—that is, telling the exact truth—I changed all the names of persons and places, as they stood in the original 'proofs,' and gave them as they are to be found in Mrs. Orr's Handbook."

When once the raw material had been collected and absorbed, the process of composition was extremely rapid. The whole poem was written in seven weeks, and printed off from the first draft; and in May, 1873, it was published. The title was due to Miss Thackeray (now Lady Ritchie), who was in the neighbourhood during part of Browning's visit in 1872, and to whom the poem is dedicated. She was struck by the universality of the white headgear of the Norman peasants, and declared that it ought to be called "White Cotton Night-Cap Country." Browning took up the idea, but characteristically inverted vol. VII xy

it, and devoted some hundreds of lines at the beginning of his poem to justifying the paradox.

The success of The Ring and the Book probably encouraged Browning to take the story of a tragedy as the subject of a long poem; but it cannot be said that the result was satisfactory. The rapidity of composition may have been in part the cause; but the intrinsic ugliness of the story is mainly to blame. It is a somewhat vulgar tragedy in real life, undignified by any grandeur of scale, and unrelieved by any beauty in the characters. There is no Pompilia, no Caponsacchi, no Pope to redeem it, and to touch the sordid reality with poetry. It is merely a study of an abnormal and somewhat repulsive case of mental aberration; and its appeal is the less effective because Browning has here abandoned the dramatic for the narrative style. Red Cotton Night-Cap Country was his first long narrative poem since Sordello; and the two rank together as among the least satisfactory of his works.

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PORTRAIT

ROBERT BROWNING (AGED 69)

From the painting by R. Barrett Browning (1881), hitherto unpublished, in the possession of Mrs. George M. Smith.

FRONTISPIECE

INCLUDING

A TRANSCRIPT FROM EURIPIDES

VOL. VII

TO THE COUNTESS COWPER

If I mention the simple truth: that this poem absolutely owes its existence to you,—who not only suggested, but imposed on me as a task, what has proved the most delightful of May-month amusements—I shall seem honest, indeed, but hardly prudent; for, how good and beautiful ought such a poem to be!

Euripides might fear little; but I, also, have an interest in the performance; and what wonder if I beg you to suffer that it make, in another and far easier sense, its nearest possible approach to those Greek qualities of goodness and beauty, by laying itself gratefully at your feet?

R.B.

LONDON: July 23, 1871.

OUR EURIPIDES, THE HUMAN,
WITH HIS DROPPINGS OF WARM TEARS,
AND HIS TOUCHES OF THINGS COMMON
TILL THEY ROSE TO TOUCH THE SPHERES.

1871

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About that strangest, saddest, sweetest song I, when a girl, heard in Kameiros once, And, after, saved my life by? Oh, so glad To tell you the adventure!

Petalé, Phullis, Charopé, Chrusion! You must know, This "after" fell in that unhappy time When poor reluctant Nikias, pushed by fate, Went falteringly against Syracuse; And there shamed Athens, lost her ships and men, And gained a grave, or death without a grave. 10 I was at Rhodes—the isle, not Rhodes the town, Mine was Kameiros—when the news arrived: Our people rose in tumult, cried "No more Duty to Athens, let us join the League And side with Sparta, share the spoil,—at worst, 15 Abjure a headship that will ruin Greece!" And so, they sent to Knidos for a fleet To come and help revolters. Ere help came,— Girl as I was, and never out of Rhodes The whole of my first fourteen years of life, But nourished with Ilissian mother's-milk,-I passionately cried to who would hear And those who loved me at Kameiros-"No! Never throw Athens off for Sparta's sake-Never disloyal to the life and light

Of the whole world worth calling world at all! Rather go die at Athens, lie outstretched For feet to trample on, before the gate Of Diomedes or the Hippadai, Before the temples and among the tombs, Than tolerate the grim felicity Of harsh Lakonia! Ours the fasts and feasts, Choës and Chutroi; ours the sacred grove, Agora, Dikasteria, Poikilé, Pnux. Keramikos: Salamis in sight, Psuttalia, Marathon itself, not far! Ours the great Dionusiac theatre, And tragic triad of immortal fames, Aischulos, Sophokles, Euripides! To Athens, all of us that have a soul, Follow me!" And I wrought so with my prayer, That certain of my kinsfolk crossed the strait And found a ship at Kaunos; well-disposed Because the Captain—where did he draw breath First but within Psuttalia? Thither fled A few like-minded as ourselves. We turned The glad prow westward, soon were out at sea, Pushing, brave ship with the vermilion cheek, Proud for our heart's true harbour. Lay ambushed by Point Malea of bad fame, And leapt out, bent us from our course. Next day Broke stormless, so broke next blue day and next. "But whither bound in this white waste?" we plagued

The pilot's old experience: "Cos or Crete?"
Because he promised us the land ahead.
While we strained eyes to share in what he saw,
The Captain's shout startled us; round we rushed:
What hung behind us but a pirate-ship
Panting for the good prize! "Row! harder row!
Row for dear life!" the Captain cried: "'t is Crete,

Friendly Crete looming large there! Beat this craft

That 's but a keles, one-benched pirate-bark, Lokrian, or that bad breed off Thessaly! Only, so cruel are such water-thieves, No man of you, no woman, child, or slave, 65 But falls their prey, once let them board our boat!" So, furiously our oarsmen rowed and rowed: And when the oars flagged somewhat, dashanddip, As we approached the coast and safety, so That we could hear behind us plain the threats 70 And curses of the pirate panting up In one more throe and passion of pursuit,— Seeing our oars flag in the rise and fall, I sprang upon the altar by the mast And sang aloft,—some genius prompting me,— That song of ours which saved at Salamis: "O sons of Greeks, go, set your country free, Free your wives, free your children, free the fanes O' the Gods, your fathers founded,—sepulchres They sleep in! Or save all, or all be lost!" 80 Then, in a frenzy, so the noble oars Churned the black water white, that well away We drew, soon saw land rise, saw hills grow up, Saw spread itself a sea-wide town with towers, Not fifty stadia distant; and, betwixt 85 A large bay and a small, the islet-bar, Even Ortugia's self-oh, luckless we! For here was Sicily and Syracuse: We ran upon the lion from the wolf. Ere we drew breath, took counsel, out there came 90 "Who asks entry here A galley, hailed us. In war-time? Are you Sparta's friend or foe?" "Kaunians"—our Captain judged his best reply, "The mainland-seaport that belongs to Rhodes; Rhodes that casts in her lot now with the League, 95

Forsaking Athens,—you have heard belike!"	
"Ay, but we heard all Athens in one ode	
Just now! we heard her in that Aischulos!	
You bring a boatful of Athenians here,	
Kaunians although you be: and prudence bids,	100
For Kaunos' sake, why, carry them unhurt	100
To Kaunos, if you will: for Athens' sake,	
Back must you, though ten pirates blocked the bay!	
We want no colony from Athens here,	
With memories of Salamis, forsooth,	TOF
To spirit up our captives, that pale crowd	105
I' the quarry, whom the daily pint of corn	
Keeps in good order and submissiveness."	
Then the grey Captain prayed them by the Gods,	
And by their own knees, and their fathers' beards,	
They should not wickedly thrust suppliants back,	110
But save the innocent on traffic bound—	
Or, may be, some Athenian family	
Perishing of desire to die at home,—	
From that vile foe still lying on its oars,	_
Waiting the issue in the distance. Vain!	115
Words to the wind! And we were just about	
To turn and face the foe, as some tired bird	
Barbarians pelt at, drive with shouts away	
From shelter in what rocks, however rude,	
She makes for, to escape the kindled eye,	120
Split beak, crook'd claw o' the creature, cormorant	
Or ossifrage, that, hardly baffled, hangs	
Afloat i' the foam, to take her if she turn.	
So were we at destruction's very edge,	
When those o' the galley, as they had discussed	125
A point, a question raised by somebody,	
A matter mooted in a moment,—"Wait!"	
Cried they (and wait we did, you may be sure).	
"That song was veritable Aischulos,	
Familiar to the mouth of man and boy,	130
That are boy,	

Old glory: how about Euripides?
The newer and not yet so famous bard,
He that was born upon the battle-day
While that song and the salpinx sounded him
Into the world, first sound, at Salamis—
Might you know any of his verses too?"

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Now, some one of the Gods inspired this speech:
Since ourselves knew what happened but last year—
How, when Gulippos gained his victory
Over poor Nikias, poor Demosthenes,
And Syracuse condemned the conquered force
To dig and starve i' the quarry, branded them—
Freeborn Athenians, brute-like in the front
With horse-head brands,—ah, "Region of the
Steed"!—
Of all these man impersed in misery

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Of all these men immersed in misery, It was found none had been advantaged so By aught in the past life he used to prize And pride himself concerning,—no rich man By riches, no wise man by wisdom, no Wiser man still (as who loved more the Muse) By storing, at brain's edge and tip of tongue, Old glory, great plays that had long ago Made themselves wings to fly about the world,— Not one such man was helped so at his need As certain few that (wisest they of all) Had, at first summons, oped heart, flung door wide At the new knocking of Euripides, Nor drawn the bolt with who cried "Decadence! And, after Sophokles, be nature dumb!" Such,—and I see in it God Bacchos' boon To souls that recognized his latest child, He who himself, born latest of the Gods, Was stoutly held impostor by mankind,— Such were in safety: any who could speak

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A chorus to the end, or prologize, Roll out a rhesis, wield some golden length Stiffened by wisdom out into a line. Or thrust and parry in bright monostich. Teaching Euripides to Syracuse— Any such happy man had prompt reward: If he lay bleeding on the battle-field They staunched his wounds and gave him drink and food:

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If he were slave i' the house, for reverence They rose up, bowed to who proved master now, 1 And bade him go free, thank Euripides! Av. and such did so: many such, he said, Returning home to Athens, sought him out. The old bard in the solitary house, And thanked him ere they went to sacrifice. I say, we knew that story of last year!

Therefore, at mention of Euripides, The Captain crowed out "Euoi, praise the God! Oop, boys, bring our owl-shield to the fore! Out with our Sacred Anchor! Here she stands, 18 Balaustion! Strangers, greet the lyric girl! Euripides? Babai! what a word there 'scaped Your teeth's enclosure, quoth my grandsire's song! Why, fast as snow in Thrace, the voyage through, Has she been falling thick in flakes of him! Frequent as figs at Kaunos, Kaunians said. Balaustion, stand forth and confirm my speech! Now it was some whole passion of a play; Now, peradventure, but a honey-drop That slipt its comb i' the chorus. If there rose A star, before I could determine steer Southward or northward—if a cloud surprised Heaven, ere I fairly hollaed 'Furl the sail!—' She had at fingers' end both cloud and star:

Some thought that perched there, tame and the able,

Fitted with wings; and still, as off it flew, 'So sang Euripides,' she said, 'so sang The meteoric poet of air and sea. Planets and the pale populace of heaven. The mind of man, and all that 's made to soar!' And so, although she has some other name, We only call her Wild-pomegranate-flower, Balaustion: since, where'er the red bloom burns I' the dull dark verdure of the bounteous tree. Dethroning, in the Rosy Isle, the rose, 210 You shall find food, drink, odour, all at once; Cool leaves to bind about an aching brow. And, never much away, the nightingale. Sing them a strophe, with the turn-again, Down to the verse that ends all, proverb-like, 215 And save us, thou Balaustion, bless the name!"

But I cried "Brother Greek! better than so,— Save us, and I have courage to recite The main of a whole play from first to last; That strangest, saddest, sweetest song of his, Alkestis; which was taught, long years ago At Athens, in Glaukinos' archonship, But only this year reached our Isle o' the Rose. I saw it, at Kameiros, played the same, They say, as for the right Lenean feast In Athens; and beside the perfect piece— Its beauty and the way it makes you weep,— There is much honour done your own loved

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Herakles, whom you house i' the city here Nobly, the Temple wide Greece talks about! I come a suppliant to your Herakles! Take me and put me on his temple-steps

To tell you his achievement as I may, And, that told, he shall bid you set us free!"

Then, because Greeks are Greeks, and hearts are hearts, And poetry is power,—they all outbroke In a great joyous laughter with much love: "Thank Herakles for the good holiday! Make for the harbour! Row, and let voice ring,	235
'In we row, bringing more Euripides!'" All the crowd, as they lined the harbour now, "More of Euripides!"—took up the cry. We landed; the whole city, soon astir, Came rushing out of gates in common joy.	240
O' the topmost step: and plain I told the play, Just as I saw it; what the actors said, And what I saw, or thought I saw the while, At our Kameiros theatre, clean-scooped	245
And sea before our seats in marble row: Told it, and, two days more, repeated it, Until they sent us on our way again With good words and great wishes.	250
I left it on the tripod in the fane, —For had not Herakles a second time Wrestled with Death and saved deveted and a	255
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But one—one man—one youth,—three days, each day,— 265 (If. ere I lifted up my voice to speak, I gave a downward glance by accident) Was found at foot o' the temple. When we sailed, There, in the ship too, was he found as well, Having a hunger to see Athens too. 270 We reached Peiraieus; when I landed—lo, He was beside me. Anthesterion-month Is just commencing: when its moon rounds full, We are to marry. O Euripides! I saw the master: when we found ourselves 275 (Because the young man needs must follow me) Firm on Peiraieus. I demanded first Whither to go and find him. Would you think? The story how he saved us made some smile: They wondered strangers were exorbitant 280 In estimation of Euripides. He was not Aischulos nor Sophokles: -"Then, of our younger bards who boast the bay, Had I sought Agathon, or Iophon. Or, what now had it been Kephisophon? 285 A man that never kept good company, The most unsociable of poet-kind, All beard that was not freckle in his face!" I soon was at the tragic house, and saw The master, held the sacred hand of him 290 And laid it to my lips. Men love him not: How should they? Nor do they much love his friend Sokrates: but those two have fellowship: Sokrates often comes to hear him read,

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And never misses if he teach a piece.

Both, being old, will soon have company,

Sit with their peers above the talk. Meantime, He lives as should a statue in its niche; Cold walls enclose him, mostly darkness there, Alone, unless some foreigner uncouth Breaks in, sits, stares an hour, and so departs, Brain-stuffed with something to sustain his life, Dry to the marrow mid much merchandise. How should such know and love the man?

Why, mark!

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Even when I told the play and got the praise,
There spoke up a brisk little somebody,
Critic and whippersnapper, in a rage
To set things right: "The girl departs from truth!
Pretends she saw what was not to be seen,
Making the mask of the actor move, forsooth!
Then a fear flitted o'er the wife's white face,"—
Then frowned the father,"—'then the husband shook,"—

'Then from the festal forehead slipt each spray, 'And the heroic mouth's gay grace was gone';— As she had seen each naked fleshly face, And not the merely-painted mask it wore!" Well, is the explanation difficult? What 's poetry except a power that makes? And, speaking to one sense, inspires the rest, Pressing them all into its service; so That who sees painting, seems to hear as well The speech that 's proper for the painted mouth; And who hears music, feels his solitude Peopled at once—for how count heart-beats plain Unless a company, with hearts which beat, Come close to the musician, seen or no? And who receives true verse at eye or ear, Takes in (with verse) time, place, and person too, So, links each sense on to its sister-sense, Grace-like: and what if but one sense of three

Front you at once? The sidelong pair conceive Thro' faintest touch of finest finger-tips,— Hear, see and feel, in faith's simplicity, Alike, what one was sole recipient of: Who hears the poem, therefore, sees the play.

335

Enough and too much! Hear the play itself! Under the grape-vines, by the streamlet-side, Close to Baccheion; till the cool increase, And other stars steal on the evening-star, And so, we homeward flock i' the dusk, we five! You will expect, no one of all the words O' the play but is grown part now of my soul, Since the adventure. 'T is the poet speaks: But if I, too, should try and speak at times, Leading your love to where my love, perchance, Climbed earlier, found a nest before you knew— Why, bear with the poor climber, for love's sake! Look at Baccheion's beauty opposite, The temple with the pillars at the porch! See you not something beside masonry? 350 What if my words wind in and out the stone As yonder ivy, the God's parasite? Though they leap all the way the pillar leads, Festoon about the marble, foot to frieze, And serpentiningly enrich the roof, Toy with some few bees and a bird or two,— What then? The column holds the cornice up.

355

There slept a silent palace in the sun, With plains adjacent and Thessalian peace— Pherai, where King Admetos ruled the land.

360

Out from the portico there gleamed a God, Apollon: for the bow was in his hand, The quiver at his shoulder, all his shape

One dreadful beauty. And he hailed the house As if he knew it well and loved it much: "O Admeteian domes, where I endured, Even the God I am, to drudge awhile,	365
Do righteous penance for a reckless deed, Accepting the slaves' table thankfully!" Then told how Zeus had been the cause of all, Raising the wrath in him which took revenge And slew those forgers of the thunderbolt Wherewith Zeus blazed the life from out the breast	370 t
Of Phoibos' son Asklepios (I surmise, Because he brought the dead to life again) And so, for punishment, must needs go slave, God as he was, with a mere mortal lord: —Told how he came to King Admetos' land,	375
And played the ministrant, was herdsman there, Warding all harm away from him and his Till now; "For, holy as I am," said he, "The lord I chanced upon was holy too:	380
Whence I deceived the Moirai, drew from death My master, this same son of Pheres,—ay, The Goddesses conceded him escape From Hades, when the fated day should fall, Could he exchange lives, find some friendly one Ready, for his sake, to content the grave.	3 85
But trying all in turn, the friendly list, Why, he found no one, none who loved so much, Nor father, nor the aged mother's self That bore him, no, not any save his wife, Willing to die instead of him and watch	390
Never a sunrise nor a sunset more: And she is even now within the house, Upborne by pitying hands, the feeble frame Gasping its last of life out; since to-day Destiny is accomplished, and she dies.	395
And I, lest here pollution light on me,	

Leave, as ye witness, all my wonted joy
In this dear dwelling. Ay,—for here comes Death
Close on us of a sudden! who, pale priest
Of the mute people, means to bear his prey
To the house of Hades. The symmetric step!
How he treads true to time and place and thing,
Dogging day, hour and minute, for death'sdue!"

And we observed another Deity,
Half in, half out the portal,—watch and ward,—
Eyeing his fellow: formidably fixed,
Yet faltering too at who affronted him,
As somehow disadvantaged, should they strive.
Like some dread heapy blackness, ruffled wing,
Convulsed and cowering head that is all eye,
Which proves a ruined eagle who, too blind
Swooping in quest o' the quarry, fawn or kid,
Descried deep down the chasm 'twixt rock and rock,

Has wedged and mortised, into either wall
O' the mountain, the pent earthquake of his power;
So lies, half hurtless yet still terrible,
Just when—who stalks up, who stands front to
front.

420

425

But the great lion-guarder of the gorge,
Lord of the ground, a stationed glory there?
Yet he too pauses ere he try the worst
O' the frightful unfamiliar nature, new
To the chasm, indeed, but elsewhere known enough,

Among the shadows and the silences
Above i' the sky: so each antagonist
Silently faced his fellow and forbore.
Till Death shrilled, hard and quick, in spite and
fear:

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"Ha ha, and what mayst thou do at the domes, Why hauntest here, thou Phoibos? Here again At the old injustice, limiting our rights, Baulking of honour due us Gods o' the grave?	430
Was 't not enough for thee to have delayed Death from Admetos,—with thy crafty art Cheating the very Fates,—but thou must arm The bow-hand and take station, press 'twixt me And Pelias' daughter, who then saved her spouse,— Did just that, now thou comest to undo,— Taking his place to die, Alkestis here?''	435
-	440
But the God sighed "Have courage! All my arms,	
This time, are simple justice and fair words."	
Then each plied each with rapid interchange:	
"What need of bow, were justice arms enough?"	
"Ever it is my wont to bear the bow."	445
"Ay, and with bow, not justice, help this house!"	
"I help it, since a friend's woe weighs me too."	
"And now,—wilt force from me this second corpse?"	
"By force I took no corpse at first from thee."	
"How then is he above ground, not beneath?"	450
"He gave his wife instead of him, thy prey."	

- "And prey, this time at least, I bear below!"
- "Go take her!-for I doubt persuading thee . . . "
- "To kill the doomed one? What my function else?"
- "No! Rather, to despatch the true mature."
- 455
- "Truly I take thy meaning, see thy drift!"
- "Is there a way then she may reach old age?"
- "No way! I glad me in my honours too!"
- "But, young or old, thou tak'st one life, no more!"
- "Younger they die, greater my praise redounds!" 460
- "If she die old,—the sumptuous funeral!"
- "Thou layest down a law the rich would like."
- "How so? Did wit lurk there and 'scape thy sense?"
- "Who could buy substitutes would die old men."
- "It seems thou wilt not grant me, then, this grace?"
- "This grace I will not grant: thou know'st my ways."
- "Ways harsh to men, hateful to Gods, at least!"

"All things thou canst not have: my rights for me!"

And then Apollon prophesied,—I think, More to himself than to impatient Death, Who did not hear or would not heed the while.-For he went on to say "Yet even so, Cruel above the measure, thou shalt clutch No life here! Such a man do I perceive Advancing to the house of Pheres now, 475 Sent by Eurustheus to bring out of Thrace, The winter world, a chariot with its steeds! He indeed, when Admetos proves the host, And he the guest, at the house here,—he it is Shall bring to bear such force, and from thy hands 480 Rescue this woman. Grace no whit to me Will that prove, since thou dost thy deed the same. And earnest too my hate, and all for nought!"

But how should Death or stay or understand? Doubtless, he only felt the hour was come, 485 And the sword free; for he but flung some taunt-"Having talked much, thou wilt not gain the more!

This woman, then, descends to Hades' hall Now that I rush on her, begin the rites O' the sword; for sacred, to us Gods below, 490 That head whose hair this sword shall sanctify!'

And, in the fire-flash of the appalling sword, The uprush and the outburst, the onslaught Of Death's portentous passage through the door, Apollon stood a pitying moment-space: I caught one last gold gaze upon the night Nearing the world now: and the God was gone,

And mortals left to deal with misery,
As in came stealing slow, now this, now that
Old sojourner throughout the country-side,
Servants grown friends to those unhappy here:
And, cloudlike in their increase, all these griefs
Broke and began the over-brimming wail,
Out of a common impulse, word by word.

500

"What now may mean the silence at the door? 505 Why is Admetos' mansion stricken dumb? Not one friend near, to say if we should mourn Our mistress dead, or if Alkestis lives And sees the light still, Pelias' child—to me, To all, conspicuously the best of wives 510 That ever was toward husband in this world! Hears anyone or wail beneath the roof, Or hands that strike each other, or the groan Announcing all is done and nought to dread? Still not a servant stationed at the gates! 515 O Paian, that thou wouldst dispart the wave O' the woe, be present! Yet, had woe o'erwhelmed The housemates, they were hardly silent thus: It cannot be, the dead is forth and gone. Whence comesthy gleam of hope? I dare nothope: 520 What is the circumstance that heartens thee? How could Admetos have dismissed a wife So worthy, unescorted to the grave? Before the gates I see no hallowed vase Of fountain-water, such as suits death's door; 525 Nor any clipt locks strew the vestibule, Though surely these drop when we grieve the dead, Nor hand sounds smitten against youthful hand, The women's way. And yet—the appointed time— How speak the word?—this day is even the day Ordained her for departing from its light. O touch calamitous to heart and soul!

Needs must one, when the good are tortured so, Sorrow,—one reckoned faithful from the first."

Then their souls rose together, and one sigh 535 Went up in cadence from the common mouth: How "Vainly-anywhither in the world Directing or land-labour or sea-search— To Lukia or the sand-waste, Ammon's seat-Might vou set free their hapless lady's soul 540 From the abrupt Fate's footstep instant now. Not a sheep-sacrificer at the hearths Of Gods had they to go to: one there was Who, if his eyes saw light still, -Phoibos' son, -Had wrought so she might leave the shadowy place 545 And Hades' portal; for he propped up Death's Subdued ones till the Zeus-flung thunder-flame Struck him; and now what hope of life were hailed With open arms? For, all the king could do Is done already, -not one God whereof 550 The altar fails to reek with sacrifice: And for assuagement of these evils—nought!"

But here they broke off, for a matron moved Forth from the house: and, as her tears flowed fast, They gathered round. "What fortune shall we hear?

For mourning thus, if aught affect thy lord, We pardon thee: but lives the lady yet Or has she perished?—that we fain would know!"

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"Call her dead, call her living, each style serves,"
The matron said: "though grave-ward bowed,
she breathed;
Nor knew her husband what the misery meant

Before he felt it: hope of life was none: The appointed day pressed hard; the funeral pomp

He had prepared too."

When the friends broke out: "Let her in dying know herself at least 565 Sole wife, of all the wives 'neath the sun wide, For glory and for goodness!"—"Ah, how else Than best? who controverts the claim?" quoth she: "What kind of creature should the woman prove That has surpassed Alkestis?—surelier shown 570 Preference for her husband to herself Than by determining to die for him? But so much all our city knows indeed: Hear what she did indoors and wonder then! For, when she felt the crowning day was come, 575 She washed with river-waters her white skin, And, taking from the cedar closets forth Vesture and ornament, bedecked herself Nobly, and stood before the hearth, and prayed: 'Mistress, because I now depart the world, 580 Falling before thee the last time, I ask— Be mother to my orphans! wed the one To a kind wife, and make the other's mate Some princely person: nor, as I who bore My children perish, suffer that they too 585 Die all untimely, but live, happy pair, Their full glad life out in the fatherland!' And every altar through Admetos' house She visited and crowned and prayed before, Stripping the myrtle-foliage from the boughs, 590 Without a tear, without a groan,—no change At all to that skin's nature, fair to see, Caused by the imminent evil. But this done— Reaching her chamber, falling on her bed, There, truly, burst she into tears and spoke: 595 'O bride-bed, where I loosened from my life Virginity for that same husband's sake Because of whom I die now—fare thee well!

Since nowise do I hate thee: me alone Hast thou destroyed; for, shrinking to betray 600 Thee and my spouse, I die: but thee, O bed, Some other woman shall possess as wife— Truer, no! but of better fortune, say!' -So falls on, kisses it till all the couch Is moistened with the eyes' sad overflow. 605 But, when of many tears she had her fill, She flings from off the couch, goes headlong forth, Yet,—forth the chamber,—still keeps turning back And casts her on the couch again once more. Her children, clinging to their mother's robe, біо Wept meanwhile: but she took them in her arms, And, as a dying woman might, embraced Now one and now the other: 'neath the roof, All of the household servants wept as well, Moved to compassion for their mistress; she 615 Extended her right hand to all and each, And there was no one of such low degree She spoke not to nor had an answer from. Such are the evils in Admetos' house. Dying,-why, he had died; but, living, gains 620 Such grief as this he never will forget!"

And when they questioned of Admetos, "Well—Holding his dear wife in his hands, he weeps; Entreats her not to give him up, and seeks
The impossible, in fine: for there she wastes
And withers by disease, abandoned now,
A mere dead weight upon her husband's arm.
Yet, none the less, although she breathe so faint,
Her will is to behold the beams o' the sun:
Since never more again, but this last once,
Shall she see sun, its circlet or its ray.
But I will go, announce your presence,—friends
Indeed; since 't is not all so love their lords

As seek them in misfortune, kind the same: But you are the old friends I recognise."

635

And at the word she turned again to go: The while they waited, taking up the plaint To Zeus again: "What passage from this strait? What loosing of the heavy fortune fast About the palace? Will such help appear, 640 Or must we clip the locks and cast around Each form already the black peplos' fold? Clearly the black robe, clearly! All the same, Pray to the Gods!—like Gods' no power so great! O thou king Paian, find some way to save! 645 Reveal it, yea, reveal it! Since of old Thou found'st a cure, why, now again become Releaser from the bonds of Death, we beg, And give the sanguinary Hades pause!" So the song dwindled into a mere moan, 650 How dear the wife, and what her husband's woe; When suddenly-

"Behold, behold!" breaks forth:

"Here is she coming from the house indeed!
Her husband comes, too! Cry aloud, lament,
Pheraian land, this best of women, bound—
So is she withered by disease away—
For realms below and their infernal king!
Never will we affirm there 's more of joy
Than grief in marriage; making estimate
Both from old sorrows anciently observed,
And this misfortune of the king we see—
Admetos who, of bravest spouse bereaved,
Will live life's remnant out, no life at all!"

So wailed they, while a sad procession wound Slow from the innermost o' the palace, stopped At the extreme verge of the platform-front:

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There opened, and disclosed Alkestis' self, The consecrated lady, borne to look Her last—and let the living look their last— She at the sun, we at Alkestis.

We!

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For would you note a memorable thing?
We grew to see in that severe regard,—
Hear in that hard dry pressure to the point,
Word slow pursuing word in monotone,—
What Death meant when he called her consecrate

Henceforth to Hades. I believe, the sword— Its office was to cut the soul at once From life,—from something in this world which hides

Truth, and hides falsehood, and so lets us live Somehow. Suppose a rider furls a cloak About a horse's head; unfrightened, so, Between the menace of a flame, between Solicitation of the pasturage, Untempted equally, he goes his gait To journey's end: then pluck the pharos off! Show what delusions steadied him i' the straight O' the path, made grass seem fire and fire seem grass,

All through a little bandage o'er the eyes! As certainly with eyes unbandaged now Alkestis looked upon the action here, Self-immolation for Admetos' sake; Saw, with a new sense, all her death would do, And which of her survivors had the right, And which the less right, to survive thereby. For, you shall note, she uttered no one word Of love more to her husband, though he wept Plenteously, waxed importunate in prayer—Folly's old fashion when its seed bears fruit.

I think she judged that she had bought the ware O' the seller at its value,—nor praised him 700 Nor blamed herself, but, with indifferent eye, Saw him purse money up, prepare to leave The buyer with a solitary bale— True purple—but in place of all that coin, Had made a hundred others happy too, 705 If so willed fate or fortune! What remained To give away, should rather go to these Than one with coin to clink and contemplate. Admetos had his share and might depart, The rest was for her children and herself. 710 (Charopé makes a face: but wait awhile!) She saw things plain as Gods do: by one stroke O' the sword that rends the life-long veil away. (Also Euripides saw plain enough: But you and I, Charopé!—you and I 715 Will trust his sight until our own grow clear.) "Sun, and thou light of day, and heavenly dance O' the fleet cloud-figure!" (so her passion paused, While the awe-stricken husband made his moan, Muttered now this now that ineptitude: 720 "Sun that sees thee and me, a suffering pair, Who did the Gods no wrong whence thou shouldst die!") Then, as if caught up, carried in their course, Fleeting and free as cloud and sunbeam are, She missed no happiness that lay beneath: **72**5 "O thou wide earth, from these my palace roofs, To distant nuptial chambers once my own In that Iolkos of my ancestry!"— There the flight failed her. "Raise thee, wretched one! Give us not up! Pray pity from the Gods!" 730

Vainly Admetos: for "I see it—see The two-oared boat! The ferryer of the dead, Charon, hand hard upon the boatman's-pole, Calls me—even now calls—'Why delayest thou? Quick! Thou obstructest all made ready here For prompt departure: quick, then!'"	735
"Woe is me! A bitter voyage this to undergo, Even i' the telling! Adverse Powers above, How do ye plague us!"	
Then a shiver ran: "He has me—seest not?—hales me,—who is it?— To the hall o' the Dead—ah, who but Hades' self, He, with the wings there, glares at me, one gaze	740
All that blue brilliance, under the eyebrow! What wilt thou do? Unhand me! Such a way I have to traverse, all unhappy one!"	745
"Way—piteous to thy friends, but, most of all, Me and thy children: ours assuredly A common partnership in grief like this!"	
Whereat they closed about her; but "Let be! Leave, let me lie now! Strength forsakes my feet. Hades is here, and shadowy on my eyes	7 50
Comes the night creeping. Children—children, now Indeed, a mother is no more for you! Farewell, O children, long enjoy the light!"	
"Ah me, the melancholy word I hear, Oppressive beyond every kind of death! No, by the Deities, take heart nor dare To give me up—no, by our children too Made orphans of! But rise, be resolute	7 55

Since, thou departed, I no more remain! For in thee are we bound up, to exist Or cease to be—so we adore thy love!"	76 0
-Which brought out truth to judgment. At this word	
And protestation, all the truth in her Claimed to assert itself: she waved away The blue-eyed black-wing'd phantom, held in check	76 5
The advancing pageantry of Hades there, And, with no change in her own countenance, She fixed her eyes on the protesting man, And let her lips unlock their sentence,—so!	770
"Admetos,—how things go with me thou seest,— I wish to tell thee, ere I die, what things I will should follow. I—to honour thee, Secure for thee, by my own soul's exchange,	
Continued looking on the daylight here—Die for thee—yet, if so I pleased, might live, Nay, wed what man of Thessaly I would, And dwell i' the dome with pomp and queenliness. I would not,—would not live bereft of thee,	77 5
With children orphaned, neither shrank at all, Though having gifts of youth wherein I joyed. Yet, who begot thee and who gave thee birth, Both of these gave thee up; no less, a term Of life was reached when death became them	780
well, Ay, well—to save their child and glorious die: Since thou wast all they had, nor hope remained Of having other children in thy place.	785

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So, I and thou had lived out our full time, Nor thou, left lonely of thy wife, wouldst groan With children reared in orphanage: but thus

Some God disposed things, willed they so should	l
be. Be they so! Now do thou remember this,	
Do me in turn a favour—favour, since	
Certainly I shall never claim my due,	
For nothing is more precious than a life:	<i>7</i> 95
But a fit favour, as thyself wilt say,	
Loving our children here no less than I,	
If head and heart be sound in thee at least.	
Uphold them, make them masters of my house,	
Nor wed and give a step-dame to the pair,	800
Who, being a worse wife than I, thro' spite	
Will raise her hand against both thine and mine.	
Never do this at least, I pray to thee!	
For hostile the new-comer, the step-dame,	
To the old brood—a very viper she	805
For gentleness! Here stand they, boy and girl;	
The boy has got a father, a defence	
Tower-like, he speaks to and has answer from:	
But thou, my girl, how will thy virginhood	
Conclude itself in marriage fittingly?	810
Upon what sort of sire-found yoke-fellow	
Art thou to chance? with all to apprehend—	
Lest, casting on thee some unkind report,	
She blast thy nuptials in the bloom of youth.	
For neither shall thy mother watch thee wed,	815
Nor hearten thee in childbirth, standing by	
Just when a mother's presence helps the most!	
No, for I have to die: and this my ill	
Comes to me, nor to-morrow, no, nor yet	
The third day of the month, but now, even now,	820
I shall be reckoned among those no more.	
Farewell, be happy! And to thee, indeed,	
Husband, the boast remains permissible	
Thou hadst a wife was worthy! and to you,	
Children; as good a mother gave you birth."	825

"Have courage!" interposed the friends, "For him

I have no scruple to declare—all this Will he perform, except he fail of sense."

"All this shall be—shall be!" Admetos sobbed: "Fear not! And, since I had thee living, dead Alone wilt thou be called my wife: no fear That some Thessalian ever styles herself Bride, hails this man for husband in thy place! No woman, be she of such lofty line Or such surpassing beauty otherwise! 835 Enough of children: gain from these I have, Such only may the Gods grant! since in thee Absolute is our loss, where all was gain. And I shall bear for thee no year-long grief, But grief that lasts while my own days last, love! 84c Love! For my hate is she who bore me, now: And him I hate, my father: loving-ones Truly, in word not deed! But thou didst pay All dearest to thee down, and buy my life, Saving me so! Is there not cause enough 841 That I who part with such companionship In thee, should make my moan? I moan, and more:

For I will end the feastings—social flow O'the wine friends flock for, garlands and the Muse That graced my dwelling. Never now for me To touch the lyre, to lift my soul in song At summons of the Lydian flute; since thou From out my life hast emptied all the joy! And this thy body, in thy likeness wrought By some wise hand of the artificers, Shall lie disposed within my marriage-bed: This I will fall on, this enfold about, Call by thy name,—my dear wife in my arms

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Even though I have not, I shall seem to have-A cold delight, indeed, but all the same So should I lighten of its weight my soul! And, wandering my way in dreams perchance, Thyself wilt bless me: for, come when they will, Even by night our loves are sweet to see. But were the tongue and tune of Orpheus mine, So that to Koré crying, or her lord, In hymns, from Hades I might rescue thee-Down would I go, and neither Plouton's dog Nor Charon, he whose oar sends souls across. Should stay me till again I made thee stand Living, within the light! But, failing this, There, where thou art, await me when I die, Make ready our abode, my house-mate still! For in the self-same cedar, me with thee Will I provide that these our friends shall place, My side lay close by thy side! Never, corpse Although I be, would I division bear From thee, my faithful one of all the world!"

So he stood sobbing: nowise insincere,
But somehow child-like, like his children, like
Childishness the world over. What was new
In this announcement that his wife must die?
What particle of pain beyond the pact
He made, with eyes wide open, long ago—
Made and was, if not glad, content to make?
Now that the sorrow, he had called for, came,
He sorrowed to the height: none heard him say,
However, what would seem so pertinent,
"To keep this pact, I find surpass my power:
Rescind it, Moirai! Give me back her life,
And take the life I kept by base exchange!
Or, failing that, here stands your laughing-stock
Fooled by you, worthy just the fate o' the fool

Who makes a pother to escape the best And gain the worst you wiser Powers allot!" 895 No, not one word of this: nor did his wife Despite the sobbing, and the silence soon To follow, judge so much was in his thought-Fancy that, should the Moirai acquiesce, He would relinquish life nor let her die. 900 The man was like some merchant who, in storm, Throws the freight over to redeem the ship: No question, saving both were better still. As it was,—why, he sorrowed, which sufficed. So. all she seemed to notice in his speech 905 Was what concerned her children. Children, too. Bear the grief and accept the sacrifice. Rightly rules nature: does the blossomed bough O' the grape-vine, or the dry grape's self, bleed wine? So, bending to her children all her love, 910 She fastened on their father's only word To purpose now, and followed it with this. "O children, now yourselves have heard these things-Your father saying he will never wed Another woman to be over you, 915 Nor yet dishonour me!"

"And now at least I say it, and I will accomplish too!"

"Then, for such promise of accomplishment, Take from my hand these children!"

Dear gift from the dear hand!"

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33

"Thus I take—
C

"Do thou become	920
Mother, now, to these children in my place!"	
"Great the necessity I should be so, At least, to these bereaved of thee!"	
"Child—child! Just when I needed most to live, below Am I departing from you both!"	
"Ah me! And what shall I do, then, left lonely thus?"	925
"Time will appease thee: who is dead is nought."	
"Take me with thee—take, by the Gods below!"	
"We are sufficient, we who die for thee."	
"Oh, Powers, ye widow me of what a wife!"	930
"And truly the dimmed eye draws earthward now!"	
"Wife, if thou leav'st me, I am lost indeed!"	
"She once was—now is nothing, thou mayst say."	
"Raise thy face nor forsake thy children thus!"	
"Ah, willingly indeed I leave them not! But—fare ye well, my children!"	935
Look!"	
"I am nothingness."	
"What dost thou? Leav'st"	

"Farewell!"

And in the breath she passed away. "Undone—me miserable!" moaned the king, While friends released the long-suspended sigh "Gone is she: no wife for Admetos more!"

940

Such was the signal: how the woe broke forth, Why tell?—or how the children's tears ran fast Bidding their father note the eyelids' stare, Hands' droop, each dreadful circumstance of death. 945

"Ay, she hears not, she sees not: I and you, 'T is plain, are stricken hard and have to bear!" Was all Admetos answered; for, I judge, He only now began to taste the truth: The thing done lay revealed, which undone thing, 950 Rehearsed for fact by fancy, at the best, Never can equal. He had used himself This long while (as he muttered presently) To practise with the terms, the blow involved By the bargain, sharp to bear, but bearable 955 Because of plain advantage at the end. Now that, in fact not fancy, the blow fell-Needs must he busy him with the surprise. "Alkestis—not to see her nor be seen, Hear nor be heard of by her, any more 960 To-day, to-morrow, to the end of time— Did I mean this should buy my life?" thought he.

So, friends came round him, took him by the hand, Bade him remember our mortality, Its due, its doom: how neither was he first, Nor would be last, to thus deplore the loved.

[&]quot;I understand" slow the words came at last.

[&]quot;Nor of a sudden did the evil here

Fly on me: I have known it long ago, Ay, and essayed myself in misery; 970 Nothing is new. You have to stay, you friends. Because the next need is to carry forth The corpse here: you must stay and do your part, Chant proper pæan to the God below; Drink-sacrifice he likes not. 975 That all Thessalians over whom I rule Hold grief in common with me; let them shear Their locks, and be the peplos black they show! And you who to the chariot yoke your steeds, Or manage steeds one-frontleted,—I charge, 980 Clip from each neck with steel the mane away! And through my city, nor of flute nor lyre Be there a sound till twelve full moons succeed. For I shall never bury any corpse Dearer than this to me, nor better friend: 985 One worthy of all honour from me, since Me she has died for, she and she alone."

With that, he sought the inmost of the house, He and his dead, to get grave's garniture, While the friends sang the pæan that should peal. "Daughter of Pelias, with farewell from me, I' the house of Hades have thy unsunned home! Let Hades know, the dark-haired deity,— And he who sits to row and steer alike, Old corpse-conductor, let him know he bears 995 Over the Acherontian lake, this time, I' the two-oared boat, the best-oh, best by far Of womankind! For thee, Alkestis Queen! Many a time those haunters of the Muse Shall sing thee to the seven-stringed mountain shell, 1000 And glorify in hymns that need no harp, At Sparta when the cycle comes about, And that Karneian month wherein the moon

Rises and never sets the whole night through:
So too at splendid and magnificent
Athenai. Such the spread of thy renown,
And such the lay that, dying, thou hast left
Singer and sayer. O that I availed
Of my own might to send thee once again
From Hades' hall, Kokutos' stream, by help
O' the oar that dips the river, back to day!"

1010

1005

So, the song sank to prattle in her praise: "Light, from above thee, lady, fall the earth, Thou only one of womankind to die, Wife for her husband! If Admetos take 1015 Anything to him like a second spouse— Hate from his offspring and from us shall be His portion, let the king assure himself! No mind his mother had to hide in earth Her body for her son's sake, nor his sire 1020 Had heart to save whom he begot,—not they, The white-haired wretches! only thou it was, I' the bloom of youth, didst save him and so die! Might it be mine to chance on such a mate And partner! For there's penury in life 1025 Of such allowance: were she mine at least, So wonderful a wife, assuredly She would companion me throughout my days And never once bring sorrow!"

A great voice—

"My hosts here!"

Oh, the thrill that ran through us! 1030
Never was aught so good and opportune
As that great interrupting voice! For see!
Here maundered this dispirited old age
Before the palace; whence a something crept
Which told us well enough without a word
What was a-doing inside,—every touch

O' the garland on those temples, tenderest Disposure of each arm along its side. Came putting out what warmth i'the world was left. Then, as it happens at a sacrifice 1040 When, drop by drop, some lustral bath is brimmed Into the thin and clear and cold, at once They slaughter a whole wine-skin: Bacchos' blood Sets the white water all a-flame; even so. Sudden into the midst of sorrow, leapt 1045 Along with the gay cheer of that great voice. Hope, joy, salvation: Herakles was here! Himself, o' the threshold, sent his voice on first To herald all that human and divine I' the weary happy face of him,—half God, 1050 Half man, which made the god-part God the more.

"Hosts mine," he broke upon the sorrow with, "Inhabitants of this Pheraian soil, Chance I upon Admetos inside here?"

The irresistible sound wholesome heart 1055 O' the hero,—more than all the mightiness At labour in the limbs that, for man's sake, Laboured and meant to labour their life long,— This drove back, dried up sorrow at its source. How could it brave the happy weary laugh 1060 Of who had bantered sorrow "Sorrow here? What have you done to keep your friend from harm? Could no one give the life I see he keeps? Or, say there 's sorrow here past friendly help, Why waste a word or let a tear escape 1065 While other sorrows wait you in the world, And want the life of you, though helpless here?" Clearly there was no telling such an one How, when their monarch tried who loved him more

Than he loved them, and found they loved, as he, 1070 Each man, himself, and held, no otherwise, That, of all evils in the world, the worst Was—being forced to die, whate'er death gain: How all this selfishness in him and them Caused certain sorrow which they sang about,— 1075 I think that Herakles, who held his life Out on his hand, for any man to take— I think his laugh had marred their threnody.

"He is in the house" they answered. After all,
They might have told the story, talked their best
About the inevitable sorrow here,
Nor changed nor checked the kindly nature,—no!
So long as men were merely weak, not bad,
He loved men: were they Gods he used to help?
"Yea, Pheres' son is in-doors, Herakles.

But say, what sends thee to Thessalian soil,
Brought by what business to this Pherai town?"

"A certain labour that I have to do Eurustheus the Tirunthian," laughed the God.

"And whither wendest—on what wandering
Bound now?" (they had an instinct, guessed what
meant
Wanderings, labours, in the God's light mouth.)

"After the Thrakian Diomedes' car With the four horses."

"Ah, but canst thou that?
Art inexperienced in thy host to be?"

1095

"All-inexperienced: I have never gone As yet to the land o' the Bistones."

"Then, look

By no means to be master of the steeds Without a battle!"

"Battle there may be: I must refuse no labour, all the same."

1100

"Certainly, either having slain a foe Wilt thou return to us, or, slain thyself, Stay there!"

"And, even if the game be so, The risk in it were not the first I run."

- "But, say thou overpower the lord o' the place, what more advantage dost expect thereby?"
- "I shall drive off his horses to the king."
- "No easy handling them to bit the jaw!"
- "Easy enough; except, at least, they breathe Fire from their nostrils!"

"But they mince up men III0 With those quick jaws!"

"You talk of provender For mountain-beasts, and not mere horses' food!"

- "Thou mayst behold their mangers caked with gore!"
- "And of what sire does he who bred them boast Himself the son?"
- "Of Ares, king o' the targe— 1115 Thrakian, of gold throughout."
- Another laugh. "Why, just the labour, just the lot for me Dost thou describe in what I recognize!

Since hard and harder, high and higher yet,
Truly this lot of mine is like to go

If I must needs join battle with the brood
Of Ares: ay, I fought Lukaon first,
And again, Kuknos: now engage in strife
This third time, with such horses and such lord.
But there is nobody shall ever see

Alkmené's son shrink foemen's hand before!"

"Or ever hear him say" (the Chorus thought)
"That death is terrible; and help us so
To chime in—'terrible beyond a doubt,
And, if to thee, why, to ourselves much more:
Know what has happened, then, and sympathize'!"
Therefore they gladly stopped the dialogue,
Shifted the burthen to new shoulder straight,
As, "Look where comes the lord o' the land, himself,
Admetos, from the palace!" they outbroke
In some surprise, as well as much relief.
What had induced the king to waive his right
And luxury of woe in loneliness?

Out he came quietly; the hair was clipt,
And the garb sable; else no outward sign
Of sorrow as he came and faced his friend.
Was truth fast terrifying tears away?
"Hail, child of Zeus, and sprung from Perseus too!"
The salutation ran without a fault.

"And thou, Admetos, King of Thessaly!"

"Would, as thou wishest me, the grace might fall! But my good-wisher, that thou art, I know."

1145

"What 's here? these shorn locks, this sad show of thee?"

DALACSTIONS ADVENTURE	
"I must inter a certain corpse to-day."	
"Now, from thy children God avert mischance!"	1150
"They live, my children; all are in the house!"	
"Thy father—if 't is he departs indeed, His age was ripe at least."	
"My father lives, And she who bore me lives too, Herakles."	
"It cannot be thy wife Alkestis gone?"	1155
"Two-fold the tale is, I can tell of her."	
"Dead dost thou speak of her, or living yet?"	
"She is—and is not: hence the pain to me!"	
"I learn no whit the more, so dark thy speech!"	
"Know'st thou not on what fate she needs must fall?"	1160
"I know she is resigned to die for thee."	
"How lives she still, then, if submitting so?"	
"Eh, weep her not beforehand! wait till then!"	
"Who is to die is dead; doing is done."	
"To be and not to be are thought diverse."	1165
"Thou judgest this-I, that way, Herakles!"	

- "Well, but declare what causes thy complaint!
 Who is the man has died from out thy
 friends?"
- "No man: I had a woman in my mind."
- "Alien, or someone born akin to thee?"
- "Alien: but still related to my house."
- "How did it happen then that here she died?"
- "Her father dying left his orphan here."
- "Alas, Admetos—would we found thee gay, Not grieving!"
- "What as if about to do Subjoinest thou that comment?"
- "I shall seek Another hearth, proceed to other hosts."
- "Never, O king, shall that be! No such ill Betide me!"
- "Nay, to mourners should there come A guest, he proves importunate!"
- "The dead— 118c Dead are they: but go thou within my house!"
- "'T is base carousing beside friends who mourn."
- "The guest-rooms, whither we shall lead thee, lie Apart from ours."
- "Nay, let me go my way!
 Ten thousandfold the favour I shall thank!"

"It may not be thou goest to the hearth
Of any man but me!" so made an end
Admetos, softly and decisively,
Of the altercation. Herakles forbore:
And the king bade a servant lead the way,
Open the guest-rooms ranged remote from view
O' the main hall; tell the functionaries, next,
They had to furnish forth a plenteous feast,
And then shut close the doors o' the hall, midway,
"Because it is not proper friends who feast
Should hear a groaning or be grieved," quoth he.

Whereat the hero, who was truth itself,
Let out the smile again, repressed awhile
Like fountain-brilliance one forbids to play.
He did too many grandnesses, to note
Much in the meaner things about his path:
And stepping there, with face towards the sun,
Stopped seldom to pluck weeds or ask their
names.

1200

1205

1210

Therefore he took Admetos at the word:
This trouble must not hinder any more
A true heart from good will and pleasant ways.
And so, the great arm, which had slain the snake,
Strained his friend's head a moment in embrace
On that broad breast beneath the lion's hide,
Till the king's cheek winced at the thick rough
gold;

And then strode off, with who had care of him,
To the remote guest-chamber: glad to give
Poor flesh and blood their respite and relief
In the interval 'twixt fight and fight again—
All for the world's sake. Our eyes followed him,
Be sure, till those mid-doors shut us outside.
The king, too, watched great Herakles go off
All faith, love, and obedience to a friend.

And when they questioned him, the simple ones,
"What dost thou? Such calamity to face,
Lies full before thee—and thou art so bold
As play the host, Admetos? Hast thy wits?"
He replied calmly to each chiding tongue:
"But if from house and home I forced away
A coming guest, wouldst thou have praised me
more?

1225

No, truly! since calamity were mine,
Nowise diminished; while I showed myself
Unhappy and inhospitable too:
So adding to my ills this other ill,
That mine were styled a stranger-hating house.
Myself have ever found this man the best
Of entertainers when I went his way
To parched and thirsty Argos."

"If so be—

Why didst thou hide what destiny was here, When one came that was kindly, as thou say'st?" 1235

"He never would have willed to cross my door Had he known aught of my calamities. And probably to some of you I seem Unwise enough in doing what I do; Such will scarce praise me: but these halls of mine 1240 Know not to drive off and dishonour guests."

And so, the duty done, he turned once more
To go and busy him about his dead.
As for the sympathisers left to muse,
There was a change, a new light thrown on things,
Contagion from the magnanimity
O' the man whose life lay on his hand so light,
As up he stepped, pursuing duty still
"Higher and harder," as he laughed and said.
Somehow they found no folly now in the act

They blamed erewhile: Admetos' private grief Shrank to a somewhat pettier obstacle I' the way o' the world: they saw good days had

And good days, peradventure, still might be. Now that they overlooked the present cloud Heavy upon the palace opposite.

And soon the thought took words and music thus.

I.

"Harbour of many a stranger, free to friend, Ever and always, O thou house o' the man We mourn for! Thee, Apollon's very self, 11 The lyric Puthian, deigned inhabit once, Become a shepherd here in thy domains, And pipe, adown the winding hill-side paths. Pastoral marriage-poems to thy flocks At feed: while with them fed in fellowship, ı Through joy i' the music, spot-skin lynxes; ay, And lions too, the bloody company, Came, leaving Othrus' dell; and round thy lyre, Phoibos, there danced the speckle-coated fawn, Pacing on lightsome fetlock past the pines 1: Tress-topped, the creature's natural boundary. Into the open everywhere; such heart Had she within her, beating joyous beats, At the sweet reassurance of thy song! Therefore the lot o' the master is, to live 11 In a home multitudinous with herds, Along by the fair-flowing Boibian lake, Limited, that ploughed land and pasture-plain, Only where stand the sun's steeds, stabled west I' the cloud, by that mid-air which makes the clime 12 Of those Molossoi: and he rules as well O'er the Aigaian, up to Pelion's shore,— Sea-stretch without a port! Such lord have we: And here he opens house now, as of old,

Takes to the heart of it a guest again:

Though moist the eyelid of the master, still

Mourning his dear wife's body, dead but now!"

And they admired: nobility of soul
Was self-impelled to reverence, they saw:
The best men ever prove the wisest too:
Something instinctive guides them still aright.
And on each soul this boldness settled now,
That one, who reverenced the Gods so much,
Would prosper yet: (or—I could wish it ran—
Who venerates the Gods, i' the main will still
Practise things honest though obscure to judge).

They ended, for Admetos entered now: Having disposed all duteously indoors, He came into the outside world again, Quiet as ever: but a quietude 1300 Bent on pursuing its descent to truth. As who must grope until he gain the ground O' the dungeon doomed to be his dwelling now. Already high o'er head was piled the dusk, When something pushed to stay his downward step, 1305 Pluck back despair just reaching its repose. He would have bidden the kind presence there Observe that,—since the corpse was coming out, Cared for in all things that befit the case, Carried aloft, in decency and state, 1310 To the last burial place and burning pile,— 'T were proper friends addressed, as custom prompts, Alkestis bound on her last journeying.

"Ay, for we see thy father" they subjoined "Advancing as the aged foot best may; His servants, too: each bringing in his hand

1315

1290

Adornments for thy wife, all pomp that 's due
To the downward-dwelling people." And in truth,
By slow procession till they filled the stage,
Came Pheres, and his following, and their gifts.
You see, the worst of the interruption was,
It plucked back, with an over-hasty hand,
Admetos from descending to the truth,
(I told you)—put him on the brink again,
Full i' the noise and glare where late he stood:
With no fate fallen and irrevocable,
But all things subject still to chance and change:
And that chance—life, and that change—happiness.

And with the low strife came the little mind:
He was once more the man might gain so much,
Life too and wife too, would his friends but help!
All he felt now was that there faced him one
Supposed the likeliest, in emergency,
To help: and help, by mere self-sacrifice
So natural, it seemed as if the sire
Must needs lie open still to argument,
Withdraw the rash decision, not to die
But rather live, though death would save his son:
Argument like the ignominious grasp
O' the drowner whom his fellow grasps as fierce,
Each marvelling that the other needs must hold
Head out of water, though friend choke thereby.

And first the father's salutation fell.
Burthened, he came, in common with his child,
Who lost, none would gainsay, a good chaste
spouse:

Yet such things must be borne, though hard to bear.

1345

"So, take this tribute of adornment, deep In the earth let it descend along with her!

Behoves we treat the body with respect -Of one who died, at least, to save thy life, 1350 Kept me from being childless, nor allowed That I, bereft of thee, should peak and pine In melancholy age! she, for the sex, All of her sisters, put in evidence, By daring such a feat, that female life 1355 Might prove more excellent than men suppose. O thou Alkestis!" out he burst in fine, "Who, while thou savedst this my son, didst raise Also myself from sinking,—hail to thee! Well be it with thee even in the house 1360 Of Hades! I maintain, if mortals must Marry, this sort of marriage is the sole Permitted those among them who are wise!"

So his oration ended. Like hates like: Accordingly Admetos,—full i' the face 1365 Of Pheres, his true father, outward shape And inward fashion, body matching soul,— Saw just himself when years should do their work And reinforce the selfishness inside Until it pushed the last disguise away: 1370 As when the liquid metal cools i' the mould, Stands forth a statue: bloodless, hard, cold bronze. So, in old Pheres, young Admetos showed, Pushed to completion: and a shudder ran, And his repugnance soon had vent in speech: 1375 Glad to escape outside, nor, pent within, Find itself there fit food for exercise.

"Neither to this interment called by me Comest thou, nor thy presence I account Among the covetable proofs of love.

As for thy tribute of adornment,—no!

Ne'er shall she don it, ne'er in debt to thee VOL. VII

49

D

Be buried! What is thine, that keep thou still! Then it behoved thee to commiserate When I was perishing: but thou-who stood'st Foot-free o' the snare, wast acquiescent then That I, the young, should die, not thou, the old-Wilt thou lament this corpse thyself hast slain? Thou wast not, then, true father to this flesh: Nor she, who makes profession of my birth 1: And styles herself my mother, neither she Bore me: but, come of slave's blood, I was cast Stealthily 'neath the bosom of thy wife! Thou showedst, put to touch, the thing thou art, Nor I esteem myself born child of thee! 13 Otherwise, thine is the preeminence O'er all the world in cowardice of soul: Who, being the old man thou art, arrived Where life should end, didst neither will nor dare Die for thy son, but left the task to her, 140 The alien woman, whom I well might think Own, only mother both and father too! And yet a fair strife had been thine to strive, —Dying for thy own child; and brief for thee In any case, the rest of time to live: 140 While I had lived, and she, our rest of time, Nor I been left to groan in solitude. Yet certainly all things which happy man Ought to experience, thy experience grasped. Thou wast a ruler through the bloom of youth, 141 And I was son to thee, recipient due Of sceptre and demesne,—no need to fear That dying thou shouldst leave an orphan house For strangers to despoil. Nor yet wilt thou Allege that as dishonouring, forsooth, 141 Thy length of days, I gave thee up to die,— I, who have held thee in such reverence! And in exchange for it, such gratitude

Thou, father,—thou award'st me, mother mine! Go, lose no time, then, in begetting sons Shall cherish thee in age, and, when thou diest, Deck up and lay thee out as corpses claim! For never I, at least, with this my hand Will bury thee: it is myself am dead	I 420
So far as lies in thee. But if I light	1425
Upon another saviour, and still see	
The sunbeam,—his, the child I call myself, His, the old age that claims my cherishing.	
How vainly do these aged pray for death,	
Abuse the slow drag of senility!	1430
But should death step up, nobody inclines	
To die, nor age is now the weight it was!"	
Now are what all this poor protontions talls	
You see what all this poor pretentious talk Tried at,—how weakness strove to hide itself	
In bluster against weakness,—the loud word	T 4 2 E
To hide the little whisper, not so low	1435
Already in that heart beneath those lips!	
Ha, could it be, who hated cowardice	
Stood confessed craven, and who lauded so	
Self-immolating love, himself had pushed	1440
The loved one to the altar in his place?	
Friends interposed, would fain stop further play	
O' the sharp-edged tongue: they felt love's champion here	
Had left an undefended point or two,	
The antagonist might profit by; bade "Pause!	1445
Enough the present sorrow! Nor, O son,	
Whet thus against thyself thy father's soul!"	
Ay, but old Pheres was the stouter stuff!	
Admetos, at the flintiest of the heart,	
Had so much soft in him as held a fire:	1450

The other was all iron, clashed from flint

Its fire, but shed no spark and showed no bruise. Did Pheres crave instruction as to facts? He came, content, the ignoble word, for him, Should lurk still in the blackness of each breast, 1455 As sleeps the water-serpent half surmised: Not brought up to the surface at a bound, By one touch of the idly-probing spear, Reed-like against unconquerable scale. He came pacific, rather, as strength should, 1460 Bringing the decent praise, the due regret, And each banality prescribed of old. Did he commence "Why let her die for you?" And rouse the coiled and quiet ugliness "What is so good to man as man's own life?" 1465 No: but the other did: and, for his pains, Out, full in face of him, the venom leapt.

"And whom dost thou make bold, son—Ludian slave,

Or Phrugian whether, money made thy ware,
To drive at with revilings? Know'st thou not
I, a Thessalian, from Thessalian sire
Spring and am born legitimately free?
Too arrogant art thou; and, youngster words
Casting against me, having had thy fling,
Thou goest not off as all were ended so!
I gave thee birth indeed and mastership
I' the mansion, brought thee up to boot: there ends

My owing, nor extends to die for thee!

Never did I receive it as a law

Hereditary, no, nor Greek at all,

That sires in place of sons were bound to die.

For, to thy sole and single self wast thou

Born, with whatever fortune, good or bad;

Such things as bear bestowment, those thou hast;

Already ruling widely, broad-lands, too,	1485
Doubt not but I shall leave thee in due time:	
For why? My father left me them before.	
Well then, where wrong I thee?—of what de-	
fraud?	
Neither do thou die for this man, myself,	
Nor let him die for thee !—is all I beg.	1490
Thou joyest seeing daylight: dost suppose	-490
Thy father joys not too? Undoubtedly,	
Long I account the time to pass below,	
And brief my span of days; yet sweet the same:	
Is it otherwise to thee who, impudent,	1495
Didst fight off this same death, and livest now	-493
Through having sneaked past fate apportioned	
thee,	
And slain thy wife so? Cryest cowardice	
On me, I wonder, thou—whom, poor poltroon,	
A very woman worsted, daring death	1500
Just for the sake of thee, her handsome spark?	1300
Shrewdly hast thou contrived how not to die	
For evermore now: 't is but still persuade	
The wife, for the time being, to take thy place!	
What, and thy friends who would not do the like,	Tror
These dost thou carp at, craven thus thyself?	-303
Crouch and be silent, craven! Comprehend	
That, if thou lovest so that life of thine,	
Why, everybody loves his own life too:	
So, good words, henceforth! If thou speak us	
ill,	1510
Many and true an ill thing shalt thou hear!"	-3-0
many and true an in thing share thou hear.	

There you saw leap the hydra at full length!
Only, the old kept glorying the more,
The more the portent thus uncoiled itself,
Whereas the young man shuddered head to foot,
And shrank from kinship with the creature. Why

Such horror, unless what he hated most, Vaunting itself outside, might fairly claim Acquaintance with the counterpart at home? I would the Chorus here had plucked up heart, Spoken out boldly and explained the man, If not to men, to Gods. That way, I think, Sophokles would have led their dance and song. Here, they said simply "Too much evil spoke On both sides!" As the young before, so now They bade the old man leave abusing thus.	1520
"Let him speak,—I have spoken!" said the youth: And so died out the wrangle by degrees In wretched bickering. "If thou wince at fact, Behoved thee not prove faulty to myself!" "Had I died for thee I had faulted more!"	1530
"All's one, then, for youth's bloom and age to die?" "Our duty is to live one life, not two!"	
"Go then, and outlive Zeus, for aught I care!"	
"What, curse thy parents with no sort of cause?"	1535
"Curse, truly! All thou lovest is long life!"	
"And dost not thou, too, all for love of life, Carry out now, in place of thine, this corpse?"	

"Monument, rather, of thy cowardice, Thou worst one!"
"Not for me she died, I hope! 1540

That, thou wilt hardly say!"	
"No, simply this: Would, some day, thou mayst come to need my-	
self!"	
"Meanwhile, woo many wives—the more will die!"	
"And so shame thee who never dared the like!"	
"Dear is this light o' the sun-god—dear, I say!"	1545
"Proper conclusion for a beast to draw!"	
"One thing is certain: there's no laughing now, As out thou bearest the poor dead old man!"	
"Die when thou wilt, thou wilt die infamous!"	
"And once dead, whether famed or infamous, I shall not care!"	1550
"Alas and yet again! How full is age of impudency!"	
"True! Thou couldst not call thy young wife impudent: She was found foolish merely."	
"Get thee gone! And let me bury this my dead!"	
"I go. Thou buriest her whom thou didst murder first; Whereof there 's some account to render yet Those kinsfolk by the marriage-side! I think, Brother Akastos may be classed with me, Among the beasts, not men, if he omit	1555
Avenging upon thee his sister's blood!"	1560

"Go to perdition, with thy housemate too!
Grow old all childlessly, with child alive,
Just as ye merit! for to me, at least,
Beneath the same roof ne'er do ye return.
And did I need by heralds' help renounce
The ancestral hearth, I had renounced the same!
But we—since this woe, lying at our feet
I' the path, is to be borne—let us proceed
And lay the body on the pyre."

I think. 1570 What, thro' this wretched wrangle, kept the man From seeing clear—beside the cause I gave— Was, that the woe, himself described as full I' the path before him, there did really lie— Not roll into the abyss of dead and gone. 1575 How, with Alkestis present, calmly crowned, Was she so irrecoverable yet— The bird, escaped, that 's just on bough above, The flower, let flutter half-way down the brink? Not so detached seemed lifelessness from life 1580 But—one dear stretch beyond all straining yet— And he might have her at his heart once more, When, in the critical minute, up there comes The father and the fact, to trifle time!

"To the pyre!" an instinct prompted: pallid face, 1585 And passive arm and pointed foot, when these No longer shall absorb the sight, O friends, Admetos will begin to see indeed Who the true foe was, where the blows should fall!

So, the old selfish Pheres went his way,
Case-hardened as he came; and left the youth,
(Only half-selfish now, since sensitive)
To go on learning by a light the more,
As friends moved off, renewing dirge the while:

"Unhappy in thy daring! Noble dame,
Best of the good, farewell! With favouring face
May Hermes the infernal, Hades too,
Receive thee! And if there,—ay, there,—some
touch

Of further dignity await the good, Sharing with them, mayst thou sit throned by her 1600 The Bride of Hades, in companionship!"

1605

1610

1615

1620

1625

Wherewith, the sad procession wound away. Made slowly for the suburb sepulchre. And lo,—while still one's heart, in time and tune, Paced after that symmetric step of Death Mute-marching, to the mind's eye, at the head O' the mourners—one hand pointing out their path With the long pale terrific sword we saw, The other leading, with grim tender grace, Alkestis quieted and consecrate,— Lo, life again knocked laughing at the door! The world goes on, goes ever, in and through, And out again o' the cloud. We faced about. Fronted the palace where the mid-hall-gate Opened—not half, nor half of half, perhaps— Yet wide enough to let out light and life, And warmth and bounty and hope and joy, at once. Festivity burst wide, fruit rare and ripe Crushed in the mouth of Bacchos, pulpy-prime, All juice and flavour, save one single seed Duly ejected from the God's nice lip, Which lay o' the red edge, blackly visible-To wit, a certain ancient servitor: On whom the festal jaws o' the palace shut, So, there he stood, a much-bewildered man. Stupid? Nay, but sagacious in a sort: Learned, life long, i' the first outside of things, Though bat for blindness to what lies beneath

And needs a nail-scratch ere 't is laid you bare.
This functionary was the trusted one
We saw deputed by Admetos late
To lead in Herakles and help him, soul
And body, to such snatched repose, snapped-up
Sustainment, as might do away the dust
O' the last encounter, knit each nerve anew
For that next onset sure to come at cry
O' the creature next assailed,—nay, should it prove
Only the creature that came forward now
To play the critic upon Herakles!

"Many the guests"—so he soliloquized
In musings burdensome to breast before,
When it seemed not too prudent tongue should
wag—

"Many, and from all quarters of this world, The guests I now have known frequent our house, For whom I spread the banquet; but than this, Never a worse one did I yet receive At the hearth here! One who seeing, first of all, The master's sorrow, entered gate the same, And had the hardihood to house himself. Did things stop there! But, modest by no means, 1650 He took what entertainment lay to hand, Knowing of our misfortune,—did we fail In aught of the fit service, urged us serve Just as a guest expects! And in his hands Taking the ivied goblet, drinks and drinks 1655 The unmixed product of black mother-earth. Until the blaze o' the wine went round about And warmed him: then he crowns with myrtlesprigs His head, and howls discordance—twofold lay Was thereupon for us to listen to— 1660 This fellow singing, namely, nor restrained A jot by sympathy with sorrows here—

While we o' the household mourned our mistress—mourned,	
That is to say, in silence—never showed The eyes, which we kept wetting, to the guest— For there Admetos was imperative. And so, here am I helping make at home	1665
A guest, some fellow ripe for wickedness, Robber or pirate, while she goes her way Out of our house: and neither was it mine To follow in procession, nor stretch forth Hand, wave my lady dear a last farewell, Lamenting who to me and all of us	1670
Domestics was a mother: myriad harms She used to ward away from everyone, And mollify her husband's ireful mood. I ask then, do I justly hate or no This guest, this interloper on our grief?"	1675
"Hate him and justly!" Here's the proper judge Of what is due to the house from Herakles! This man of much experience saw the first O' the feeble duckings-down at destiny,	1680
When King Admetos went his rounds, poor soul, A-begging somebody to be so brave As die for one afraid to die himself— "Thou, friend? Thou, love? Father or mother, then!	1685
None of you? What, Alkestis must Death catch? O best of wives, one woman in the world! But nowise droop: our prayers may still assist: Let us try sacrifice; if those avail Nothing and Gods avert their countenance, Why, deep and durable our grief will be!" Whereat the house, this worthy at its head, Re-echoed "deep and durable our grief!"	1690
This sage, who justly hated Herakles,	1695

Did he suggest once "Rather I than she!"	
Admonish the Turannos—"Be a man!	
Bear thine own burden, never think to thrust	
Thy fate upon another and thy wife!	
It were a dubious gain could death be doomed	I <i>7</i> 00
That other, and no passionatest plea	-,
Of thine, to die instead, have force with fate;	
Seeing thou lov'st Alkestis: what were life	
Unlighted by the loved one? But to live—	
Not merely live unsolaced by some thought,	1705
Some word so poor—yet solace all the same—	-,03
As 'Thou i' the sepulchre, Alkestis, say!	
Would I, or would not I, to save thy life,	
Die, and die on, and die for evermore?'	
No! but to read red-written up and down	1710
The world 'This is the sunshine, this the shade,	-/
This is some pleasure of earth, sky or sea,	
Due to that other, dead that thou mayst live!'	
Such were a covetable gain to thee?	
Go die, fool, and be happy while 't is time!"	1715
One word of counsel in this kind, methinks,	-7-5
Had fallen to better purpose than Ai, ai,	
Pheu, pheu, e, papai, and a pother of praise	
O' the best, best, best one! Nothing was to hate	
In King Admetos, Pheres, and the rest	1720
O' the household down to his heroic self!	-,
This was the one thing hateful: Herakles	
Had flung into the presence, frank and free,	
Out from the labour into the repose,	
Ere out again and over head and ears	1725
I' the heart of labour, all for love of men:	, ,
Making the most o' the minute, that the soul	
And body, strained to height a minute since,	
Might lie relaxed in joy, this breathing-space,	
For man's sake more than ever; till the bow,	1730
Restrung o' the sudden, at first cry for help.	

Should send some unimaginable shaft
True to the aim and shatteringly through
The plate-mail of a monster, save man so.
He slew the pest o' the marish yesterday:
To-morrow he would bit the flame-breathed stud
That fed on man's-flesh: and this day between—
Because he held it natural to die,
And fruitless to lament a thing past cure,
So, took his fill of food, wine, song and flowers,
Till the new labour claimed him soon enough,—
"Hate him and justly!"

True, Charopé mine!
The man surmised not Herakles lay hid
I' the guest; or, knowing it, was ignorant
That still his lady lived—for Herakles;
Or else judged lightness needs must indicate
This or the other caitiff quality:
And therefore—had been right if not so wrong!
For who expects the sort of him will scratch
A nail's depth, scrape the surface just to see
What peradventure underlies the same?

1745

1750

So, he stood petting up his puny hate, Parent-wise, proud of the ill-favoured babe. Not long! A great hand, careful lest it crush, Startled him on the shoulder: up he stared, 1755 And over him, who stood but Herakles! There smiled the mighty presence, all one smile And no touch more of the world-weary God, Through the brief respite. Just a garland's grace About the brow, a song to satisfy 1760 Head, heart and breast, and trumpet-lips at once, A solemn draught of true religious wine, And, -how should I know? -half a mountain goat Torn up and swallowed down, -the feast was fierce But brief: all cares and pains took wing and flew, 1765

Leaving the hero ready to begin	
And help mankind, whatever woe came next,	
Even though what came next should be nought more	
Than the mean querulous mouth o' the man, re-	
marked	
Pursing its grievance up till patience failed	I 770
And the sage needs must rush out, as we saw	-770
To sulk outside and pet his hate in peace.	
By no means would the Helper have it so:	
He who was just about to handle brutes	
In Thrace, and bit the jaws which breathed the	
flame,—	1775
Well, if a good laugh and a jovial word	-//3
Could bridle age which blew bad humours forth,	
That were a kind of help, too!	
"'Thou, there!" hailed	
This grand benevolence the ungracious one—	
"Why look'st so solemn and so thought-absorbed?	1780
To guests a servant should not sour-faced be,	-,00
But do the honours with a mind urbane.	
While thou, contrariwise, beholding here	
Arrive thy master's comrade, hast for him	
A churlish visage, all one beetle-brow-	1785
Having regard to grief that 's out-of-door!	~,03
Come hither, and so get to grow more wise!	
Things mortal-know'st the nature that they have?	
No, I imagine! whence could knowledge spring?	
Give ear to me, then! For all flesh to die,	1790
Is nature's due; nor is there any one	-/50
Of mortals with assurance he shall last	
The coming morrow: for, what 's born of chance	
Invisibly proceeds the way it will.	
Not to be learned, no fortune-teller's prize.	1795
This, therefore, having heard and known through	-/33
me,	
Gladden thyself! Drink! Count the day-by-day	

Existence thine, and all the other-chance! Ay, and pay homage also to by far The sweetest of divinities for man. 200 Kupris! Benignant Goddess will she prove! But as for aught else, leave and let things be! And trust my counsel, if I seem to speak To purpose—as I do, apparently. Wilt not thou, then,—discarding overmuch 1805 Mournfulness, do away with this shut door, Come drink along with me, be-garlanded This fashion? Do so, and—I well know what— From this stern mood, this shrunk-up state of mind, The pit-pat fall o' the flagon-juice down throat 1810 Soon will dislodge thee from bad harbourage! Men being mortal should think mortal-like: Since to your solemn, brow-contracting sort, All of them,—so I lay down law at least,— Life is not truly life but misery." 1815

Whereto the man with softened surliness: "We know as much: but deal with matters, now, Hardly befitting mirth and revelry."

"No intimate, this woman that is dead: Mourn not too much! For, those o'the house itself, 1820 Thy masters live, remember!"

"Live indeed?

Ah, thou know'st nought o' the woe within these walls!"

"I do—unless thy master spoke me false Somehow!"

"Ay, ay, too much he loves a guest, Too much, that master mine!" so muttered he. 182

"Was it improper he should treat me well, Because an alien corpse was in the way?"

- "No alien, but most intimate indeed!"
- "Can it be, some woe was, he told me not?"
- "Farewell and go thy way! Thy cares for thee— 1830 To us, our master's sorrow is a care."
- "This word begins no tale of alien woe!"
- "Had it been other woe than intimate, I could have seen thee feast, nor felt amiss."
- "What! have I suffered strangely from my host?" 1835
- "Thou cam'st not at a fit reception-time: With sorrow here beforehand: and thou seest Shorn hair, black robes."
- "But who is it that 's dead? Some child gone? or the aged sire perhaps?"
- "Admetos' wife, then! she has perished, guest!" 1840
- "How sayest? And did ye house me, all the same?"
- "Ay: for he had thee in that reverence He dared not turn thee from his door away!"
- "O hapless, and bereft of what a mate!"
- "All of us now are dead, not she alone!" 1845
- "But I divined it! seeing, as I did, His eye that ran with tears, his close-clipt hair, His countenance! Though he persuaded me, Saying it was a stranger's funeral He went with to the grave: against my wish,

He forced on me that I should enter doors,
Drink in the hall o' the hospitable man
Circumstanced so! And do I revel yet
With wreath on head? But—thou to hold thy
peace

1855

1874

EBS(2)

Nor tell me what a woe oppressed my friend! Where is he gone to bury her? Where am I To go and find her?"

"By the road that leads Straight to Larissa, thou wilt see the tomb, Out of the suburb, a carved sepulchre."

So said he, and therewith dismissed himself Uido Inside to his lamenting: somewhat soothed, However, that he had adroitly spoilt The mirth of the great creature: oh, he marked The movement of the mouth, how lip pressed lip, And either eye forgot to shine, as, fast, 1 //12 He plucked the chaplet from his forehead, dashed The myrtle-sprays down, trod them underfoot! And all the joy and wonder of the wine Withered away, like fire from off a brand The wind blows over-beacon though it be, 1870 Whose merry ardour only meant to make Somebody all the better for its blaze, And save lost people in the dark: quenched now!

Not long quenched! As the flame, just hurried off

The brand's edge, suddenly renews its bite,
Tasting some richness caked i' the core o' the
tree,—

Pine, with a blood that 's oil, —and triumphs up Pillar-wise to the sky and saves the world: So, in a spasm and splendour of resolve, All at once did the God surmount the man.

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"O much-enduring heart and hand of mine! Now show what sort of son she bore to Zeus. That daughter of Elektruon, Tiruns' child. Alkmené! for that son must needs save now The just-dead lady: ay, establish here 1885 I' the house again Alkestis, bring about Comfort and succour to Admetos so! I will go lie in wait for Death, black-stoled King of the corpses! I shall find him, sure, Drinking, beside the tomb, o' the sacrifice: 1890 And if I lie in ambuscade, and leap Out of my lair, and seize—encircle him Till one hand join the other round about— There lives not who shall pull him out from me, Rib-mauled, before he let the woman go! 1895 But even say I miss the booty,—say, Death comes not to the boltered blood,—why then, Down go I, to the unsunned dwelling-place Of Koré and the king there, -make demand, Confident I shall bring Alkestis back, 1900 So as to put her in the hands of him My host, that housed me, never drove me off: Though stricken with sore sorrow, hid the stroke, Being a noble heart and honouring me! Who of Thessalians, more than this man, loves 1905 The stranger? Who, that now inhabits Greece? Wherefore he shall not say the man was vile Whom he befriended,—native noble heart!"

So, one look upward, as if Zeus might laugh, Approval of his human progeny,—
One summons of the whole magnific frame, Each sinew to its service,—up he caught, And over shoulder cast, the lion-shag, Let the club go,—for had he not those hands? And so went striding off, on that straight way

1915

Leads to Larissa and the suburb tomb. Gladness be with thee, Helper of our world! I think this is the authentic sign and seal Of Godship, that it ever waxes glad, And more glad, until gladness blossoms, bursts 1920 Into a rage to suffer for mankind, And recommence at sorrow: drops like seed After the blossom, ultimate of all. Say, does the seed scorn earth and seek the sun? Surely it has no other end and aim 1925 Than to drop, once more die into the ground. Taste cold and darkness and oblivion there: And thence rise, tree-like grow through pain to joy, More joy and most joy,—do man good again.

So, to the struggle off strode Herakles. 1930 When silence closed behind the lion-garb. Back came our dull fact settling in its place. Though heartiness and passion half-dispersed The inevitable fate. And presently In came the mourners from the funeral, 1935 One after one, until we hoped the last Would be Alkestis and so end our dream. Could they have really left Alkestis lone I' the wayside sepulchre! Home, all save she! And when Admetos felt that it was so, 1940 By the stand-still: when he lifted head and face From the two hiding hands and peplos' fold, And looked forth, knew the palace, knew the hills, Knewthe plains, knew the friendly frequence there, And no Alkestis any more again, 1945 Why, the whole woe billow-like broke on him.

"O hateful entry, hateful countenance
O' the widowed halls!"—he moaned.
was to be?

Go there? Stay here? Speak, not speak? All was now	
Mad and impossible alike; one way And only one was sane and safe—to die: Now he was made aware how dear is death,	1950
How loveable the dead are, how the heart Yearns in us to go hide where they repose, When we find sunbeams do no good to see, Nor earth rests rightly where our footsteps fall.	1955
His wife had been to him the very pledge, Sun should be sun, earth—earth; the pledge was	
robbed, Pact broken, and the world was left no world." He stared at the impossible mad life: Stood, while they urged "Advance—advance! Go deep Into the utter dark, thy palace-core!" They tried what they called comfort, "touched	1960
the quick Of the ulceration in his soul," he said, With memories,—"once thy joy was thus and thus!" True comfort were to let him fling himself Into the hollow grave o' the tomb, and so Let him lie dead along with all he loved.	
One bade him note that his own family Boasted a certain father whose sole son, Worthy bewailment, died: and yet the sire Bore stoutly up against the blow and lived;	1970
For all that he was childless now, and prone Already to grey hairs, far on in life. Could such a good example miss effect? Why fix foot, stand so, staring at the house, Why not go in, as that wise kinsman would?	1975

"O that arrangement of the house I know!
How can I enter, how inhabit thee
Now that one cast of fortune changes all?
Oh me, for much divides the then from now!
Then—with those pine-tree torches, Pelian
pomp

And marriage-hymns, I entered, holding high The hand of my dear wife; while many-voiced The revelry that followed me and her That 's dead now,—friends felicitating both, As who were lofty-lineaged, each of us Born of the best, two wedded and made one; Now—wail is wedding-chant's antagonist, And, for white peplos, stoles in sable state Herald my way to the deserted couch!"

1990

1985

The one word more they ventured was "This grief

Befell thee witless of what sorrow means, Close after prosperous fortune: but, reflect! Thou hast saved soul and body. Dead, thy wife—1995 Living, the love she left. What 's novel here? Many the man, from whom Death long ago Loosed the life-partner!"

Then Admetos spoke:

Turned on the comfort, with no tears, this time.

He was beginning to be like his wife.

I told you of that pressure to the point,

Word slow pursuing word in monotone,

Alkestis spoke with; so Admetos, now,

Solemnly bore the burden of the truth.

And as the voice of him grew, gathered strength,

And groaned on, and persisted to the end,

We felt how deep had been descent in grief,

And with what change he came up now to light,

And left behind such littleness as tears.

"Friends, I account the fortune of my wife	
Happier than mine, though it seem otherwise:	2010
For, her indeed no grief will ever touch,	
And she from many a labour pauses now.	
Renowned one! Whereas I, who ought not live,	
But do live, by evading destiny,	20**
Sad life am I to lead, I learn at last!	2015
For how shall I bear going in-doors here?	
Accosting whom? By whom saluted back,	
Shall I have joyous entry? Whither turn?	
Inside, the solitude will drive me forth.	2020
When I behold the empty bed—my wife's—	2020
The seat she used to sit upon, the floor	
Unsprinkled as when dwellers loved the cool.	
The children that will clasp my knees about,	
Cry for their mother back: these servants too	2025
Moaning for what a guardian they have lost!	
Inside my house such circumstance awaits.	
Outside,—Thessalian people's marriage-feasts	
And gatherings for talk will harass me,	
With overflow of women everywhere;	2030
It is impossible I look on them—	
Familiars of my wife and just her age!	
And then, whoever is a foe of mine,	
And lights on me—why, this will be his word—	
'See there! alive ignobly, there he skulks	2035
That played the dastard when it came to die,	
And, giving her he wedded, in exchange,	
Kept himself out of Hades safe and sound,	
The coward! Do you call that creature—man?	
He hates his parents for declining death,	2040
Just as if he himself would gladly die!' This sort of reputation shall I have	
This sort of reputation shall I have, Beside the other ills enough in store.	
Ill-famed, ill-faring — what advantage friends	
Ill-famed, ill-faring,—what advantage, friends, Do you perceive I gain by life for death?"	
- 7 - Porcerto I gain by me for death?"	2045

That was the truth. Vexed waters sank to smooth: 'T was only when the last of bubbles broke, The latest circlet widened all away And left a placid level, that up swam	
To the surface the drowned truth, in dreadful change.	
So, through the quiet and submission,—ay,	2050
Spite of some strong words—(for you miss the tone)	
The grief was getting to be infinite—	
Grief, friends fell back before. Their office shrank	
To that old solace of humanity—	2055
"Being born mortal, bear grief! Why born else?" And they could only meditate anew.	
And they could only incultate anew.	
"They, too, upborne by airy help of song,	
And haply science, which can find the stars,	
Had searched the heights: had sounded depths	
as well	2060
By catching much at books where logic lurked,	
Yet nowhere found they aught could overcome	
Necessity: not any medicine served,	
Which Thrakian tablets treasure, Orphic voice	_
Wrote itself down upon: nor remedy	2065
Which Phoibos gave to the Asklepiadai; Cutting the roots of many a virtuous herb	
To solace overburdened mortals. None!	
Of this sole goddess, never may we go	
To altar nor to image: sacrifice	2070
She hears not. All to pray for is—'Approach!	•
But, oh, no harder on me, awful one,	
Than heretofore! Let life endure thee still!	
For, whatsoe'er Zeus' nod decree, that same	
In concert with thee hath accomplishment.	2075
Iron, the very stuff o' the Chaluboi,	
Thou, by sheer strength, dost conquer and subdue;	
Nor, of that harsh abrupt resolve of thine,	

Any relenting is there!'

"O my king!
Thee also, in the shackles of those hands,
Not to be shunned, the Goddess grasped! Yet,
bear!
Since never wilt thou lead from underground

Since never wilt thou lead from underground The dead ones, wail thy worst! If mortals die.-The very children of immortals, too, Dropped mid our darkness, these decay as sure! 2085 Dear indeed was she while among us: dear. Now she is dead, must she for ever be: Thy portion was to clasp, within thy couch, The noblest of all women as a wife. Nor be the tomb of her supposed some heap 2000 That hides mortality: but like the Gods Honoured, a veneration to a world Of wanderers! Oft the wanderer, struck thereby, Who else had sailed past in his merchant-ship, Ay, he shall leave ship, land, long wind his way Up to the mountain-summit, till there break Speech forth 'So, this was she, then, died of old To save her husband! now, a deity She bends above us. Hail, benignant one! Give good!' Such voices so will supplicate. 2100

"But—can it be? Alkmené's offspring comes, Admetos!—to thy house advances here!"

I doubt not, they supposed him decently
Dead somewhere in that winter world of Thrace—
Vanquished by one o' the Bistones, or else
Victim to some mad steed's voracity—
For did not friends prognosticate as much?
It were a new example to the point,
That "children of immortals, dropped by stealth
Into our darkness, die as sure as we!"

A case to quote and comfort people with: But, as for lamentation, ai and pheu, Right-minded subjects kept them for their lord.

Ay, he it was advancing! In he strode,
And took his stand before Admetos,—turned
Now by despair to such a quietude,
He neither raised his face nor spoke, this time,
The while his friend surveyed him steadily.
That friend looked rough with fighting: had he
strained

2120

2125

2130

2135

2140

Worst brute to breast was ever strangled yet? Somehow, a victory—for there stood the strength, Happy, as always; something grave, perhaps; The great vein-cordage on the fret-worked front, Black-swollen, beaded yet with battle-dew The yellow hair o' the hero !-his big frame A-quiver with each muscle sinking back Into the sleepy smooth it leaped from late. Under the great guard of one arm, there leant A shrouded something, live and woman-like, Propped by the heart-beats 'neath the lion-coat. When he had finished his survey, it seemed, The heavings of the heart began subside, The helpful breath returned, and last the smile Shone out, all Herakles was back again, As the words followed the saluting hand.

"To friendly man, behoves we freely speak, Admetos!—nor keep buried, deep in breast, Blame we leave silent. I assuredly Judged myself proper, if I should approach By accident calamities of thine, To be demonstrably thy friend: but thou Told'st me not of the corpse then claiming care, That was thy wife's, but didst instal me guest

I' the house here, as though busied with a grief Indeed, but then, mere grief beyond thy gate: 2145 And so, I crowned my head, and to the Gods Poured my libations in thy dwelling-place, With such misfortune round me. And I blame-Certainly blame thee, having suffered thus! But still I would not pain thee, pained enough: So let it pass! Wherefore I seek thee now, Having turned back again though onward bound. That I will tell thee. Take and keep for me This woman, till I come thy way again, Driving before me, having killed the king 2155 O' the Bistones, that drove of Thrakian steeds: In such case, give the woman back to me! But should I fare, -as fare I fain would not, Seeing I hope to prosper and return,— Then, I bequeath her as thy household slave. 2160 She came into my hands with good hard toil! For, what find I, when started on my course, But certain people, a whole country-side, Holding a wrestling-bout? as good to me As a new labour: whence I took, and here 2165 Come keeping with me, this, the victor's prize. For, such as conquered in the easy work, Gained horses which they drove away: and such As conquered in the harder,—those who boxed And wrestled,—cattle; and, to crown the prize, A woman followed. Chancing as I did, Base were it to forego this fame and gain! Well, as I said, I trust her to thy care: No woman I have kidnapped, understand! But good hard toil has done it: here I come! 2175 Some day, who knows? even thou wilt praise the feat!"

Admetos raised his face and eyed the pair:
Then, hollowly and with submission, spoke,
And spoke again, and spoke time after time,
When he perceived the silence of his friend
Would not be broken by consenting word.
As a tired slave goes adding stone to stone
Until he stop some current that molests,
So poor Admetos piled up argument
Vainly against the purpose all too plain
In that great brow acquainted with command.

"Nowise dishonouring, nor amid my foes Ranking thee, did I hide my wife's ill fate: But it were grief superimposed on grief, Shouldst thou have hastened to another home. 2190 My own woe was enough for me to weep! But, for this woman,—if it so may be,— Bid some Thessalian,—I entreat thee, king!— Keep her,—who has not suffered like myself! Many of the Pheraioi welcome thee. 2195 Be no reminder to me of my ills! I could not, if I saw her come to live. Restrain the tear! Inflict on me diseased No new disease: woe bends me down enough! Then, where could she be sheltered in my house, 2200 Female and young too? For that she is young, The vesture and adornment prove. Reflect! Should such an one inhabit the same roof With men? And how, mixed up, a girl, with youths,

Shall she keep pure, in that case? No light task 2205 To curb the May-day youngster, Herakles! I only speak because of care for thee. Or must I, in avoidance of such harm, Make her to enter, lead her life within The chamber of the dead one, all apart?

How shall I introduce this other, couch This where Alkestis lay? A double blame I apprehend: first, from the citizens— Lest some tongue of them taunt that I betray My benefactress, fall into the snare 2215 Of a new fresh face: then, the dead one's self,— Will she not blame me likewise? Worthy, sure. Of worship from me! circumspect my ways, And jealous of a fault, are bound to be. But thou,—O woman, whosoe'er thou art,— 2220 Know, thou hast all the form, art like as like Alkestis, in the bodily shape! Ah me! Take,—by the Gods,—this woman from my sight. Lest thou undo me, the undone before! Since I seem—seeing her—as if I saw 2225 My own wife! And confusions cloud my heart, And from my eyes the springs break forth! Unhappy—how I taste for the first time My misery in all its bitterness!"

Whereat the friends conferred: "The chance, in truth, 2230

Was an untoward one—none said otherwise.

Still, what a God comes giving, good or bad, That, one should take and bear with. Take her, then!"

Herakles,—not unfastening his hold
On that same misery, beyond mistake
Hoarse in the words, convulsive in the face,—
"I would that I had such a power," said he,
"As to lead up into the light again
Thy very wife, and grant thee such a grace."

"Well do I know thou wouldst: but where the hope? 2240 There is no bringing back the dead to light."

"Be	not	ex	travaga	ınt i	in g	rief,	no	less!
Bear	it,	by	augury	of 1	bett	er th	ing	s!"

- "'T is easier to advise 'bear up,' than bear!"
- "But how carve way i' the life that lies before, If bent on groaning ever for the past?"

2245

- "I myself know that: but a certain love Allures me to the choice I shall not change."
- "Ay, but, still loving dead ones, still makes weep."
- "And let it be so! She has ruined me, And still more than I say: that answers all."
- "Oh, thou hast lost a brave wife: who disputes?"
- "So brave a one—that he whom thou behold'st Will never more enjoy his life again!"
- "Time will assuage! The evil yet is young!" 2255
- "Time, thou mayst say, will; if time mean—to die."
- "A wife—the longing for new marriage-joys Will stop thy sorrow!"
 "Hush, friend,—hold thy peace!

What hast thou said! I could not credit ear!"

"How then? Thou wilt not marry, then, but keep 2260 A widowed couch?"

"There is not anyone Of womankind shall couch with whom thou seest!"

"Dost think to profit thus in any way The dead one?"

BALACOTTON O THE VENT CRE	
"Her, wherever she abide, My duty is to honour." "And I praise— Indeed I praise thee! Still, thou hast to pay The price of it, in being held a fool!"	2265
"Fool call me—only one name call me not! Bridegroom!" "No: it was praise, I portioned thee, Of being good true husband to thy wife!"	2270
"When I betray her, though she is no more, May I die!" And the thing he said was true: For out of Herakles a great glow broke. There stood a victor worthy of a prize:	
The violet-crown that withers on the brow Of the half-hearted claimant. Oh, he knew The signs of battle hard fought and well won, This queller of the monsters!—knew his friend Planted firm foot, now, on the loathly thing That was Admetos late! "would die," he knew, Ere let the reptile raise its crest again.	2275
If that was truth, why try the true friend more? "Then, since thou canst be faithful to the death, Take, deep into thy house, my dame!" smiled he.	
"Not so ! I pray, by thy Progenitor!"	2285
"Thou wilt mistake in disobeying me!"	
"Obeying thee, I have to break my heart!"	

"Obey me! Who knows but the favour done May fall into its place as duty too?"

So, he was humble, would decline no more Bearing a burden: he just sighed "Alas! Wouldst thou hadst never brought this prize from game!")0
"Yet, when I conquered there, thou conqueredst!"	
"All excellently urged! Yet—spite of all, Bear with me! let the woman go away!"	⊋5
"She shall go, if needs must: but ere she go, See if there is need!"	
"Need there is! At least, Except I make thee angry with me, so!"	
"But I persist, because I have my spice Of intuition likewise: take the dame!"	00
"Be thou the victor, then! But certainly Thou dost thy friend no pleasure in the act!"	
"Oh, time will come when thou shalt praise me! Now—	
Only obey!" "Then, servants, since my house Must needs receive this woman, take her there!" 23	,05
"I shall not trust this woman to the care Of servants."	
"Why, conduct her in, thyself, If that seem preferable!"	
"I prefer, With thy good leave, to place her in thy hands!"	
"I would not touch her! Entry to the house— 23	310

"To thy sole right hand,

I mean to trust her!"

"King! Thou wrenchest this
Out of me by main force, if I submit!"

"Courage, friend! Come, stretch hand forth! Good! Now touch
The stranger-woman!"

"There! A hand I stretch— 2315
As though it meant to cut off Gorgon's head!"

"Hast hold of her?"

"Fast hold."

"Why, then, hold fast
And have her! and, one day, asseverate
Thou wilt, I think, thy friend, the son of Zeus,
He was the gentle guest to entertain!

Look at her! See if she, in any way,
Present thee with resemblance of thy wife!"

Ah, but the tears come, find the words at fault! There is no telling how the hero twitched The veil off: and there stood, with such fixed eyes 2325 And such slow smile, Alkestis' silent self! It was the crowning grace of that great heart, To keep back joy: procrastinate the truth Until the wife, who had made proof and found The husband wanting, might essay once more, 2330 Hear, see, and feel him renovated now—Able to do, now, all herself had done, Risen to the height of her: so, hand in hand, The two might go together, live and die.

Beside, when he found speech, you guess the speech. 2335 He could not think he saw his wife again: It was some mocking God that used the bliss

To make him mad! Till Herakles must help:
Assure him that no spectre mocked at all;
He was embracing whom he buried once.
Still,—did he touch, might he address the true,—
True eye, true body of the true live wife?

And Herakles said, smiling, "All was truth.

Spectre? Admetos had not made his guest
One who played ghost-invoker, or such cheat!
Oh, he might speak and have response, in time!
All heart could wish was gained now—life for death:
Only, the rapture must not grow immense:
Take care, nor wake the envy of the Gods!"

2345

"Oh thou, of greatest Zeus true son,"—so spoke 2350 Admetos when the closing word must come, "Go ever in a glory of success, And save, that sire, his offspring to the end! For thou hast—only thou—raised me and mine Up again to this light and life!" Then asked 2355 Tremblingly, how was trod the perilous path Out of the dark into the light and life: How it had happened with Alkestis there.

And Herakles said little, but enough—
How he engaged in combat with that king
O' the dæmons: how the field of contest lay
Bythe tomb's self: how he sprang from ambuscade,
Captured Death, caught him in that pair of hands.

But all the time, Alkestis moved not once
Out of the set gaze and the silent smile;
And a cold fear ran through Admetos' frame:
"Why does she stand and front me, silent thus?"

F

Herakles solemnly replied "Not yet Is it allowable thou hear the things vol. VII 81

She has to tell thee; let evanish quite
That consecration to the lower Gods,
And on our upper world the third day rise!
Lead her in, meanwhile; good and true thou art,
Good, true, remain thou! Practise piety
To stranger-guests the old way! So, farewell!
Since forth I fare, fulfil my urgent task
Set by the king, the son of Sthenelos."

Fain would Admetos keep that splendid smile Ever to light him. "Stay with us, thou heart! Remain our house-friend!"

"At some other day! 2380 Now, of necessity, I haste!" smiled he.

"But mayst thou prosper, go forth on a foot
Sure to return! Through all the tetrarchy
Command my subjects that they institute
Thanksgiving-dances for the glad event,
And bid each altar smoke with sacrifice!
For we are minded to begin a fresh
Existence, better than the life before;
Seeing I own myself supremely blest."

Whereupon all the friendly moralists

Drew this conclusion: chirped, each beard to each:

"Manifold are thy shapings, Providence!

Many a hopeless matter Gods arrange.

What we expected never came to pass:

What we did not expect, Gods brought to bear;

So have things gone, this whole experience through!"

Ah, but if you had seen the play itself! They say, my poet failed to get the prize: Sophokles got the prize,—great name! They say, Sophokles also means to make a piece, Model a new Admetos, a new wife: Success to him! One thing has many sides. The great name! But no good supplants a good, Nor beauty undoes beauty. Sophokles Will carve and carry a fresh cup, brimful 2405 Of beauty and good, firm to the altar-foot. And glorify the Dionusiac shrine: Not clash against this crater in the place Where the God put it when his mouth had drained, To the last dregs, libation life-blood-like, 2410 And praised Euripides for evermore— The Human with his droppings of warm tears.

Still, since one thing may have so many sides, I think I see how,—far from Sophokles,— You, I, or anyone might mould a new 2415 Admetos, new Alkestis. Ah, that brave Bounty of poets, the one royal race That ever was, or will be, in this world! They give no gift that bounds itself and ends I' the giving and the taking: theirs so breeds 2420 I' the heart and soul o' the taker, so transmutes The man who only was a man before, That he grows godlike in his turn, can give-He also: share the poets' privilege, Bring forth new good, new beauty, from the old. 2425 As though the cup that gave the wine, gave, too, The God's prolific giver of the grape, That vine, was wont to find out, fawn around His footstep, springing still to bless the dearth, At bidding of a Mainad. So with me: For I have drunk this poem, quenched my thirst,

Satisfied heart and soul—yet more remains! Could we too make a poem? Try at least, Inside the head, what shape the rose-mists take!

When God Apollon took, for punishment,
A mortal form and sold himself a slave
To King Admetos till a term should end,—
Not only did he make, in servitude,
Such music, while he fed the flocks and herds,
As saved the pasturage from wrong or fright,
Curing rough creatures of ungentleness:
Much more did that melodious wisdom work
Within the heart o' the master: there, ran wild
Many a lust and greed that grow to strength
By preying on the native pity and care,
Would else, all undisturbed, possess the land.

And these, the God so tamed, with golden tongue, That, in the plenitude of youth and power, Admetos vowed himself to rule thenceforth In Pherai solely for his people's sake,

Subduing to such end each lust and greed That dominates the natural charity.

And so the struggle ended. Right ruled might: And soft yet brave, and good yet wise, the man Stood up to be a monarch; having learned The worth of life, life's worth would he bestow On all whose lot was cast, to live or die, As he determined for the multitude. So stands a statue: pedestalled sublime, Only that it may wave the thunder off, And ward, from winds that vex, a world below.

2455

2460

And then,—as if a whisper found its way E'en to the sense o' the marble,—" Vain thy vow!

The royalty of its resolve, that head
Shall hide within the dust ere day be done:

That arm, its outstretch of beneficence,
Shall have a speedy ending on the earth:
Lie patient, prone, while light some cricket leaps
And takes possession of the masterpiece,
To sit, sing louder as more near the sun.

For why? A flaw was in the pedestal;
Who knows? A worm's work! Sapped, the
certain fate
O' the statue is to fall, and thine to die!"

Whereat the monarch, calm, addressed himself To die, but bitterly the soul outbroke— 2475 "O prodigality of life, blind waste I' the world, of power profuse without the will To make life do its work, deserve its day! My ancestors pursued their pleasure, poured The blood o' the people out in idle war, 2480 Or took occasion of some weary peace To bid men dig down deep or build up high, Spend bone and marrow that the king might feast Entrenched and buttressed from the vulgar gaze. Yet they all lived, nay, lingered to old age: As though Zeus loved that they should laugh to scorn

The vanity of seeking other ends
In rule than just the ruler's pastime. They
Lived; I must die."

And, as some long last moan
Of a minor suddenly is propped beneath
By notewhich, new-struck, turns the wail, that was,
Into a wonder and a triumph, so
Began Alkestis: "Nay, thou art to live!
The glory that, in the disguise of flesh,
Was helpful to our house,—he prophesied

2495

The coming fate: whereon, I pleaded sore
That he,—I guessed a God, who to his couch
Amid the clouds must go and come again,
While we were darkling,—since he loved us both,
He should permit thee, at whatever price,
To live and carry out to heart's content
Soul's purpose, turn each thought to very deed,
Nor let Zeus lose the monarch meant in thee.

"To which Apollon, with a sunset smile, Sadly—'And so should mortals arbitrate! 2505 It were unseemly if they aped us Gods, And, mindful of our chain of consequence, Lost care of the immediate earthly link: Forwent the comfort of life's little hour, In prospect of some cold abysmal blank 2510 Alien eternity,—unlike the time They know, and understand to practise with,— No,—our eternity—no heart's blood, bright And warm outpoured in its behoof, would tinge Never so palely, warm a whit the more: 2515 Whereas retained and treasured—left to beat Joyously on, a life's length, in the breast O' the loved and loving—it would throb itself Through, and suffuse the earthly tenement, Transform it, even as your mansion here 2520 Is love-transformed into a temple-home Where I, a God, forget the Olumpian glow, I' the feel of human richness like the rose: Your hopes and fears, so blind and yet so sweet, With death about them. Therefore, well in thee 2525 To look, not on eternity, but time: To apprehend that, should Admetos die, All, we Gods purposed in him, dies as sure: That, life's link snapping, all our chain is lost. And yet a mortal glance might pierce, methinks, 2530

Deeper into the seeming dark of things,
And learn, no fruit, man's life can bear, will fade:
Learn, if Admetos die now, so much more
Will pity for the frailness found in flesh,
Will terror at the earthly chance and change
Frustrating wisest scheme of noblest soul,
Will these go wake the seeds of good asleep
Throughout the world: as oft a rough wind sheds
The unripe promise of some field-flower,—true!
But loosens too the level, and lets breathe
A thousand captives for the year to come.
Nevertheless, obtain thy prayer, stay fate!
Admetos lives—if thou wilt die for him!'

"So was the pact concluded that I die,
And thou live on, live for thyself, for me,
For all the world. Embrace and bid me hail,
Husband, because I have the victory—
Am, heart, soul, head to foot, one happiness!"

Whereto Admetos, in a passionate cry,
"Never, by that true word Apollon spoke! 2550
All the unwise wish is unwished, oh wife!
Let purposes of Zeus fulfil themselves,
If not through me, then through some other man!
Still, in myself he had a purpose too,
Inalienably mine, to end with me: 2555
This purpose—that, throughout my earthly life,
Mine should be mingled and made up with
thine,—

And we two prove one force and play one part And do one thing. Since death divides the pair, 'T is well that I depart and thou remain Who wast to me as spirit is to flesh: Let the flesh perish, be perceived no more, So thou, the spirit that informed the flesh,

Bend yet awhile, a very flame above	
The rift I drop into the darkness by,—	2565
And bid remember, flesh and spirit once	-505
Worked in the world, one body, for man's sake.	
Never be that abominable show	
Of passive death without a quickening life—	
Admetos only, no Alkestis now!"	2570

Then she: "O thou Admetos, must the pile Of truth on truth, which needs but one truth more To tower up in completeness, trophy-like, Emprize of man, and triumph of the world. Must it go ever to the ground again 2575 Because of some faint heart or faltering hand, Which we, that breathless world about the base, Trusted should carry safe to altitude, Superimpose o' the summit, our supreme Achievement, our victorious coping-stone? 2580 Shall thine, Beloved, prove the hand and heart That fail again, flinch backward at the truth Would cap and crown the structure this last time,— Precipitate our monumental hope And strew the earth ignobly yet once more? 2585 See how, truth piled on truth, the structure wants, Waits just the crowning truth I claim of thee! Wouldst thou, for any joy to be enjoyed, For any sorrow that thou mightst escape, Unwill thy will to reign a righteous king? 2590 Nowise! And were there two lots, death and life,-Life, wherein good resolve should go to air, Death, whereby finest fancy grew plain fact I' the reign of thy survivor, -life or death? Certainly death, thou choosest. Here stand I 2595 The wedded, the beloved one: hadst thou loved Her who less worthily could estimate Both life and death than thou? Not so should say

Admetos, whom Apollon made come court Alkestis in a car, submissive brutes 2600 Of blood were voked to, symbolizing soul Must dominate unruly sense in man. Then, shall Admetos and Alkestis see Good alike, and alike choose, each for each, Good,—and yet, each for other, at the last, 2605 Choose evil? What? thou soundest in my soul To depths below the deepest, reachest good In evil, that makes evil good again, And so allottest to me that I live And not die—letting die, not thee alone, 2610 But all true life that lived in both of us? Look at me once ere thou decree the lot!"

Therewith her whole soul entered into his, He looked the look back, and Alkestis died.

And even while it lay, i' the look of him,

Dead, the dimmed body, bright Alkestis' soul

Had penetrated through the populace

Of ghosts, was got to Koré,—throned and crowned

The pensive queen o' the twilight, where she

dwells

Forever in a muse, but half away
From flowery earth she lost and hankers for,—
And there demanded to become a ghost
Before the time.

2625

Whereat the softened eyes Of the lost maidenhood that lingered still Straying among the flowers in Sicily, Sudden was startled back to Hades' throne By that demand: broke through humanity Into the orbed omniscience of a God, Searched at a glance Alkestis to the soul,

And said—while a long slow sigh lost itself I' the hard and hollow passage of a laugh:

2630

"Hence, thou deceiver! This is not to die,
If, by the very death which mocks me now,
The life, that 's left behind and past my power,
Is formidably doubled. Say, there fight

Two athletes, side by side, each athlete armed
With only half the weapons, and no more,
Adequate to a contest with their foe:
If one of these should fling helm, sword and shield
To fellow—shieldless, swordless, helmless late—

And so leap naked o'er the barrier, leave
A combatant equipped from head to heel,
Yet cry to the other side 'Receive a friend
Who fights no longer!' 'Back, friend, to the
fray!'

Would be the prompt rebuff; I echo it. Two souls in one were formidable odds: Admetos must not be himself and thou!"

2645

And so, before the embrace relaxed a whit, The lost eyes opened, still beneath the look; And lo, Alkestis was alive again, And of Admetos' rapture who shall speak?

2650

So, the two lived together long and well.
But never could I learn, by word of scribe
Or voice of poet, rumour wafts our way,
That—of the scheme of rule in righteousness,
The bringing back again the Golden Age,
Which, rather than renounce, our pair would die—
That ever one faint particle came true,
With both alive to bring it to effect:
Such is the envy Gods still bear mankind!

So might our version of the story prove, And no Euripidean pathos plague Too much my critic-friend of Syracuse.

"Besides your poem failed to get the prize:
(That is, the first prize: second prize is none).
Sophokles got it!" Honour the great name!
All cannot love two great names; yet some do:
I know the poetess who graved in gold,
Among her glories that shall never fade,
This style and title for Euripides,
The Human with his droppings of warm tears.

I know, too, a great Kaunian painter, strong As Herakles, though rosy with a robe Of grace that softens down the sinewy strength: And he has made a picture of it all. 2675 There lies Alkestis dead, beneath the sun, She longed to look her last upon, beside The sea, which somehow tempts the life in us To come trip over its white waste of waves, And try escape from earth, and fleet as free. 2680 Behind the body, I suppose there bends Old Pheres in his hoary impotence; And women-wailers, in a corner crouch -Four, beautiful as you four-yes, indeed !-Close, each to other, agonizing all, 2685 As fastened, in fear's rhythmic sympathy, To two contending opposite. There strains The might o' the hero 'gainst his more than match, -Death, dreadful not in thew and bone, but like The envenomed substance that exudes some dew 2690 Whereby the merely honest flesh and blood Will fester up and run to ruin straight, Ere they can close with, clasp and overcome The poisonous impalpability

SAVIOUR OF SOCIETY

BALAUSTION'S ADVENTURE

That simulates a form beneath the flow
Of those grey garments; I pronounce that piece
Worthy to set up in our Poikilé!

And all came,—glory of the golden verse,
And passion of the picture, and that fine
Frank outgush of the human gratitude
Which saved our ship and me, in Syracuse,—
Ay, and the tear or two which slipt perhaps
Away from you, friends, while I told my tale,
—It all came of this play that gained no prize!
Why crown whom Zeus has crowned in soul before? 2705

I slew the Hydra, and from labour pass'd To labour—tribes of labours! Till, at last, Attempting one more labour, in a trice, Alack, with ills I crowned the edifice.

20

Who finds me hardly grey, and likes my nose, And thinks a man of sixty at the prime? Good! It shall be! Revealment of myself! But listen, for we must co-operate; I don't drink tea: permit me the cigar!

First, how to make the matter plain, of course— What was the law by which I lived. Let 's see: Ay, we must take one instant of my life Spent sitting by your side in this neat room: Watch well the way I use it, and don't laugh! Here 's paper on the table, pen and ink: 30 Give me the soiled bit—not the pretty rose! See! having sat an hour, I'm rested now, Therefore want work: and spy no better work For eye and hand and mind that guides them both. During this instant, than to draw my pen 35 From blot One—thus—up, up to blot Two—thus— Which I at last reach, thus, and here 's my line Five inches long and tolerably straight: Better to draw than leave undrawn, I think, Fitter to do than let alone, I hold, 40 Though better, fitter, by but one degree. Therefore it was that, rather than sit still Simply, my right-hand drew it while my left Pulled smooth and pinched the moustache to a point.

Now I permit your plump lips to unpurse:

"So far, one possibly may understand
"Without recourse to witchcraft!" True, my dear.

Thus folks begin with Euclid,—finish, how?

Trying to square the circle!—at any rate,

Solving abstruser problems than this first

"How find the nearest way'twixt point and point."

Deal but with moral mathematics so—

Master one merest moment's work of mine,	
Even this practising with pen and ink,—	
Demonstrate why I rather plied the quill	55
Than left the space a blank,—you gain a fact,	30
And God knows what a fact 's worth! So proceed	
By inference from just this moral fact	
—I don't say, to that plaguy quadrature	
"What the whole man meant, whom you wish you	
knew,"	60
But, what meant certain things he did of old,	00
Which puzzled Europe,—why, you'll find them	
plain,	
This way, not otherwise: I guarantee,	
Understand one, you comprehend the rest.	
Rays from all round converge to any point:	٠.
Study the point then ere you track the rays!	65
The size o' the circle's nothings, subdivide	
The size of the circle 's nothing; subdivide	
Earth, and earth's smallest grain of mustard-seed,	
You count as many parts, small matching large,	
If you can use the mind's eye: otherwise,	70
Material optics, being gross at best,	
Prefer the large and leave our mind the small—	
And pray how many folk have minds can see?	
Certainly you—and somebody in Thrace	
Whose name escapes me at the moment. You—	75
Lend me your mind then! Analyse with me	
This instance of the line 'twixt blot and blot	
I rather chose to draw than leave a blank,	
Things else being equal. You are taught thereby	
That 't is my nature, when I am at ease,	80
Rather than idle out my life too long,	
To want to do a thing—to put a thought,	
Whether a great thought or a little one,	
Into an act, as nearly as may be.	
Make what is absolutely new—I can't,	85
Mar what is made already well enough—	
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I won't: but turn to best account the thing
That 's half-made—that I can. Two blots, you
saw

I knew how to extend into a line Symmetric on the sheet they blurred before— Such little act sufficed, this time, such thought.

Now, we'll extend rays, widen out the verge,
Describe a larger circle; leave this first
Clod of an instance we began with, rise
To the complete world many clods effect.
Only continue patient while I throw,
Delver-like, spadeful after spadeful up,
Just as truths come, the subsoil of me, mould
Whence spring my moods: your object,—just to
find,

Alike from handlift and from barrow-load,
What salts and silts may constitute the earth—
If it be proper stuff to blow man glass,
Or bake him pottery, bear him oaks or wheat—
What 's born of me, in brief; which found, all 's known.

If it were genius did the digging-job,
Logic would speedily sift its product smooth
And leave the crude truths bare for poetry;
But I'm no poet, and am stiff i' the back.
What one spread fails to bring, another may.
In goes the shovel and out comes scoop—as here! 110

I live to please myself. I recognize
Power passing mine, immeasurable, God—
Above me, whom He made, as heaven beyond
Earth—to use figures which assist our sense.
I know that He is there as I am here,
By the same proof, which seems no proof at all,
It so exceeds familiar forms of proof.

115

90

95

100

Why "there," not "here"? Because, when I say "there," I treat the feeling with distincter shape That space exists between us: I, -not He, -120 Live, think, do human work here-no machine, His will moves, but a being by myself, His, and not He who made me for a work, Watches my working, judges its effect. But does not interpose. He did so once, 125 And probably will again some time-not now, Life being the minute of mankind, not God's, In a certain sense, like time before and time After man's earthly life, so far as man Needs apprehend the matter. Am I clear? 130 Suppose I bid a courier take to-night (. . . Once for all, let me talk as if I smoked Yet in the Residenz, a personage: I must still represent the thing I was, Galvanically make dead muscle play, 135 Or how shall I illustrate muscle's use?) I could then, last July, bid courier take Message for me, post-haste, a thousand miles. I bid him, since I have the right to bid, And, my part done so far, his part begins; 140 He starts with due equipment, will and power, Means he may use, misuse, not use at all, At his discretion, at his peril too. I leave him to himself: but, journey done, I count the minutes, call for the result 145 In quickness and the courier quality, Weigh its worth, and then punish or reward According to proved service; not before. Meantime, he sleeps through noontide, rides till dawn, Sticks to the straight road, tries the crooked path, 150 Measures and manages resource, trusts, doubts

Advisers by the wayside, does his best At his discretion, lags or launches forth, (He knows and I know) at his peril too. You see? Exactly thus men stand to God: 155 I with my courier, God with me. I have His bidding to perform; but mind And body, all of me, though made and meant For that sole service, must consult, concert With my own self and nobody beside, 160 How to effect the same: God helps not else. 'T is I who, with my stock of craft and strength. Choose the directer cut across the hedge, Or keep the foot-track that respects a crop. Lie down and rest, rise up and run,—live spare, 165 Feed free,—all that 's my business: but, arrive, Deliver message, bring the answer back, And make my bow, I must: then God will speak. Praise me or haply blame as service proves. To other men, to each and everyone, 170 Another law! what likelier? God, perchance, Grants each new man, by some as new a mode, Intercommunication with Himself, Wreaking on finiteness infinitude: By such a series of effects, gives each 175 Last His own imprint: old yet ever new The process: 't is the way of Deity. How it succeeds, He knows: I only know That varied modes of creatureship abound, Implying just as varied intercourse 180 For each with the creator of them all. Each has his own mind and no other's mode. What mode may yours be? I shall sympathize! No doubt, you, good young lady that you are, Despite a natural naughtiness or two, 185 Turn eyes up like a Pradier Magdalen And see an outspread providential hand

Above the owl's-wing aigrette-guard and guide-Visibly o'er your path, about your bed, Through all your practisings with London-town. It points, you go; it stays fixed, and you stop: You quicken its procedure by a word Spoken, a thought in silence, prayer and praise. Well. I believe that such a hand may stoop, And such appeals to it may stave off harm, 195 Pacify the grim guardian of this Square. And stand you in good stead on quarter-day: Quite possible in your case; not in mine. "Ah, but I choose to make the difference. Find the emancipation?" No, I hope! 200 If I deceive myself, take noon for night, Please to become determinedly blind To the true ordinance of human life. Through mere presumption—that is my affair. And truly a grave one; but as grave I think 205 Your affair, yours, the specially observed,-Each favoured person that perceives his path Pointed him, inch by inch, and looks above For guidance, through the mazes of this world, In what we call its meanest life-career 210 -Not how to manage Europe properly, But how keep open shop, and yet pay rent, Rear household, and make both ends meet, the same. I say, such man is no less tasked than I To duly take the path appointed him 215 By whatsoever sign he recognize. Our insincerity on both our heads! No matter what the object of a life,

You 've read a ton's weight, now, of newspaper-

Small work or large,—the making thrive a shop,

There are known fruits to judge obedience by.

220

Or seeing that an empire take no harm,—

Lives of me, gabble about the kind of prince—You know my work i' the rough; I ask you, then, Do I appear subordinated less
To hand-impulsion, one prime push for all,
Than little lives of men, the multitude
That cried out, every quarter of an hour,
For fresh instructions, did or did not work,
And praised in the odd minutes?

Eh, my dear? 230 Such is the reason why I acquiesced In doing what seemed best for me to do. So as to please myself on the great scale, Having regard to immortality No less than life-did that which head and heart Prescribed my hand, in measure with its means Of doing—used my special stock of power— Not from the aforesaid head and heart alone, But every sort of helpful circumstance, Some problematic and some nondescript: 240 All regulated by the single care I' the last resort—that I made thoroughly serve The when and how, toiled where was need, reposed As resolutely at the proper point, Braved sorrow, courted joy, to just one end: 245 Namely, that just the creature I was bound To be, I should become, nor thwart at all God's purpose in creation. I conceive No other duty possible to man,— Highest mind, lowest mind, no other law 250 By which to judge life failure or success: What folk call being saved or cast away.

Such was my rule of life: I worked my best Subject to ultimate judgment, God's not man's. Well then, this settled,—take your tea, I beg,

And meditate the fact, 'twixt sip and sip,—
This settled—why I pleased myself, you saw,
By turning blot and blot into a line,
O' the little scale,—we'll try now (as your tongue
Tries the concluding sugar-drop) what 's meant
To please me most o' the great scale. Why, just
now,

With nothing else to do within my reach, Did I prefer making two blots one line To making yet another separate Third blot, and leaving those I found unlinked? 265 It meant, I like to use the thing I find, Rather than strive at unfound novelty: I make the best of the old, nor try for new. Such will to act, such choice of action's way, Constitute—when at work on the great scale, 270 Driven to their farthest natural consequence By all the help from all the means—my own Particular faculty of serving God, Instinct for putting power to exercise Upon some wish and want o' the time, I prove 275 Possible to mankind as best I may. This constitutes my mission,—grant the phrase,— Namely, to rule men—men within my reach, To order, influence and dispose them so As render solid and stabilify 280 Mankind in particles, the light and loose, For their good and my pleasure in the act. Such good accomplished proves twice good to me-

Good for its own sake, as the just and right, And, in the effecting also, good again To me its agent, tasked as suits my taste.

Is this much easy to be understood At first glance? Now begin the steady gaze! 285

My rank—(if I must tell you simple truth—	
Telling were else not worth the whiff o' the weed	200
I lose for the tale's sake)—dear, my rank i' the	•
world	
Is hard to know and name precisely: err	
I may, but scarcely over-estimate	
My style and title. Do I class with men	
Most useful to their fellows? Possibly,—	20.5
Therefore, in some sort, best; but, greatest mind	295
And rarest nature? Evidently no.	
A conservator, call me, if you please,	
Not a creator nor destroyer: one	
Who keeps the world safe. I profess to trace	300
The broken circle of society,	300
Dim actual order, I can redescribe	
Not only where some segment silver-true	
Staysclear, but where the breaks of black commence	
Baffling you all who want the eye to probe—	305
As I make out you problematic thin	203
White paring of your thumb-nail outside there,	
Above the plaster-monarch on his steed—	
See an inch, name an ell, and prophesy	
O' the rest that ought to follow, the round moon	310
Now hiding in the night of things: that round,	J. C
I labour to demonstrate moon enough	
For the month's purpose,—that society,	
Render efficient for the age's need:	
Preserving you in either case the old,	315
Nor aiming at a new and greater thing,	J -J
A sun for moon, a future to be made	
By first abolishing the present law:	
No such proud task for me by any means!	
History shows you men whose master-touch	320
Not so much modifies as makes anew:	•
Minds that transmute nor need restore at all.	
A breath of God made manifest in flesh	

Subjects the world to change, from time to time,	
Alters the whole conditions of our race	325
Abruptly, not by unperceived degrees	
Nor play of elements already there,	
But quite new leaven, leavening the lump,	
And liker, so, the natural process. See!	
Where winter reigned for ages—by a turn	330
I' the time, some star-change, (ask geologists)	
The ice-tracts split, clash, splinter and disperse,	
And there 's an end of immobility,	
Silence, and all that tinted pageant, base	
To pinnacle, one flush from fairyland	335
Dead-asleep and deserted somewhere,—see !—	
As a fresh sun, wave, spring and joy outburst.	
Or else the earth it is, time starts from trance,	
Her mountains tremble into fire, her plains	
Heave blinded by confusion: what result?	340
New teeming growth, surprises of strange life	
Impossible before, a world broke up	
And re-made, order gained by law destroyed.	
Not otherwise, in our society	
Follow like portents, all as absolute	345
Regenerations: they have birth at rare	
Uncertain unexpected intervals	
O' the world, by ministry impossible	
Before and after fulness of the days:	
Some dervish desert-spectre, swordsman, saint,	350
Law-giver, lyrist,—oh, we know the names!	
Quite other these than I. Our time requires	
No such strange potentate,—who else would	
dawn,—	
No fresh force till the old have spent itself.	
Such seems the natural economy.	355
To shoot a beam into the dark, assists:	
To make that beam do fuller service, spread	
And utilize such hounty to the height.	

That assists also,—and that work is mine.	
I recognize, contemplate, and approve	360
The general compact of society,	500
Not simply as I see effected good,	
But good i' the germ, each chance that 's possible	
I' the plan traced so far: all results, in short,	
The hotton on women of the accomption due	365
To those exceptional natures, unlike mine,	3-3
Who, helping, thwarting, conscious, unaware,	
Did somehow manage to so far describe	
This diagram left ready to my hand,	
TITE INTO THE PROPERTY OF THE	370
See failure, see what makes or mars throughout.	٠,
How shall I else but help complete this plan	
Of which I know the purpose and approve,	
By letting stay therein what seems to stand,	
And adding good thereto of easier reach	375
To-day than yesterday?	
So much, no more!	
Whereon, "No more than that?"—inquire ag-	
grieved	
Half of my critics: "nothing new at all?	
The old plan saved, instead of a sponged slate	
And fresh-drawn figure?"—while, "So much as	
that?"	380
Object their fellows of the other faith:	
"Leave uneffaced the crazy labyrinth	
Of alteration and amendment, lines	
Which every dabster felt in duty bound	
To signalize his power of pen and ink	385
By adding to a plan once plain enough?	
Why keep each fool's bequeathment, scratch and	

Well, that 's my mission, so I serve the world, 390 Figure as man o' the moment, -in default Of somebody inspired to strike such change Into society—from round to square, The ellipsis to the rhomboid, how you please, As suits the size and shape o' the world he finds. But this I can, - and nobody my peer, -Do the best with the least change possible: Carry the incompleteness on, a stage, Make what was crooked straight, and roughness smooth, And weakness strong: wherein if I succeed, 400 It will not prove the worst achievement, sure, In the eyes at least of one man, one I look Nowise to catch in critic company: To-wit, the man inspired, the genius' self Destined to come and change things thoroughly. 405 He, at least, finds his business simplified, Distinguishes the done from undone, reads Plainly what meant and did not mean this time We live in, and I work on, and transmit To such successor: he will operate 410 On good hard substance, not mere shade and shine. Let all my critics, born to idleness And impotency, get their good, and have Their hooting at the giver: I am deaf-Who find great good in this society, 415 Great gain, the purchase of great labour. Touch The work I may and must, but-reverent In every fall o' the finger-tip, no doubt. Perhaps I find all good there 's warrant for I' the world as yet: nay, to the end of time,— Since evil never means part company With mankind, only shift side and change shape. I find advance i' the main, and notably

The Present an improvement on the Past, And promise for the Future—which shall prove 425 Only the Present with its rough made smooth. Its indistinctness emphasized; I hope No better, nothing newer for mankind, But something equably smoothed everywhere. Good, reconciled with hardly-quite-as-good, 430 Instead of good and bad each jostling each. "And that's all?" Ay, and quite enough for me! We have toiled so long to gain what gain I find I' the Present,—let us keep it! We shall toil So long before we gain—if gain God grant— 435 A Future with one touch of difference I' the heart of things, and not their outside face,— Let us not risk the whiff of my cigar For Fourier, Comte, and all that ends in smoke!

This I see clearest probably of men 440 With power to act and influence, now alive: Juster than they to the true state of things; In consequence, more tolerant that, side By side, shall co-exist and thrive alike In the age, the various sorts of happiness,— Moral, mark!—not material—moods o' the mind Suited to man and man his opposite: Say, minor modes of movement—hence to there, Or thence to here, or simply round about— So long as each toe spares its neighbour's kibe, Nor spoils the major march and main advance. The love of peace, care for the family, Contentment with what 's bad but might be worse-Good movements these! and good, too, discon-

108

Into becoming better, anyhow:

So long as that spurs good, which might be best, 455

tent.

Good—pride of country, putting hearth and home I' the back-ground, out of undue prominence: Good—yearning after change, strife, victory, And triumph. Each shall have its orbit marked, 460 But no more,—none impede the other's path In this wide world,—though each and all alike Save for me, fain would spread itself through space And leave its fellow not an inch of way. I rule and regulate the course, excite, 465 Restrain: because the whole machine should march Impelled by those diversely-moving parts. Each blind to aught beside its little bent. Out of the turnings round and round inside, Comes that straightforwardworld-advance, I want, 470 And none of them supposes God wants too And gets through just their hindrance and my help. I think that to have held the balance straight For twenty years, say, weighing claim and claim, And giving each its due, no less no more, 475 This was good service to humanity, Right usage of my power in head and heart, And reasonable piety beside. Keep those three points in mind while judging me! You stand, perhaps, for some one man, not men,— 480 Represent this or the other interest, Nor mind the general welfare,—so, impugn My practice and dispute my value: why? You man of faith, I did not tread the world Into a paste, and thereof make a smooth 485 Uniform mound whereon to plant your flag, The lily-white, above the blood and brains! Nor yet did I, you man of faithlessness,

So roll things to the level which you love,

That you could stand at ease there and survey The universal Nothing undisgraced By pert obtrusion of some old church-spire I' the distance! Neither friend would I content Nor, as the world were simply meant for him, Thrust out his fellow and mend God's mistake. Why, you two fools,—my dear friends all th same,—	401
Is it some change o' the world and nothing else Contents you? Should whatever was, not be? How thanklessly you view things! There 's the root	2
Of the evil, source of the entire mistake: You see no worth i' the world, nature and life, Unless we change what is to what may be, Which means,—may be, i' the brain of one of you! "Reject what is?"—all capabilities—	500
Nay, you may style them chances if you choose—All chances, then, of happiness that lie Open to anybody that is born, Tumbles into this life and out again,— All that may happen, good and evil too,	- 505
If the space between, to each adventurer Upon this 'sixty, Anno Domini: A life to live—and such a life! a world To learn, one's lifetime in,—and such a world! How did the foolish ever pass for wise	510
Or worm or what 's most insignificant? "O littleness of man!" deplores the bard; And then, for fear the Powers should punish him, "O grandeur of the visible universe	51 5
Our human littleness contrasts withal! O sun, O moon, ye mountains and thou sea, Thou emblem of immensity, thou this, That, and the other,—what impertinence	520

In man to eat and drink and walk about And have his little notions of his own, 525 The while some wave sheds foam upon the shore!" First of all, 't is a lie some three-times thick: The bard,—this sort of speech being poetry,— The bard puts mankind well outside himself And then begins instructing them: "This way 530 I and my friend the sea conceive of you! What would you give to think such thoughts as ours Of you and the sea together?" Down they go On the humbled knees of them: at once they draw Distinction, recognize no mate of theirs 535 In one, despite his mock humility, So plain a match for what he plays with. Next, The turn of the great ocean-playfellow, When the bard, leaving Bond Street very far From ear-shot, cares not to ventriloguize, 540 But tells the seaits home-truths: "You, my match? You, all this terror and immensity And what not? Shall I tell you what you are? Iust fit to hitch into a stanza, so Wake up and set in motion who 's asleep 545 O' the other side of you in England, else Unaware, as folk pace their Bond Street now, Somebody here despises them so much! Between us,—they are the ultimate! to them And their perception go these lordly thoughts: 550 Since what were ocean—mane and tail, to boot— Mused I not here, how make thoughts thinkable? Start forth my stanza and astound the world! Back, billows, to your insignificance! Deep, you are done with!

Learn, my gifted friend, 555 There are two things i' the world, still wiser folk

Accept—intelligence and sympathy.	
You pant about unutterable power	
I' the ocean, all you feel but cannot speak?	
Why, that 's the plainest speech about it all.	-60
You did not feel what was not to be felt.	560
Well, then, all else but what man feels is nought-	
The wash o' the liquor that o'erbrims the cup	
Called man, and runs to waste adown his side,	
Perhaps to feed a cataract,—who cares?	
I'll tell you: all the more I know mankind,	565
The more I thank God, like my grandmother,	
For making me a little lower than	
The angels, honour-clothed and glory-crowned:	
This is the honour,—that no thing I know,	
Feel or conceive, but I can make my own	570
Somehow, by use of hand or head or heart:	
This is the glory,—that in all conceived,	
Or felt or known, I recognize a mind	
Not mine but like mine,—for the double joy,—	
Making all things for me and me for Him.	5 <i>7</i> 5
There's folly for you at this time of day!	
So think it! and enjoy your ignorance	
Of what—no matter for the worthy's name—	
Wisdom set working in a noble heart,	
When he, who was earth's best geometer	580
Up to that time of day, consigned his life	
With its results into one matchless book,	
The triumph of the human mind so far,	
All in geometry man yet could do:	" O.
And then wrote on the dedication-page	585
In place of name the universe applauds,	
"But, God, what a geometer art Thou!"	
I suppose Heaven is, through Eternity,	
The equalizing, ever and anon,	500
In momentary rapture, great with small,	590
Omniscience with intelligency, God	
7	

With man,—the thunder-glow from pole to pole Abolishing, a blissful moment-space, Great cloud alike and small cloud, in one fire-595 As sure to ebb as sure again to flow When the new receptivity deserves The new completion. There 's the Heaven for me. And I say, therefore, to live out one's life I' the world here, with the chance, —whether by pain 600 Or pleasure be the process, long or short The time, august or mean the circumstance To human eye, -of learning how set foot Decidedly on some one path to Heaven, Touch segment in the circle whence all lines 605 Lead to the centre equally, red lines Or black lines, so they but produce themselves— This, I do say,—and here my sermon ends,— This makes it worth our while to tenderly Handle a state of things which mend we might, Mar we may, but which meanwhile helps so far. Therefore my end is—save society!

"And that's all?" twangs the never-failing taunt O' the foe-"No novelty, creativeness, Mark of the master that renews the age?" 615 "Nay, all that?" rather will demur my judge I look to hear some day, nor friend nor foe-"Did you attain, then, to perceive that God Knew what He undertook when He made things?" Ay: that my task was to co-operate 620 Rather than play the rival, chop and change The order whence comes all the good we know, With this,—good's last expression to our sense,— That there 's a further good conceivable Beyond the utmost earth can realize: 625 And, therefore, that to change the agency, The evil whereby good is brought about-VOL. VII 113

Try to make good do good as evil does-Were just as if a chemist, wanting white. And knowing black ingredients bred the dve. 630 Insisted these too should be white for sooth! Correct the evil, mitigate your best. Blend mild with harsh, and soften black to grav If grav may follow with no detriment To the eventual perfect purity! 635 But as for hazarding the main result By hoping to anticipate one half In the intermediate process,—no, my friends! This bad world, I experience and approve; Your good world,—with no pity, courage, hope, Fear, sorrow, joy,—devotedness, in short, Which I account the ultimate of man, Of which there 's not one day nor hour but brings, In flower or fruit, some sample of success, Out of this same society I save— 645 None of it for me! That I might have none, I rapped your tampering knuckles twenty years. Such was the task imposed me, such my end.

Now for the means thereto. Ah, confidence— Keep we together or part company? 650 This is the critical minute! "Such my end?" Certainly; how could it be otherwise? Can there be question which was the right task-To save or to destroy society? Why, even prove that, by some miracle, 655 Destruction were the proper work to choose, And that a torch best remedies what 's wrong I' the temple, whence the long procession wound Of powers and beauties, earth's achievements all, The human strength that strove and overthrew, - 600 The human love that, weak itself, crowned strength,—

The instinct crying "God is whence I came!"-The reason laying down the law "And such His will i' the world must be!"—the leap and shout Of genius "For I hold His very thoughts, The meaning of the mind of Him!"—nay, more, The ingenuities, each active force That turning in a circle on itself Looks neither up nor down but keeps the spot, Mere creature-like, and, for religion, works, Works only and works ever, makes and shapes 670 And changes, still wrings more of good from less, Still stamps some bad out, where was worst before, So leaves the handiwork, the act and deed, Were it but house and land and wealth, to show Here was a creature perfect in the kind— 675 Whether as bee, beaver, or behemoth, What 's the importance? he has done his work For work's sake, worked well, earned a creature's praise;— I say, concede that same fane, whence deploys Age after age, all this humanity, 680 Diverse but ever dear, out of the dark Behind the altar into the broad day By the portal—enter, and, concede there mocks Each lover of free motion and much space A perplexed length of apse and aisle and nave, — 685 Pillared roof and carved screen, and what care I?— Which irk the movement and impede the march,— Nay, possibly, bring flat upon his nose At some odd break-neck angle, by some freak Of old-world artistry, that personage 690 Who, could he but have kept his skirts from grief And catching at the hooks and crooks about, Had stepped out on the daylight of our time Plainly the man of the age,—still, still, I bar

695

Excessive conflagration in the case.

"Shake the flame freely!" shout the multitude:
The architect approves I stuck my torch
Inside a good stout lantern, hung its light
Above the hooks and crooks, and ended so.
To save society was well: the means
Whereby to save it,—there begins the doubt
Permitted you, imperative on me;
Were mine the best means? Did I work aright
With powers appointed me?—since powers denied 705
Concern me nothing.

Well, my work reviewed Fairly, leaves more hope than discouragement. First, there 's the deed done: what I found, I leave,— What tottered, I kept stable: if it stand One month, without sustainment, still thank me The twenty years' sustainer! Now, observe. Sustaining is no brilliant self-display Like knocking down or even setting up : Much bustle these necessitate; and still To vulgar eye, the mightier of the myth 715 Is Hercules, who substitutes his own For Atlas' shoulder and supports the globe A whole day, -not the passive and obscure Atlas who bore, ere Hercules was born, And is to go on bearing that same load 720 When Hercules turns ash on Œta's top. 'T is the transition-stage, the tug and strain, That strike men: standing still is stupici-like. My pressure was too constant on the whole For any part's eruption into space 725 Mid sparkles, crackling, and much praise of me. I saw that, in the ordinary life, Many of the little make a mass of men Important beyond greatness here and there;

As certainly as, in life exceptional,	730
When old things terminate and new commence,	
A solitary great man 's worth the world.	
God takes the business into His own hands	
At such time: who creates the novel flower	
Contrives to guard and give it breathing-room:	<i>7</i> 35
I merely tend the corn-field, care for crop,	
And weed no acre thin to let emerge	
What prodigy may stifle there perchance,	
-No, though my eye have noted where he lurks.	
Oh those mute myriads that spoke loud to me—	740
The eyes that craved to see the light, the mouths	
That sought the daily bread and nothing more,	
The hands that supplicated exercise,	
Men that had wives, and women that had babes,	
And all these making suit to only live!	745
Was I to turn aside from husbandry,	
Leave hope of harvest for the corn, my care,	
To play at horticulture, rear some rose	
Or poppy into perfect leaf and bloom	
When, mid the furrows, up was pleased to sprout	750
Some man, cause, system, special interest	
I ought to study, stop the world meanwhile?	
"But I am Liberty, Philanthropy,	
Enlightenment, or Patriotism, the power	
Whereby you are to stand or fall!" cries each:	<i>7</i> 55
"Mine and mine only be the flag you flaunt!"	
And, when I venture to object "Meantime,	
What of you myriads with no flag at all—	
My crop which, who flaunts flag must tread across?"	
"Now, this it is to have a puny mind!"	760
Admire my mental prodigies: "down-down-	
Ever at home o' the level and the low,	
There bides he brooding! Could he look above,	
With less of the owl and more of the eagle eye,	
He 'd see there 's no way helps the little cause	<i>7</i> 65

Like the attainment of the great. Dare first	
The chief emprize; dispel you cloud between	
The sun and us; nor fear that, though our heads	
Find earlier warmth and comfort from his ray,	
What lies about our feet, the multitude.	<i>77</i> 0
Will fail of benefaction presently.	//0
Come now, let each of us awhile cry truce	
To special interests, make common cause	
Against the adversary—or perchance	
Mere dullard to his own plain interest!	771
Which of us will you choose?—since needs must be	<i>77</i> 5
Some one o' the warring causes you incline	
To hold, i' the main, has right and should prevail:	
Why not adopt and give it prevalence?	
Choose strict Faith or lax Incredulity,—	
King, Caste and Cultus—or the Rights of Man,	780
Sovereignty of each Proudhon o'er himself,	
And all that follows in just consequence!	
Go free the stranger from a foreign yoke;	
Or stay, concentrate energy at home;	
Succeed!—when he deserves, the stranger will.	785
Comply with the Great Nation's impulse, print	
By force of arms,—since reason pleads in vain,	
And, mid the sweet compulsion, pity weeps,—	
Hohenstiel-Schwangau on the universe!	
Snub the Great Nation, cure the impulsive itch	790
With smartest fillip on a restless nose	
Was ever launched by thumb and finger! Bid	
Hohenstiel-Schwangau first repeal the tax	
On pig-tails and pomatum, and then mind	
Abstruser matters for next century!	795
Is your choice made? Why then, act up to choice!	
Leave the illogical touch now here now there	
I' the way of work, the tantalizing help	
First to this, then the other opposite:	000
The blowing hot and cold, sham policy,	800
THE Slowing not and cold, shall policy,	
• • • •	

Sure ague of the mind and nothing more, Disease of the perception or the will, That fain would hide in a fine name! Your choice, Speak it out and condemn yourself thereby!"

805

Well, Leicester-square is not the Residenz: Instead of shrugging shoulder, turning friend The deaf ear, with a wink to the police— I 'll answer-by a question, wisdom's mode. How many years, o' the average, do men 810 Live in this world? Some score, say computists. Ouintuple me that term and give mankind The likely hundred, and with all my heart I'll take your task upon me, work your way, Concentrate energy on some one cause: 815 Since, counseller, I also have my cause, My flag, my faith in its effect, my hope In its eventual triumph for the good O' the world. And once upon a time, when I Was like all you, mere voice and nothing more, 820 Myself took wings, soared sunward, and thence sang "Look where I live i' the loft, come up to me, Groundlings, nor grovel longer! gain this height, And prove you breathe here better than below! Why, what emancipation far and wide 825 Will follow in a trice! They too can soar, Each tenant of the earth's circumference Claiming to elevate humanity, They also must attain such altitude, Live in the luminous circle that surrounds 830 The planet, not the leaden orb itself. Press out, each point, from surface to you verge Which one has gained and guaranteed your realm!" Ay, still my fragments wander, music-fraught, Sighs of the soul, mine once, mine now, and mine 835 For ever! Crumbled arch, crushed aqueduct,

Alive with tremors in the shaggy growth	
Of wild-wood, crevice-sown, that triumphs there	
Imparting exultation to the hills!	
Sweep of the swathe when only the winds walk	840
And waft my words above the grassy sea	
Under the blinding blue that basks o'er Rome,-	
Hear ye not still—"Be Italy again"?	
And ye, what strikes the panic to your heart?	
Decrepit council-chambers,—where some lamp	845
Drives the unbroken black three paces off	.,
From where the greybeards huddle in debate,	
Dim cowls and capes, and midmost glimmers one	
Like tarnished gold, and what they say is doubt,	
And what they think is fear, and what suspends	850
The breath in them is not the plaster-patch	
Time disengages from the painted wall	
Where Rafael moulderingly bids adieu,	
Nor tick of the insect turning tapestry	
Which a queen's finger traced of old, to dust:	855
But some word, resonant, redoubtable,	
Of who once felt upon his head a hand	
Whereof the head now apprehends his foot.	
"Light in Rome, Law in Rome, and Liberty	
O' the soul in Rome—the free Church, the free	
State!	860
Stamp out the nature that 's best typified	
By its embodiment in Peter's Dome,	
The scorpion body with the greedy pair	
Of outstretched nippers, either colonnade	
Agape for the advance of heads and hearts!"	86 5
There 's one cause for you! one and only one,	
I Of I alli vocal infough the liniverse	
I' the workshop, manufactory, exchange	
And market-place, sea-port and custom-house	
O' the frontier: listen if the echoes die— "Unfettered commerce! Power to speak and hear	870
COMMINICICEL FOWER TO Charle and have	

And print and read! The universal vote!	
Its rights for labour!" This, with much beside,	
I spoke when I was voice and nothing more,	
But altogether such an one as you	875
My censors. "Voice, and nothing more, indeed!"	
Re-echoes round me: "that's the censure, there's	
Involved the ruin of you soon or late!	
Voice,—when its promise beat the empty air:	
And nothing more,—when solid earth's your stage,	880
And we desiderate performance, deed	
For word, the realizing all you dreamed	
In the old days: now, for deed, we find at door	
O' the council-chamber posted, mute as mouse,	
Hohenstiel-Schwangau, sentry and safeguard	885
O' the greybeards all a-chuckle, cowl to cape,	
Who challenge Judas, —that 's endearment's	
style,—	
To stop their mouths or let escape grimace,	
While they keep cursing Italy and him.	
The power to speak, hear, print and read is ours?	89 0
Ay, we learn where and how, when clapped inside	
A convict-transport bound for cool Cayenne!	
The universal vote we have: its urn,	
We also have where votes drop, fingered-o'er By the universal Prefect. Say, Trade 's free	
By the universal Prefect. Say, Trade's free	895
And Toil turned master out o' the slave it was:	
What then? These feed man's stomach, but his	
soul	
Craves finer fare, nor lives by bread alone,	
As somebody says somewhere. Hence you stand	
Proved and recorded either false or weak,	900
Faulty in promise or performance: which?"	
Neither, I hope. Once pedestalled on earth, To act not speak, I found earth was not air.	
I saw that multitude of mine, and not	
The nakedness and nullity of air	905
The naredness and numery of an	202

Fit only for a voice to float in free.	
Such eyes I saw that craved the light alone,	
Such mouths that wanted bread and nothing else,	
Such hands that supplicated handiwork,	
Men with the wives, and women with the babes,	910
Yet all these pleading just to live, not die!	9.0
Did I believe one whit less in belief,	
Take truth for falsehood, wish the voice revoked	
That told the truth to heaven for earth to hear?	
No, this should be, and shall; but when and how?	
At what expense to these who average	915
Your twenty years of life, my computists?	
"Not bread alone" but bread before all else	
For these: the bodily want serve first, said I;	
If earth-space and the life-time help not here,	010
Where is the good of body having been?	920
But, helping body, if we somewhat baulk	
The soul of finer fare, such food 's to find	
Elsewhere and afterward—all indicates,	
Even this self-same fact that soul can starve	004
Yet body still exist its twenty years:	925
While, stint the body, there 's an end at once	
U the revel in the fancy that Rome's free	
And superstition's fettered, and one prints	
Whate er one pleases and who pleases reads	0.20
The same, and speaks out and is spoken to	930
And divers hundred thousand fools may vote	
A voic untampered with hy one wise man	
And so elect Barabbas deputy	
In lieu of his concurrent I who tends	016
I he purpose written on the face of this are	935
Totally belloof and childance	
- V Such Sustailliffit spec hangath '-	
- 10 tos; what I take for writing non	
and nounsil with no canco ton	940
O' the sort I solemnly go spelling out,—	>+ ~

Let him! there 's certain work of mine to show Alongside his work: which gives warranty Of shrewder vision in the workman—judge!) I who trace Providence without a break 945 I' the plan of things, drop plumb on this plain print Of an intention with a view to good, That man is made in sympathy with man At outset of existence, so to speak; But in dissociation, more and more, 950 Man from his fellow, as their lives advance In culture; still humanity, that 's born A mass, keeps flying off, fining away Ever into a multitude of points, And ends in isolation, each from each: 955 Peerless above i' the sky, the pinnacle,— Absolute contact, fusion, all below At the base of being. How comes this about? This stamp of God characterizing man And nothing else but man in the universe— 960 That, while he feels with man (to use man's speech) I' the little things of life, its fleshly wants Of food and rest and health and happiness, Its simplest spirit-motions, loves and hates, Hopes, fears, soul-cravings on the ignoblest scale, 965 O' the fellow-creature,—owns the bond at base,— He tends to freedom and divergency In the upward progress, plays the pinnacle When life 's at greatest (grant again the phrase! Because there 's neither great nor small in life). 970 "Consult thou for thy kind that have the eyes To see, the mouths to eat, the hands to work, Men with the wives, and women with the babes!" Prompts Nature. "Care thou for thyself alone I' the conduct of the mind God made thee with! 975 Think, as if man had never thought before!

Act, as if all creation hung attent On the acting of such faculty as thine, To take prime pattern from thy masterpiece!" Nature prompts also: neither law obeyed 980 To the uttermost by any heart and soul We know or have in record: both of them Acknowledged blindly by whatever man We ever knew or heard of in this world. "Will you have why and wherefore, and the fact 985 Made plain as pikestaff?" modern Science asks. "That mass man sprung from was a jelly-lump Once on a time; he kept an after course Through fish and insect, reptile, bird and beast, Till he attained to be an ape at last 990 Or last but one. And if this doctrine shock In aught the natural pride" . . . Friend, banish fear. The natural humility replies! Do you suppose, even I, poor potentate, Hohenstiel-Schwangau, who onceruled the roast,— I was born able at all points to ply My tools? or did I have to learn my trade, Practise as exile ere perform as prince? The world knows something of my ups and downs: But grant me time, give me the management 1000 And manufacture of a model me, Me fifty-fold, a prince without a flaw,— Why, there 's no social grade, the sordidest, My embryo potentate should blink and scape. King, all the better he was cobbler once, 1005 He should know, sitting on the throne, how tastes Life to who sweeps the doorway. But life 's hard, Occasion rare; you cut probation short, And, being half-instructed, on the stage You shuffle through your part as best you can, OIOI And bless your stars, as I do. God takes time.

I like the thought He should have lodged me once	
I' the hole, the cave, the hut, the tenement,	
The mansion and the palace; made me learn	
The feel o' the first, before I found myself	1015
Loftier i' the last, not more emancipate;	
From first to last of lodging, I was I,	
And not at all the place that harboured me.	
Do I refuse to follow farther yet	
I' the backwardness, repine if tree and flower,	1020
Mountain or streamlet were my dwelling-place	
Before I gained enlargement, grew mollusc?	
As well account that way for many a thrill	
Of kinship, I confess to, with the powers	
Called Nature: animate, inanimate,	1025
In parts or in the whole, there 's something there	
Man-like that somehow meets the man in me.	
My pulse goes altogether with the heart	
O' the Persian, that old Xerxes, when he stayed	
His march to conquest of the world, a day	1030
I' the desert, for the sake of one superb	
Plane-tree which queened it there in solitude:	
Giving her neck its necklace, and each arm	
Its armlet, suiting soft waist, snowy side,	
With cincture and apparel. Yes, I lodged	1035
In those successive tenements; perchance	
Taste yet the straitness of them while I stretch	
Limb and enjoy new liberty the more.	
And some abodes are lost or ruinous;	
Some, patched-up and pieced-out, and so trans-	
formed	1040
They still accommodate the traveller	
His day of lifetime. O you count the links,	
Descry no bar of the unbroken man?	
Yes,—and who welds a lump of ore, suppose	
He likes to make a chain and not a bar,	1045
And reach by link on link, link small, link large,	

Out to the due length-why, there's forethought still Outside o' the series, forging at one end, While at the other there 's-no matter what The kind of critical intelligence 1050 Believing that last link had last but one For parent, and no link was, first of all, Fitted to anvil, hammered into shape. Else. I accept the doctrine, and deduce This duty, that I recognize mankind, 1055 In all its height and depth and length and breadth. Mankind i' the main have little wants, not large: I, being of will and power to help, i' the main, Mankind, must help the least wants first. friend. That is, my foe, without such power and will, 1060 May plausibly concentrate all he wields. And do his best at helping some large want, Exceptionally noble cause, that 's seen Subordinate enough from where I stand. As he helps, I helped once, when like himself, 1065 Unable to help better, work more wide: And so would work with heart and hand to-day. Did only computists confess a fault, And multiply the single score by five, Five only, give man's life its hundred years. 1070 Change life, in me shall follow change to match! Time were then, to work here, there, everywhere, By turns and try experiment at ease! Full time to mend as well as mar: why wait The slow and sober uprise all around 1075 O' the building? Let us run up, right to roof, Some sudden marvel, piece of perfectness, And testify what we intend the whole! Is the world losing patience? "Wait!" say we: "There 's time: no generation needs to die 1080

Unsolaced; you've a century in store!"	
But, no: I sadly let the voices wing	
Their way i' the upper vacancy, nor test	
Truth on this solid as I promised once.	
Well, and what is there to be sad about?	1085
The world 's the world, life 's life, and nothing else.	•
'T is part of life, a property to prize,	
That those o' the higher sort engaged i' the world,	
Should fancy they can change its ill to good,	
Wrong to right, ugliness to beauty: find	1090
Enough success in fancy turning fact,	
To keep the sanguine kind in countenance	
And justify the hope that busies them:	
Failure enough,—to who can follow change	
Beyond their vision, see new good prove ill	1095
I' the consequence, see blacks and whites of life	
Shift square indeed, but leave the chequered face	
Unchanged i' the main,—failure enough for such,	
To bid ambition keep the whole from change,	
As their best service. I hope nought beside.	1100
No, my brave thinkers, whom I recognize,	
Gladly, myself the first, as, in a sense,	
All that our world 's worth, flower and fruit of man!	
Such minds myself award supremacy	
Over the common insignificance,	1105
When only Mind 's in question,—Body bows	
To quite another government, you know.	
Be Kant crowned king o' the castle in the air!	
Hans Slouch,—his own, and children's mouths to	
feed	
I' the hovel on the ground,—wants meat, nor	
chews	1110
"The Critique of Pure Reason" in exchange.	
But, now,—suppose I could allow your claims	
And quite change life to please you,—would it	
please?	

Would life comport with change and still be life?	
Ask, now, a doctor for a remedy:	IIIc
There 's his prescription. Bid him point you out	.,
Which of the five or six ingredients saves	
The sick man. "Such the efficacity?	
Then why not dare and do things in one dose	
Simple and pure, all virtue, no alloy	1120
Of the idle drop and powder?" What's his word?	
The efficacity, neat, were neutralized:	
It wants dispersing and retarding,—nay	
Is put upon its mettle, plays its part	
Precisely through such hindrance everywhere.	1125
Finds some mysterious give and take i' the case,	3
Some gain by opposition, he foregoes	
Should he unfetter the medicament.	
So with this thought of yours that fain would work	
Free in the world: it wants just what it finds—	1130
The ignorance, stupidity, the hate,	50
Envy and malice and uncharitableness	
That bar your passage, break the flow of you	
Down from those happy heights where many acloud	
Combined to give you birth and bid you be	1135
The royalest of rivers: on you glide	.03
Silverly till you reach the summit-edge.	
Then over, on to all that ignorance.	
Stupidity, hate, envy, bluffs and blocks.	
Posted to fret you into foam and noise.	1140
what of it? Up you mount in minute mist	-
And bridge the chasm that crushed your quietude	
A spirit-rainbow, earthborn lewelry	
Outsparkling the insipid firmament	
Blue above Terni and its orange-trees.	1145
Do not mistake me! You, too have your rights!	.,
Trans must not burn Kant's house above his hoad	
because he cannot understand Kant's book.	
And still less must Hans' pastor burn Kant's self	

Because Kant understands some books too well. But, justice seen to on this little point, Answer me, is it manly, is it sage To stop and struggle with arrangements here It took so many lives, so much of toil, To tinker up into efficiency? 1155 Can't you contrive to operate at once,— Since time is short and art is long,—to show Your quality i' the world, whate'er you boast, Without this fractious call on folks to crush The world together just to set you free, 1160 Admire the capers you will cut perchance, Nor mind the mischief to your neighbours?

"Age!
Age and experience bring discouragement,"
You taunt me: I maintain " Am I discouraged who, -perceiving health, 1165 Strength, beauty, as they tempt the eye of soul, Are uncombinable with flesh and blood,— Resolve to let my body live its best, And leave my soul what better yet may be Or not be, in this life or afterward? 1170 -In either fortune, wiser than who waits Till magic art procure a miracle. In virtue of my very confidence Mankind ought to outgrow its babyhood, I prescribe rocking, deprecate rough hands, 1175 While thus the cradle holds it past mistake. Indeed, my task 's the harder-equable Sustainment everywhere, all strain, no push-Whereby friends credit me with indolence, "Stand stock-still 1180 Apathy, hesitation. If able to move briskly? 'All a-strain'-So must we compliment your passiveness? Sound asleep, rather!" Ι VOL. VII

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Just the judgment passed Upon a statue, luckless like myself, I saw at Rome once! 'T was some artist's whim 1185 To cover all the accessories close I' the group, and leave you only Laocoön With neither sons nor serpents to denote The purpose of his gesture. Then a crowd Was called to try the question, criticize 1190 Wherefore such energy of legs and arms, Nay, eyeballs, starting from the socket. I give him leave to write my history— Only one said "I think the gesture strives Against some obstacle we cannot see." 1195 All the rest made their minds up. "'T is a yawn Of sheer fatigue subsiding to repose: The statue's 'Somnolency' clear enough!"

There, my arch stranger-friend, my audience both And arbitress, you have one half your wish, 1200 At least: you know the thing I tried to do! All, so far, to my praise and glory—all Told as befits the self-apologist,— Who ever promises a candid sweep And clearance of those errors miscalled crimes 1205 None knows more, none laments so much as he, And ever rises from confession, proved A god whose fault was-trying to be man. Just so, fair judge, -if I read smile aright-I condescend to figure in your eyes 1210 As biggest heart and best of Europe's friends, And hence my failure. God will estimate Success one day; and, in the mean time—you!

I dare say there 's some fancy of the sort Frolicking round this final puff I send To die up yonder in the ceiling-rose,—

Some consolation-stakes, we losers win!
A plague of the return to "I—I—I
Did this, meant that, hoped, feared the other thing!"

Autobiography, adieu! The rest

Shall make amends, be pure blame, history
And falsehood: not the ineffective truth,
But Thiers-and-Victor-Hugo exercise.
Hear what I never was, but might have been
I' the better world where goes tobacco-smoke!
Here lie the dozen volumes of my life:
(Did I say "lie"? the pregnant word will serve).
Cut on to the concluding chapter, though!
Because the little hours begin to strike.
Hurry Thiers-Hugo to the labour's end!

Something like this the unwritten chapter reads.

Exemplify the situation thus! Hohenstiel-Schwangau, being, no dispute, Absolute mistress, chose the Assembly, first, To serve her: chose this man, its President. Afterward, to serve also,—specially To see that folk did service one and all. And now the proper term of years was out When the Head-servant must vacate his place, And nothing lay so patent to the world As that his fellow-servants one and all Were—mildly to make mention—knaves or fools, Each of them with his promise flourished full I' the face of you by word and impudence, Or filtered slyly out by nod and wink And nudge upon your sympathetic rib-That not one minute more did knave or fool Mean to keep faith and serve as he had sworn Hohenstiel-Schwangau, once her Head away.

1235

1240

1245

Why should such swear except to get the chance,	1250
When time should ripen and confusion bloom,	
Of putting Hohenstielers-Schwangauese	
To the true use of human property—	
Restoring souls and bodies, this to Pope,	
And that to King, that other to his planned	1255
Perfection of a Share-and-share-alike,	-
That other still, to Empire absolute	
In shape of the Head-servant's very self	
Transformed to Master whole and sole? each	
scheme	
Discussible, concede one circumstance—	1260
That each scheme's parent were, beside himself,	
Hohenstiel-Schwangau, not her serving-man	
Sworn to do service in the way she chose	
Rather than his way: way superlative,	
Only,—by some infatuation,—his	1265
And his and his and everyone's but hers	1205
Who stuck to just the Assembly and the Head.	
I make no doubt the Head, too, had his dream	
Of doing sudden duty swift and sure	
On all that heap of untrustworthiness—	
Catching each vaunter of the villany	1270
He meant to perpetrate when time was ripe,	
Once the Head-servant fairly out of doors,—	
And, caging here a knave and there a fool,	
Cry "Mistress of your servants, these and me,	1275
Hohenstiel-Schwangau! I, their trusty Head,	
Pounce on a pretty scheme concocting here	
That 's stopped, extinguished by my vigilance.	
Your property is safe again: but mark!	
Safe in these hands, not yours, who lavish trust	1280
Too lightly. Leave my hands their charge awhile!	
I know your business better than yourself:	
Let me alone about it! Some fine day,	
Once we are rid of the embarrassment,	

You shall look up and see your longings crowned!" 1285 Such fancy might have tempted him be false, But this man chose truth and was wiser so. He recognized that for great minds i' the world There is no trial like the appropriate one Of leaving little minds their liberty 1290 Of littleness to blunder on through life, Now, aiming at right ends by foolish means, Now, at absurd achievement through the aid Of good and wise endeavour—to acquiesce In folly's life-long privilege, though with power 1295 To do the little minds the good they need, Despite themselves, by just abolishing Their right to play the part and fill the place I' the scheme of things He schemed who made alike Great minds and little minds, saw use for each. 1300 Could the orb sweep those puny particles It just half-lights at distance, hardly leads I' the leash—sweep out each speck of them from space They anticize in with their days and nights And whirlings round and dancings off, forsooth, And all that fruitless individual life One cannot lend a beam to but they spoil— Sweep them into itself and so, one star, Preponderate henceforth i' the heritage Of heaven! No! in less senatorial phrase, 1310 The man endured to help, not save outright The multitude by substituting him For them, his knowledge, will and way, for God's: Nor change the world, such as it is, and was And will be, for some other, suiting all 1315 Except the purpose of the maker. No! He saw that weakness, wickedness will be, And therefore should be: that the perfect man

As we account perfection—at most pure O' the special gold, whate'er the form it take, 1320 Head-work or heart-work, fined and thrice-refined I' the crucible of life, whereto the powers Of the refiner, one and all, are flung To feed the flame, he saw that e'en the block Such perfect man holds out triumphant, breaks 1325 Into some poisonous ore, gold's opposite, At the very purest, so compensating Man's Adversary—what if we believe?— For earlier stern exclusion of his stuff. See the sage, with the hunger for the truth, 1330 And see his system that 's all true, except The one weak place that 's stanchioned by a lie! The moralist who walks with head erect I' the crystal clarity of air so long, Until a stumble, and the man 's one mire! 1335 Philanthropy undoes the social knot With axe-edge, makes love room 'twixt head and trunk: Religion-but, enough, the thing 's too clear! Well, if these sparks break out i' the greenest tree, Our topmost of performance, yours and mine, 1340 What will be done i' the dry ineptitude Of ordinary mankind, bark and bole, All seems ashamed of but their mother-earth? Therefore throughout Head's term of servitude He did the appointed service, and forbore 1345 Extraneous action that were duty else, Done by some other servant, idle now Or mischievous: no matter, each his own— Own task, and, in the end, own praise or blame! He suffered them strut, prate and brag their best, 1350 Squabble at odds on every point save one, And there shake hands,—agree to trifle time, Obstruct advance with, each, his cricket-cry

"Wait till the Head be off the shoulders here! Then comes my King, my Pope, my Autocrat,	1355
My Socialist Republic to her own—	
To-wit, that property of only me,	
Hohenstiel-Schwangau who conceits herself	
Free, forsooth, and expects I keep her so!"	
—Nay, suffered when, perceiving with dismay	1360
Head's silence paid no tribute to their noise,	
They turned on him. "Dumb menace in that	
mouth,	
Malice in that unstridulosity!	
He cannot but intend some stroke of state	
Shall signalize his passage into peace	136 5
Out of the creaking,—hinder transference	
O' the Hohenstielers-Schwangauese to king,	
Pope, autocrat, or socialist republic! That 's	
Exact the cause his lips unlocked would cry!	
Therefore be stirring: brave, beard, bully him!	1370
Dock, by the million, of its friendly joints,	
The electoral body short at once! who did,	
May do again, and undo us beside.	
Wrest from his hands the sword for self-defence,	
The right to parry any thrust in play	1375
We peradventure please to meditate!"	
And so forth; creak, creak; and ne'er a line	
His locked mouth oped the wider, till at last	
O' the long degraded and insulting day,	
Sudden the clock told it was judgment-time.	1380
Then he addressed himself to speak indeed	
To the fools, not knaves: they saw him walk	
straight down	
Each step of the eminence, as he first engaged,	
And stand at last o' the level,—all he swore.	
"People, and not the people's varletry,	1385
This is the task you set myself and these!	
Thus I performed my part of it, and thus	

They thwarted me throughout, here, here, and here:

Study each instance! yours the loss, not mine. What they intend now is demonstrable

As plainly: here 's such man, and here 's such mode

I 390

Of making you some other than the thing You, wisely or unwisely, choose to be, And only set him up to keep you so.
Do you approve this? Yours the loss, not mine. 1395
Do you condemn it? There 's a remedy.
Take me—who know your mind, and mean your

good,
With clearer brain and stouter arm than they,
Or you, or haply anybody else—
And make me master for the moment! Choose
What time, what power you trust me with: I too
Will choose as frankly ere I trust myself
With time and power: they must be adequate
To the end and aim, since mine the loss, with yours,
If means be wanting; once their worth approved,
Grant them, and I shall forthwith operate—
Ponder it well!—to the extremest stretch
O' the power you trust me: if with unsuccess,

Whereon the people answered with a shout "The trusty one! no tricksters any more!" How could they other? He was in his place.

God wills it, and there 's nobody to blame."

What followed? Just what he foresaw, what proved

The soundness of both judgments,—his, o' the knaves

And fools, each trickster with his dupe,—and theirs, 1415 The people's, in what head and arm could help.

There was uprising, masks dropped, flags unfurled,	
Weapons outflourished in the wind, my faith!	
Heavily did he let his fist fall plumb	
On each perturber of the public peace,	1420
No matter whose the wagging head it broke—	
From bald-pate craft and greed and impudence	
Of night-hawk at first chance to prowl and prey	
For glory and a little gain beside,	
Passing for eagle in the dusk of the age, -	1425
To florid head-top, foamy patriotism	
And tribunitial daring, breast laid bare	
Thro' confidence in rectitude, with hand	
On private pistol in the pocket: these	
And all the dupes of these, who lent themselves	1430
As dust and feather do, to help offence	
O' the wind that whirls them at you, then subsides	
In safety somewhere, leaving filth affoat,	
Annoyance you may brush from eyes and beard,—	
These he stopped: bade the wind's spite howl or	
whine	1435
Its worst outside the building, wind conceives	
Meant to be pulled together and become	
Its natural playground so. What foolishness	
Of dust or feather proved importunate	
And fell 'twixt thumb and finger, found them gripe	1440
To detriment of bulk and buoyancy.	
Then followed silence and submission. Next,	
The inevitable comment came on work	
And work's cost: he was censured as profuse	
Of human life and liberty: too swift	1445
And thorough his procedure, who had lagged	
At the outset, lost the opportunity	
Through timid scruples as to right and wrong.	
"There's no such certain mark of a small mind"	
(So did Sagacity explain the fault)	1450
"As when it needs must square away and sink	

To its own small dimensions, private scale Of right and wrong,-humanity i' the large. The right and wrong of the universe, forsooth! This man addressed himself to guard and guide Hohenstiel-Schwangau. When the case demands He frustrate villany in the egg, unhatched, With easy stamp and minimum of pang E'en to the punished reptile, 'There 's my oath Restrains my foot,' objects our guide and guard, 'I must leave guardianship and guidance now: Rather than stretch one handbreadth of the law. I am bound to see it break from end to end. First show me death i' the body politic: Then prescribe pill and potion, what may please 1465 Hohenstiel-Schwangau! all is for her sake: 'T was she ordained my service should be so. What if the event demonstrate her unwise, If she unwill the thing she willed before? I hold to the letter and obey the bond 1470 And leave her to perdition loyally.' Whence followed thrice the expenditure we blame Of human life and liberty: for want O' the by-blow, came deliberate butcher's-work!" "Elsewhere go carry your complaint!" bade he. 1475 "Least, largest, there's one law for all the minds, Here or above: be true at any price! 'T is just o' the great scale, that such happy stroke Of falsehood would be found a failure. Still stands unshaken at her base by me, 1480 Reigns paramount i' the world, for the large good O' the long late generations,—I and you Forgotten like this buried foolishness! Not so the good I rooted in its grave."

This is why he refused to break his oath,
Rather appealed to the people, gained the power

To act as he thought best, then used it, once	
For all, no matter what the consequence	
To knaves and fools. As thus began his sway,	
So, through its twenty years, one rule of right	1490
Sufficed him: govern for the many first,	
The poor mean multitude, all mouths and eyes:	
Bid the few, better favoured in the brain,	
Be patient nor presume on privilege,	
Help him or else be quiet,—never crave	1495
That he help them,—increase, forsooth, the gulf	
Yawning so terribly 'twixt mind and mind	
I' the world here, which his purpose was to block	
At bottom, were it by an inch, and bridge,	
If by a filament, no more, at top.	1500
Equalize things a little! And the way	-3
He took to work that purpose out, was plain	
Enough to intellect and honesty	
And—superstition, style it if you please,	
So long as you allow there was no lack	1505
O' the quality importive in man	1303
O' the quality imperative in man—	
Reverence. You see deeper? thus saw he,	
And by the light he saw, must walk: how else	
Was he to do his part? a man's, with might	****
And main, and not a faintest touch of fear,	1510
Sure he was in the hand of God who comes	
Before and after, with a work to do	
Which no man helps nor hinders. Thus the man,—	
So timid when the business was to touch	
The uncertain order of humanity,	1515
Imperil, for a problematic cure	
Of grievance on the surface, any good	
I' the deep of things, dim yet discernible—	
This same man, so irresolute before,	
Show him a true excrescence to cut sheer,	1520
A devil's-graft on God's foundation-stock,	
Then—no complaint of indecision more:	
139	

He wrenched out the whole canker, root and branch,	
Deaf to who cried that earth would tumble in At its four corners if he touched a twig. Witness that lie of lies, arch-infamy, When the Republic, with her life involved	1525
In just this law—"Each people rules itself Its own way, not as any stranger please"— Turned, and for first proof she was living, bade Hohenstiel-Schwangau fasten on the throat Of the first neighbour that claimed benefit O' the law herself established: "Hohenstiel	1530
For Hohenstielers! Rome, by parity Of reasoning, for Romans? That 's a jest Wants proper treatment,—lancet-puncture suits The proud flesh: Rome ape Hohenstiel for- sooth!"	153 5
And so the siege and slaughter and success Whereof we nothing doubt that Hohenstiel Will have to pay the price, in God's good time Which does not always fall on Saturday When the world looks for wages. Anyhow, He found this infamy triumphant. Well: Sagacity suggested, make this speech!	1540
"The work was none of mine: suppose wrong wait, Stand over for redressing? Mine for me, My predecessors' work on their own head!	1545
Things as we find them. Keep Rome manacled Hand and foot: no fear of unruliness! Her foes consent to even seem our friends So long, no longer. Then, there 's glory got By boldness and brayado to the world:	1550
The old saucy writing (Count the control of	TEEE

So shall things be, for such my pleasure is—	
Hohenstiel-Schwangau's.' How that reads in	
Rome	
I' the Capitol where Brennus broke his pate,	
And lends a flourish to our journalists!"	
Only, it was nor read nor flourished of,	1560
Since, not a moment did such glory stay	
Excision of the canker! Out it came,	
Root and branch, with much roaring, and some	
blood,	
And plentiful abuse of him from friend	
And foe. Who cared? Not Nature who assuaged	1565
The pain and set the patient on his legs	
Promptly: the better! had it been the worse,	
'T is Nature you must try conclusions with,	
Not he, since nursing canker kills the sick	
For certain, while to cut may cure, at least.	1570
"Ah," groaned a second time Sagacity,	
"Again the little mind, precipitate,	
Rash, rude, when even in the right, as here!	
The great mind knows the power of gentleness,	
Only tries force because persuasion fails.	1575
Had this man, by prelusive trumpet-blast,	
Signified 'Truth and Justice mean to come,	
Nay, fast approach your threshold! Ere they	
knock,	
See that the house be set in order, swept	
And garnished, windows shut, and doors thrown	
wide!	1580
The free State comes to visit the free Church:	
Receive her! or or never mind what	
else!'	
Thus moral suasion heralding brute force,	
How had he seen the old abuses die,	
And new life kindle here, there, everywhere,	1585
Roused simply by that mild yet potent spell—	

Beyond or beat of drum or stroke of sword—Public opinion!"

"How, indeed?" he asked,
"When all to see, after some twenty years,
Were your own fool-face waiting for the sight,
Faced by as wide a grin from ear to ear
O' the knaves who, while the fools were waiting,
worked—

I 590

1600

1605

1610

Broke yet another generation's heart—
Twenty years' respite helping! Teach your nurse
'Compliance with, before you suck, the teat!'
Find what that means, and meanwhile hold your
tongue!"

Whereof the war came which he knew must be.

Now, this had proved the dry-rot of the race He ruled o'er, that, i' the old day, when was need They fought for their own liberty and life, Well did they fight, none better: whence, such love

Of fighting somehow still for fighting's sake
Against no matter whose the liberty
And life, so long as self-conceit should crow
And clap the wing, while justice sheathed her
claw,—

That what had been the glory of the world When thereby came the world's good, grew its plague

Now that the champion-armour, donned to dare The dragon once, was clattered up and down Highway and by-path of the world at peace, Merely to mask marauding, or for sake O' the shine and rattle that apprized the fields Hohenstiel-Schwangau was a fighter yet,

And would be, till the weary world suppressed Her peccant humours out of fashion now. 1615 Accordingly the world spoke plain at last, Promised to punish who next played with fire. So, at his advent, such discomfiture Taking its true shape of beneficence, Hohenstiel-Schwangau, half-sad and part-wise, 1620 Sat: if with wistful eye reverting oft To each pet weapon, rusty on its peg, Yet, with a sigh of satisfaction too That, peacefulness become the law, herself Got the due share of godsends in its train, 1625 Cried shame and took advantage quietly. Still, so the dry-rot had been nursed into Blood, bones and marrow, that, from worst to best, All,-clearest brains and soundest hearts save here,-All had this lie acceptable for law 1630 Plain as the sun at noonday—"War is best. Peace is worst; peace we only tolerate As needful preparation for new war: War may be for whatever end we will-Peace only as the proper help thereto. 1635 Such is the law of right and wrong for us Hohenstiel-Schwangau: for the other world, As naturally, quite another law. Are we content? The world is satisfied. Discontent? Then the world must give us leave 1640 To strike right, left, and exercise our arm Torpid of late through overmuch repose, And show its strength is still superlative At somebody's expense in life or limb: Which done,—let peace succeed and last a year!" 1645

Such devil's-doctrine so was judged God's law,

That it had seemed a venial fault at most Had he once more obeyed Sagacity. "You come i' the happy interval of peace, 1650 The favourable weariness from war: Prolong it! artfully, as if intent On ending peace as soon as possible. Quietly so increase the sweets of ease And safety, so employ the multitude, 1655 Put hod and trowel so in idle hands. So stuff and stop up wagging jaws with bread, That selfishness shall surreptitiously Do wisdom's office, whisper in the ear Of Hohenstiel-Schwangau, there 's a pleasant feel 1666 In being gently forced down, pinioned fast To the easy arm-chair by the pleading arms O' the world beseeching her to there abide Content with all the harm done hitherto, And let herself be petted in return, 1665 Free to re-wage, in speech and prose and verse, The old unjust wars, nay—in verse and prose And speech,—to vaunt new victories shall prove A plague o' the future,—so that words suffice For present comfort, and no deeds denote 1670 That—tired of illimitable line on line Of boulevard-building, tired o' the theatre With the tuneful thousand in their thrones above, For glory of the male intelligence, And Nakedness in her due niche below, 1675 For illustration of the female use— That she, 'twixt yawn and sigh, prepares to slip Out of the arm-chair, wants fresh blood again From over the boundary, to colour-up The sheeny sameness, keep the world aware 1680 Hohenstiel-Schwangau's arm needs exercise Despite the petting of the universe! Come, you 're a city-builder: what 's the way

Wisdom takes when time needs that she entice	
Some fierce tribe, castled on the mountain-peak,	1685
Into the quiet and amenity	
O' the meadow-land below? By crying 'Done	
With fight now, down with fortress?' Rather—	
'Dare	
On, dare ever, not a stone displace!'	
Cries Wisdom: 'Cradle of our ancestors,	1690
Be bulwark, give our children safety still!	
Who of our children please may stoop and taste	
O' the valley-fatness, unafraid, —for why?	
At first alarm they have thy mother-ribs	
To run upon for refuge: foes forget	1695
Scarcely that Terror on her vantage-coign,	
Couchant supreme among the powers of air,	
Watches—prepared to pounce—the country wide!	
Meanwhile the encouraged valley holds its own,	
From the first hut's adventure in descent,	1700
Half home, half hiding place,—to dome and spire	
Befitting the assured metropolis:	
Nor means offence to the fort which caps the crag,	
All undismantled of a turret-stone,	
And bears the banner-pole that creaks at times	1705
Embarrassed by the old emblazonment,	
When festal days are to commemorate:	
Otherwise left untenanted, no doubt,	
Since, never fear, our myriads from below	
Would rush, if needs were, man the walls again,	1710
Renew the exploits of the earlier time	
At moment's notice! But till notice sound,	
Inhabit we in ease and opulence!'	
And so, till one day thus a notice sounds,	
Not trumpeted, but in a whisper-gust	1715
Fitfully playing through mute city streets	
At midnight weary of day's feast and game—	
'Friends, your famed fort 's a ruin past repair!	
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Its use is—to proclaim it had a use Obsolete long since. Climb and study there How to paint barbican and battlement I' the scenes of our new theatre! We fight	1720
Now—by forbidding neighbours to sell steel Or buy wine, not by blowing out their brains! Moreover, while we let time sap the strength O' the walls omnipotent in menace once, Neighbours would seem to have prepared surprise—	1725
Run up defences in a mushroom-growth, For all the world like what we boasted: brief— Hohenstiel-Schwangau's policy is peace!'"	1730

Ay, so Sagacity advised him filch
Folly from fools: handsomely substitute
The dagger o' lath, while gay they sang and
danced,

For that long dangerous sword they liked to feel, Even at feast-time, clink and make friends start. 1735 No! he said "Hear the truth, and bear the truth, And bring the truth to bear on all you are And do, assured that only good comes thence Whate'er the shape good take! While I have rule, Understand !-war for war's sake, war for sake O' the good war gets you as war's sole excuse, Is damnable and damned shall be. You want Glory? Why so do I, and so does God. Where is it found,—in this paraded shame,— One particle of glory? Once you warred 1745 For liberty against the world, and won: There was the glory. Now, you fain would war Because the neighbour prospers overmuch,— Because there has been silence half-an-hour, Like Heaven on earth, without a cannon-shot 1750 Announcing Hohenstielers-Schwangauese Are minded to disturb the jubilee,—

Because the loud tradition echoes faint. And who knows but posterity may doubt If the great deeds were ever done at all, 1755 Much less believe, were such to do again, So the event would follow: therefore, prove The old power, at the expense of somebody! Oh Glory,—gilded bubble, bard and sage So nickname rightly,—would thy dance endure 1760 One moment, would thy vaunting make believe Only one eye thy ball was solid gold. Hadst thou less breath to buoy thy vacancy Than a whole multitude expends in praise, Less range for roaming than from head to head 1765 Of a whole people? Flit, fall, fly again, Only, fix never where the resolute hand May prick thee, prove the glassy lie thou art! Give me real intellect to reason with, No multitude, no entity that apes 1770 One wise man, being but a million fools! How and whence wishest glory, thou wise one? Wouldst get it, -didst thyself guide Providence,-By stinting of his due each neighbour round In strength and knowledge and dexterity 1775 So as to have thy littleness grow large By all those somethings once, turned nothings now. As children make a molehill mountainous By scooping out a trench around their pile, And saving so the mudwork from approach? 1780 Quite otherwise the cheery game of life, True yet mimetic warfare, whereby man Does his best with his utmost, and so ends A victor most of all in fair defeat. Who thinks,—would he have no one think beside? 1785 Who knows, who does,—save his must learning die

And action cease? Why, so our giant proves No better than a dwarf, once rivalry Prostrate around him. Let the whole race stand For him to try conclusions fairly with! 1790 Show me the great man would engage his peer Rather by grinning 'Cheat, thy gold is brass!' Than granting 'Perfect piece of purest ore! Still, is it less good mintage, this of mine?' Well, and these right and sound results of soul 1795 I'the strong and healthy one wise man,—shall such Be vainly sought for, scornfully renounced I' the multitude that make the entity— The people?—to what purpose, if no less, In power and purity of soul, below 1800 The reach of the unit than, by multiplied Might of the body, vulgarized the more. Above, in thick and threefold brutishness? See! you accept such one wise man, myself: Wiser or less wise, still I operate 1805 From my own stock of wisdom, nor exact Of other sort of natures you admire, That whoso rhymes a sonnet pays a tax, Who paints a landscape dips brush at his cost, Who scores a septett true for strings and wind 0181 Mulcted must be-else how should I impose Properly, attitudinize aright, Did such conflicting claims as these divert Hohenstiel-Schwangau from observing me? Therefore, what I find facile, you be sure, 1815 With effort or without it, you shall dare-You, I aspire to make my better self And truly the Great Nation. No more war For war's sake, then! and,—seeing, wickedness Springs out of folly,—no more foolish dread 1820 O' the neighbour waxing too inordinate A rival, through his gain of wealth and ease!

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What?-keep me patient, Powers!-the people here. Earth presses to her heart, nor owns a pride Above her pride i' the race all flame and air 1825 And aspiration to the boundless Great, The incommensurably Beautiful— Whose very falterings groundward come of flight Urged by a pinion all too passionate For heaven and what it holds of gloom and glow: 1830 Bravest of thinkers, bravest of the brave Doers, exalt in Science, rapturous In Art, the—more than all—magnetic race To fascinate their fellows, mould mankind Hohenstiel-Schwangau-fashion,—these, what? these 1835 Will have to abdicate their primacy Should such a nation sell them steel untaxed, And such another take itself, on hire For the natural sen'night, somebody for lord Unpatronized by me whose back was turned? 1840 Or such another yet would fain build bridge, Lay rail, drive tunnel, busy its poor self With its appropriate fancy: so there 's—flash— Hohenstiel-Schwangau up in arms at once! Genius has somewhat of the infantine: 1845 But of the childish, not a touch nor taint Except through self-will, which, being foolishness, Is certain, soon or late, of punishment Which Providence avert !—and that it may Avert what both of us would so deserve, 1850 No foolish dread o' the neighbour, I enjoin! By consequence, no wicked war with him, While I rule!

Does that mean—no war at all When just the wickedness I here proscribe

Comes, haply, from the neighbour? Does my	
speech	1855
Precede the praying that you beat the sword	-23
To ploughshare, and the spear to pruning-hook,	
And sit down henceforth under your own vine	
And fig-tree through the sleepy summer month,	
Tau' 1 4 harder burder places errolede	1860
On the other side the mountain-frontier? No,	-000
Beloved! I foresee and I announce	
Necessity of warfare in one case,	
For one cause: one way, I bid broach the blood	
O' the world. For truth and right, and only right	186r
And truth,—right, truth, on the absolute scale of	2005
God,	
No pettiness of man's admeasurement,—	
In such case only, and for such one cause,	
Fight your hearts out, whatever fate betide	
Hands energetic to the uttermost!	1870
Lie not! Endure no lie which needs your heart	-0/0
And hand to push it out of mankind's path—	
No lie that lets the natural forces work	
Too long ere lay it plain and pulverized—	
Seeing man's life lasts only twenty years!	1875
And such a lie, before both man and God,	/,
Proving, at this time present, Austria's rule	
O'er Italy,—for Austria's sake the first,	
Italy's next, and our sake last of all,	
Come with me and deliver Italy!	1880
Smite hip and thigh until the oppressor leave	
Free from the Adriatic to the Alps	
The oppressed one! We were they who laid her low	
In the old bad day when Villany braved Truth	
And Right, and laughed 'Henceforward, God	
deposed,	1885
Satan we set to rule for evermore	
I' the world!'—whereof to stop the consequence,	
*	

And for atonement of false glory there Gaped at and gabbled over by the world, I purpose to get God enthroned again For what the world will gird at as sheer shame 'All for I' the cost of blood and treasure. nought-Not even, say, some patch of province, splice O' the frontier?—some snug honorarium-fee Shut into glove and pocketed apace?' 1895 (Questions Sagacity) 'in deference To the natural susceptibility Of folks at home, unwitting of that pitch You soar to, and misdoubting if Truth, Right And the other such augustnesses repay 1900 Expenditure in coin o' the realm,—but prompt To recognize the cession of Savoy And Nice as marketable value!' Sagacity, go preach to Metternich, And, sermon ended, stay where he resides! 1905 Hohenstiel-Schwangau, you and I must march The other road! war for the hate of war.

What else noteworthy and commendable
I' the man's career?—that he was resolute
No trepidation, much less treachery
On his part, should imperil from its poise
The ball o' the world, heaved up at such expense
Of pains so far, and ready to rebound,
Let but a finger maladroitly fall,
Under pretence of making fast and sure
The inch gained by late volubility,
And run itself back to the ancient rest
At foot o' the mountain. Thus he ruled, gave proof
The world had gained a point, progressive so,
By choice, this time, as will and power concurred,

Not love, this once!" So Italy was free.

O' the fittest man to rule; not chance of birth, Or such-like dice-throw. Oft Sagacity Was at his ear: "Confirm this clear advance, Support this wise procedure! You, elect 1925 O' the people, mean to justify their choice And out-king all the kingly imbeciles; But that 's just half the enterprise: remains You find them a successor like yourself, In head and heart and eye and hand and aim, 1930 Or all done 's undone; and whom hope to mould So like you as the pupil Nature sends, The son and heir's completeness which you lack? Lack it no longer! Wed the pick o' the world, Where'er you think you find it. Should she be 1935 A queen,-tell Hohenstielers-Schwangauese 'So do the old enthroned decrepitudes Acknowledge, in the rotten hearts of them, Their knell is knolled, they hasten to make peace With the new order, recognize in me 1940 Your right to constitute what king you will, Cringe therefore crown in hand and bride on arm. To both of us: we triumph, I suppose!' Is it the other sort of rank?—bright eye, Soft smile, and so forth, all her queenly boast? 1945 Undaunted the exordium—'I, the man O' the people, with the people mate myself: So stand, so fall. Kings, keep your crowns and brides! Our progeny (if Providence agree) Shall live to tread the baubles underfoot 1950 And bid the scarecrows consort with their kin. For son, as for his sire, be the free wife

Would prop up one more lie, the most of all

In the free state!""

Pernicious fancy that the son and heir 1955 Receives the genius from the sire, himself Transmits as surely,—ask experience else! Which answers,—never was so plain a truth As that God drops his seed of heavenly flame Just where He wills on earth: sometimes where man 1960 Seems to tempt—such the accumulated store Of faculties—one spark to fire the heap: Sometimes where, fire-ball-like, it falls upon The naked unpreparedness of rock, Burns, beaconing the nations through their night. 1965 Faculties, fuel for the flame? All helps Come, ought to come, or come not, crossed by chance, From culture and transmission. What's your want I' the son and heir? Sympathy, aptitude, Teachableness, the fuel for the flame? 1970 You 'll have them for your pains: but the flame's self. The novel thought of God shall light the world? No, poet, though your offspring rhyme and chime I' the cradle,—painter, no, for all your pet Draws his first eye, beats Salvatore's boy,— 1975 And thrice no, statesman, should your progeny Tie bib and tucker with no tape but red, And make a foolscap-kite of protocols! Critic and copyist and bureaucrat To heart's content! The seed o' the apple-tree 1980 Brings forth another tree which bears a crab:

"How plain I view, Across those misty years 'twixt me and Rome"— (Such the man's answer to Sagacity)

'T is the great gardener grafts the excellence

On wildings where he will.

"The little wayside temple, half-way down To a mild river that makes oxen white Miraculously, un-mouse-colours skin. Or so the Roman country people dream! I view that sweet small shrub-embedded shrine 1990 On the declivity, was sacred once To a transmuting Genius of the land, Could touch and turn its dunnest natures bright. —Since Italy means the Land of the Ox, we know. Well, how was it the due succession fell 1995 From priest to priest who ministered i' the cool Calm fane o' the Clitumnian god? The sire Brought forth a son and sacerdotal sprout, Endowed instinctively with good and grace To suit the gliding gentleness below— 2000 Did he? Tradition tells another tale. Each priest obtained his predecessor's staff, Robe, fillet and insignia, blamelessly, By springing out of ambush, soon or late, And slaying him: the initiative rite 2005 Simply was murder, save that murder took, I' the case, another and religious name. So it was once, is now, shall ever be With genius and its priesthood in this world: The new power slays the old—but handsomely. 2010 There he lies, not diminished by an inch Of stature that he graced the altar with, Though somebody of other bulk and build Cries 'What a goodly personage lies here Reddening the water where the bulrush roots! 2015 May I conduct the service in his place, Decently and in order, as did he, And, as he did not, keep a wary watch When meditating 'neath you willow shade!' Find out your best man, sure the son of him 2020 Will prove best man again, and, better still

Somehow than best, the grandson-prodigy! You think the world would last another day Did we so make us masters of the trick Whereby the works go, we could pre-arrange 2025 Their play and reach perfection when we please? Depend on it, the change and the surprise Are part o' the plan: 't is we wish steadiness; Nature prefers a motion by unrest, Advancement through this force which jostles that. 2030 And so, since much remains i' the world to see, Here 's the world still, affording God the sight." Thus did the man refute Sagacity Ever at this old whisper in his ear: "Here are you picked out, by a miracle, 2035 And placed conspicuously enough, folks say And you believe, by Providence outright Taking a new way—nor without success— To put the world upon its mettle: good! But Fortune alternates with Providence: 2040 Resource is soon exhausted. Never count On such a happy hit occurring twice! Try the old method next time!"

(At whisper in his ear, the laugh outbroke)

"And mode the most discredited of all,
By just the men and women who make boast
They are kings and queens thereby! Mere selfdefence
Should teach them, on one chapter of the law
Must be no sort of trifling—chastity:
They stand or fall, as their progenitors
Were chaste or unchaste. Now, run eye around
My crowned acquaintance, give each life its look
And no more,—why, you'd think each life was led
Purposely for example of what pains

"Old enough,"

Who leads it took to cure the prejudice, 2055 And prove there 's nothing so unproveable As who is who, what son of what a sire, And, -inferentially, -how faint the chance That the next generation needs to fear Another fool o' the selfsame type as he 206n Happily regnant now by right divine And luck o' the pillow! No: select your lord By the direct employment of your brains As best you may, -bad as the blunder prove, A far worse evil stank beneath the sun 2065 When some legitimate blockhead managed so Matters that high time was to interfere, Though interference came from hell itself And not the blind mad miserable mob Happily ruled so long by pillow-luck 2070 And divine right,—by lies in short, not truth. And meanwhile use the allotted minute . . . "

One,—

Two, three, four, five—yes, five the pendule warns! Eh? Why, this wild work wanders past all bound And bearing! Exile, Leicester-square, the life 2075 I' the old gay miserable time, rehearsed, Tried on again like cast clothes, still to serve At a pinch, perhaps? "Who's who?" was aptly asked,

Since certainly I am not I! since when?
Where is the bud-mouthed arbitress? A nod
Out-Homering Homer! Stay—there flits the clue
I fain would find the end of! Yes,—"Meanwhile,
Use the allotted minute!" Well, you see,
(Veracious and imaginary Thiers,
Who map out thus the life I might have led,
But did not,—all the worse for earth and me—
Doff spectacles, wipe pen, shut book, decamp!)

You see 't is easy in heroics! Plain Pedestrian speech shall help me perorate. Ah, if one had no need to use the tongue! 2090 How obvious and how easy 't is to talk Inside the soul, a ghostly dialogue— Instincts with guesses, -instinct, guess, again With dubious knowledge, half-experience: each And all the interlocutors alike 2095 Subordinating,—as decorum bids, Oh, never fear! but still decisively,— Claims from without that take too high a tone, -("God wills this, man wants that, the dignity Prescribed a prince would wish the other thing")— 2100 Putting them back to insignificance Beside one intimatest fact—myself Am first to be considered, since I live Twenty years longer and then end, perhaps! But, where one ceases to soliloquize, 2105 Somehow the motives, that did well enough I' the darkness, when you bring them into light Are found, like those famed cave-fish, to lack eye And organ for the upper magnitudes. The other common creatures, of less fine 2110 Existence, that acknowledge earth and heaven, Have it their own way in the argument. Yes, forced to speak, one stoops to say—one's aim Was-what it peradventure should have been: To renovate a people, mend or end 2115 That bane come of a blessing meant the world— Inordinate culture of the sense made quick By soul,—the lust o' the flesh, lust of the eye, And pride of life, -and, consequent on these, The worship of that prince o' the power o' the air 2120 Who paints the cloud and fills the emptiness And bids his votaries, famishing for truth, Feed on a lie.

Alack, one lies oneself
Even in the stating that one's end was truth,
Truth only, if one states as much in words!
Give me the inner chamber of the soul
For obvious easy argument! 't is there
One pits the silent truth against a lie—
Truth which breaks shell a careless simple bird,
Nor wants a gorget nor a beak filed fine,
Steel spurs, and the whole armoury o' the tongue,
To equalize the odds. But, do your best,
Words have to come: and somehow words deflect
As the best cannon ever rifled will.

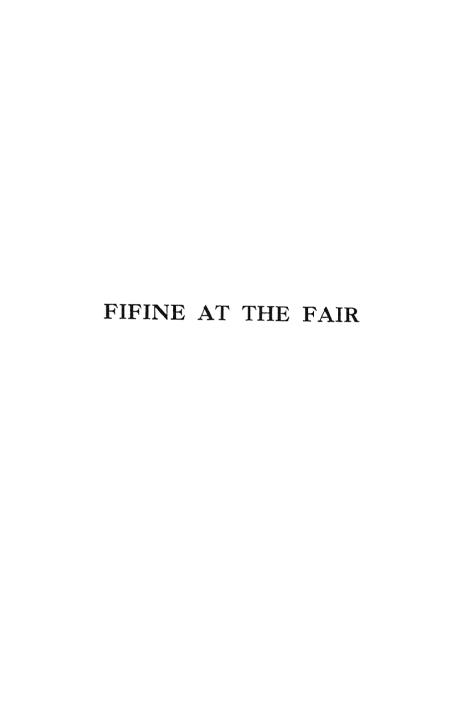
"Deflect" indeed! nor merely words from thoughts 2135
But names from facts: "Clitumnus" did I say?
As if it had been his ox-whitening wave
Whereby folk practised that grim cult of old—
The murder of their temple's priest by who
Would qualify for his succession. Sure—
Nemi was the true lake's style. Dream had need
Of the ox-whitening piece of prettiness
And so confused names, well known once awake.

So, i' the Residenz yet, not Leicester-square,
Alone,—no such congenial intercourse!—

My reverie concludes, as dreaming should,
With daybreak: nothing done and over yet,
Except cigars! The adventure thus may be,
Or never needs to be at all: who knows?
My Cousin-Duke, perhaps, at whose hard head
—Is it, now—is this letter to be launched,
The sight of whose grey oblong, whose grim seal,
Set all these fancies floating for an hour?

Twenty years are good gain, come what come will!

Double or quits! The letter goes! Or stays? 2155



DONE ELVIRE

Vous plaît-il, don Juan, nous éclaircir ces beaux mystères?

DON JUAN

Madame, à vous dire la vérité . . .

DONE ELVIRE

Ah! que vous savez mal vous défendre pour un homme de cour, et qui doit être accoutumé à ces sortes de choses! J'ai pitié de vous voir la confusion que vous avez. Que ne vous armez-vous le front d'une noble effronterie? Que ne me jurez-vous que vous êtes toujours dans les mêmes sentimens pour moi, que vous m'aimez toujours avec une ardeur sans égale, et que rien n'est capable de vous détacher de moi que la mort?

Molière, Don Juan, acte i. sc. 3.

DONNA ELVIRA

Don Juan, might you please to help one give a guess, Hold up a candle, clear this fine mysteriousness?

DON JUAN

Madam, if needs I must declare the truth,—in short . . .

DONNA ELVIRA

Fie, for a man of mode, accustomed at the court
To such a style of thing, how awkwardly my lord
Attempts defence! You move compassion, that 's the word—
Dumb-foundered and chap-fallen! Why don't you arm your brow
With noble impudence? Why don't you swear and vow
No sort of change is come to any sentiment
You ever had for me? Affection holds the bent,
You love me now as erst, with passion that makes pale
All ardour else: nor aught in nature can avail
To separate us two, save what, in stopping breath,
May peradventure stop devotion likewise—death!

PROLOGUE

AMPHIBIAN

T

The fancy I had to-day,
Fancy which turned a fear!
I swam far out in the bay,
Since waves laughed warm and clear.

11

I lay and looked at the sun,
The noon-sun looked at me:
Between us two, no one
Live creature, that I could see.

III

Yes! There came floating by Me, who lay floating too, Such a strange butterfly! Creature as dear as new:

IV

Because the membraned wings So wonderful, so wide, So sun-suffused, were things Like soul and nought beside.

FIFINE AT THE FAIR

ľ,

A handbreadth over head! All of the sea my own, It owned the sky instead; Both of us were alone.

I never shall join its flight. For, nought buoys flesh in air. If it touch the sea-good night! Death sure and swift waits there.

VII

Can the insect feel the better For watching the uncouth play Of limbs that slip the fetter, Pretend as they were not clay?

VIII

Undoubtedly I rejoice That the air comports so well With a creature which had the choice Of the land once. Who can tell?

IX

What if a certain soul Which early slipped its sheath, And has for its home the whole Of heaven, thus look beneath,

X

Thus watch one who, in the world, Both lives and likes life's way, Nor wishes the wings unfurled That sleep in the worm, they say?

PROLOGUE

ΧI

But sometimes when the weather
Is blue, and warm waves tempt
To free oneself of tether,
And try a life exempt

XII

From worldly noise and dust,
In the sphere which overbrims
With passion and thought,—why, just
Unable to fly, one swims!

IIIX

By passion and thought upborne, One smiles to oneself—"They fare Scarce better, they need not scorn Our sea, who live in the air!"

XIV

Emancipate through passion
And thought, with sea for sky,
We substitute, in a fashion,
For heaven—poetry:

xv

Which sea, to all intent,
Gives flesh such noon-disport
As a finer element
Affords the spirit-sort.

XVI

Whatever they are, we seem:
Imagine the thing they know;
All deeds they do, we dream;
Can heaven be else but so?

XVII

And meantime, yonder streak
Meets the horizon's verge;
That is the land, to seek
If we tire or dread the surge:

XVIII

Land the solid and safe—
To welcome again (confess!)
When, high and dry, we chafe
The body, and don the dress.

XIX

Does she look, pity, wonder
At one who mimics flight,
Swims—heaven above, sea under,
Yet always earth in sight?

1872

T

O TRIP and skip, Elvire! Link arm in arm with me! Like husband and like wife, together let us see The tumbling-troop arrayed, the strollers on their stage,

Drawn up and under arms, and ready to engage.

 Π

Now, who supposed the night would play us such a prank?

5

OI

That what was raw and brown, rough pole and

shaven plank,

Mere bit of hoarding, half by trestle propped, half tub.

Would flaunt it forth as brisk as butterfly from grub?

This comes of sun and air, of Autumn afternoon, And Pornic and Saint Gille, whose feast affords the boon—

This scaffold turned parterre, this flower-bed in full blow,

Bateleurs, baladines! We shall not miss the show! They pace and promenade; they presently will dance:

What good were else i' the drum and fife? O pleasant land of France!

III

Who saw them make their entry? At wink of eve, be sure!

15

30

They love to steal a march, nor lightly risk the lure.
They keep their treasurehid, norstale (improvident)
Before the time is ripe, each wonder of their tent—
Yon six-legged sheep, to wit, and he who beats a
gong,

Lifts cap and waves salute, exhilarates the throng— 20 Their ape of many years and much adventure,

grim

And grey with pitying fools who find a joke in him. Or, best, the human beauty, Mimi, Toinette, Fifine, Tricot fines down if fat, padding plumps up if lean,

Ere, shedding petticoat, modesty, and such toys, 25 They bounce forth, squalid girls transformed to gamesome boys.

īν

No, no, thrice, Pornic, no! Perpend the authentic tale!

'T was not for every Gawain to gaze upon the Grail!

But whoso went his rounds, when flew bat, flitted midge,

Might hear across the dusk,—where both roads join the bridge,

Hard by the little port,—creak a slow caravan, A chimneyed house on wheels; so shyly-sheathed, began

To broaden out the bud which, bursting unaware, Now takes away our breath, queen-tulip of the Fair!

ν

Yet morning promised much: for, pitched and slung and reared

35

45

On terrace 'neath the tower, 'twixt tree and tree

appeared

An airy structure; how the pennon from its dome, Frenetic to be free, makes one red stretch for home! The home far and away, the distance where lives joy, The cure, at once and ever, of world and world's annoy;

Since, what lolls full in front, a furlong from the

booth,

But ocean-idleness, sky-blue and millpond-smooth?

VI

Frenetic to be free! And, do you know, there beats

Something within my breast, as sensitive?—repeats The fever of the flag? My heart makes just the same

Passionate stretch, fires up for lawlessness, lays claim

To share the life they lead: losels, who have and use The hour what way they will,—applaud them or abuse

Society, whereof myself am at the beck, Whose call obey, and stoop to burden stiffest neck! 50

VII

Why is it that whene'er a faithful few combine To cast allegiance off, play truant, nor repine, Agree to bear the worst, forego the best in store For us who, left behind, do duty as of yore,—

Why is it that, disgraced, they seem to relish life the more?

-Seem as they said "We know a secret passing

praise

Or blame of such as you! Remain! we go our ways With something you o'erlooked, forgot or chose to sweep

Clean out of door: our pearl picked from your

rubbish-heap.

You care not for your loss, we calculate our gain. 60 All's right. Are you content? Why, so let things remain!

To the wood then, to the wild: free life, full liberty!"
And when they rendezvous beneath the inclement sky,

House by the hedge, reduced to brute-com-

panionship,

-Misguided ones who gave society the slip,

And find too late how boon a parent they despised, What ministration spurned, how sweet and civilized—

Then, left alone at last with self-sought wretchedness,

No interloper else!—why is it, can we guess?— At somebody's expense, goes up so frank a laugh? 70

As though they held the corn, and left us only chaff

From garners crammed and closed. And weindeed are clever

If we get grain as good, by thrashing straw for ever!

VIII

Still, truants as they are and purpose yet to be, That nowise needs forbid they venture—as you see—

To cross confine, approach the once familiar roof O' the kindly race their flight estranged: stand

half aloof. Sidle half up, press near, and proffer wares for sale -In their phrase-make, in ours, white levy of black mail. They, of the wild, require some touch of us the tame. Since clothing, meat and drink, mean money all the same. IX If hunger, proverbs say, allures the wolf from wood. Much more the bird must dare a dash at something good: Must snatch up, bear away in beak, the trifletreasure To wood and wild, and then—O how enjoy at leisure! 85 Was never tree-built nest, you climbed and took, of bird (Rare city-visitant, talked of, scarce seen or heard). But, when you would dissect the structure, piece by piece. You found, enwreathed amid the country-product —fleece And feather, thistle-fluffs and bearded windlestraws-Some shred of foreign silk, unravelling of gauze, Bit, may be, of brocade, mid fur and blow-belldown: Filched plainly from mankind, dear tribute paid

Which proved how oft the bird had plucked up

by town,

heart of grace,

Swooped down at waif and stray, made furtively our place

Pay tax and toll, then borne the booty to enrich Her paradise i' the waste; the how and why of

which,

That is the secret, there the mystery that stings!

X

For, what they traffic in, consists of just the things

We,—proud ones who so scorn dwellers without the pale,

Bateleurs, baladines, white leviers of black mail,—I say, they sell what we most pique us that we keep! How comes it, all we hold so dear they count so cheap?

 x_{I}

What price should you impose, for instance, on repute,

Good fame, your own good fame and family's to boot?

Stay start of quick moustache, arrest the angry rise
Of eyebrow! All I asked is answered by surprise.
Now tell me: are you worth the cost of a cigar?
Go boldly, enter booth, disburse the coin at bar
Of doorway where presides the master of the troop,
And forthwith you survey his Graces in a group,
Live Picture, picturesque no doubt and close to
life:

His sisters, right and left; the Grace in front, his wife.

Next, who is this performs the feat of the Trapeze? Lo, she is launched, look—fie, the fairy!—how she flees

115

O'er all those heads thrust back,—mouths, eyes,

No scrap of skirt impedes free passage through

Till, plumb on the other side, she lights and

That fairy-form, whereof each muscle, nay, each

The curious may inspect,—his daughter that he

Each rustic for five sous. Desiderate aught else O' the vendor? As you leave his show, why, joke

"You cheat: your six-legged sheep, I recollect,

Both life and trade, last year, trimmed properly

one gape and stare,—

the air.

vein

sells

the man!

began

laughs again,

and clipt,	
As the Twin-headed Babe, and Human Nonde-	
	125
What does he care? You paid his price, may	
pass your jest.	
So values he repute, good fame, and all the rest!	
XII	
But try another tack; say: "I indulge caprice,	
Who am Don and Duke, and Knight, beside, o'	
the Golden Fleece,	
And, never mind how rich. Abandon this career!	130
Have hearth and home, nor let your womankind	ŭ
appear	
Without as multiplied a coating as protects	
An onion from the eye! Become, in all respects,	
God-fearing householder, subsistent by brain-skill,	
Hand-labour; win your bread whatever way you	
will,	135
173	

So it be honestly,—and, while I have a purse, Means shall not lack!"—His thanks will be the roundest curse That ever rolled from lip.

IIIX

Now, what is it?—returns The question—heartens so this losel that he spurns All we so prize? I want, put down in black and white.

What compensating joy, unknown and infinite. Turns lawlessness to law, makes destitution-

140

wealth.

Vice-virtue, and disease of soul and bodyhealth?

XIV

Ah, the slow shake of head, the melancholy smile.

The sigh almost a sob! What 's wrong, was right erewhile?

Why are we two at once such ocean-width apart? Pale fingers press my arm, and sad eyes probe my heart.

Why is the wife in trouble?

xv

This way, this way, Fifine! Here 's she, shall make my thoughts be surer what they mean!

First let me read the signs, pour tray you past mistake 150 The gipsy's foreign self, no swarth our sun could

hake.

Yet where 's a woolly trace degrades the wiry hair? And note the Greek-nymph nose, and—oh, my Hebrew pair

Of eye and eye—o'erarched by velvet of the mole— That swim as in a sea, that dip and rise and roll,	155
Spilling the light around! While either ear is cut	
Thin as a dusk-leaved rose carved from a cocoa-nut.	
And then, her neck! now, grant you had the power to deck,	
Just as your fancy pleased, the bistre-length of neck,	

Just as your fancy pleased, the bistre-length of neck, Could lay, to shine against its shade, a moonlike row

c61

Of pearls, each round and white as bubble Cupids blow

Big out of mother's milk,—what pearl-moon would surpass

That string of mock-turquoise, those almandines of glass,

Where girlhood terminates? for with breasts'-birth commence

The boy, and page-costume, till pink and impudence

165

End admirably all: complete the creature trips Our way now, brings sunshine upon her spangled hips,

As here she fronts us full, with pose half-frank, half-fierce!

XVI

Words urged in vain, Elvire! You waste your quarte and tierce,

Lunge at a phantom here, try fence in fairy-land. 170 For me, I own defeat, ask but to understand

The acknowledged victory of whom I call my queen,

Sexless and bloodless sprite: though mischievous and mean,

Yet free and flower-like too, with loveliness for law, And self-sustainment made morality.

XVII	
A flaw Do you account i' the lily, of lands which travellers know,	175
That, just as golden gloom supersedes Northern snow	
I' the chalice, so, about each pistil, spice is packed,—	
Deliriously-drugged scent, in lieu of odour lacked,	
With us, by bee and moth, their banquet to enhance	180
At morn and eve, when dew, the chilly sustenance, Needs mixture of some chaste and temperate perfume?	
I ask, is she in fault who guards such golden gloom,	
Such dear and damning scent, by who cares what devices,	
And takes the idle life of insects she entices	185
When, drowned to heart's desire, they satiate the inside	
O' the lily, mark her wealth and manifest her pride?	
XVIII	
But, wiser, we keep off, nor tempt the acrid juice; Discreet we peer and praise, put rich things to right use.	

No flavourous venomed bell,—the rose it is, I wot, 190 Only the rose, we pluck and place, unwronged a jot, No worse for homage done by every devotee, I' the proper loyal throne, on breast where rose

should be.

Or if the simpler sweets we have to choose among, Would taste between our teeth, and give its toy the tongue,—

O gorgeous poison-plague, on thee no hearts are

We gather daisy meek, or maiden violet:

set!

I think it is Elvire we love, and not Fifine. XIX "How does she make my thoughts be sure of what they mean?" Judge and be just! Suppose, an age and time long past Renew for our behoof one pageant more, the last O' the kind, sick Louis liked to see defile between Him and the yawning grave, its passage served to screen. With eve as grey as lead, with cheek as brown as bronze. Here where we stand, shall sit and suffer Louis Onze: The while from yonder tent parade forth, notoh, no— Bateleurs, baladines! but range themselves a-row Those well-sung women-worthies whereof loud fame still finds Some echo linger faint, less in our hearts than minds. $\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$ See, Helen! pushed in front o' the world's worst night and storm, By Lady Venus' hand on shoulder: the sweet form Shrinkingly prominent, though mighty, like a moon Outbreaking from a cloud, to put harsh things in tune, And magically bring mankind to acquiesce In its own ravage,—call no curse upon, but bless 215 VOL. VII 177 Μ

(Beldame, a moment since) the outbreaking beauty, now,
That casts o'er all the blood a candour from her

prow.	
See, Cleopatra! bared, the entire and sinuous	
wealth	
O' the shining shape; each orb of indolent ripe	
health,	
Captured, just where it finds a fellow-orb as fine 22	20
I' the body: traced about by jewels which out-	
line,	
Fire-frame, and keep distinct, perfections—lest	
they melt	
To soft smooth unity ere half their hold be felt:	
Yet, o'er that white and wonder, a soul's pre-	
dominance	
I' the head so high and haught-except one	
thievish glance	25
From back of oblong eye, intent to count the slain.	دء
Hush,—O I know, Elvire! Be patient, more	
remain!	
What say you to Saint Pish! Whatever	
Saint you please,	
Cold-pinnacled aloft o' the spire, prays calm the	
seas	
From Pornic Church, and oft at midnight (peas-	
ante corri	30
Goes walking out to save from shipwreck: well	30
she may!	
For think how many a year has she been conversant	
With nought but winds and rains, sharp courtesy	
and scant	
O' the wintry snow that coats the pent-house of	
her shrine,	
Covers each knee, climbs near, but spares the	
smile henion	25
2	35

Which seems to say "I looked for scarce so much from earth!"

She follows, one long thin pure finger in the girth O' the girdle—whence the folds of garment, eye and eye,

Besprent with fleurs-de-lys, flow down and multiply Aroundher feet,—and one, pressed hushingly to lip: 240 As if, while thus we made her march, some founder-

ing ship

Might miss her from her post, nearer to God half-way

In heaven, and she inquired "Who that treads earth can pray?

I doubt if even she, the unashamed! though, sure, She must have stripped herself only to clothe the poor."

245

XXI

This time, enough's a feast, not one more form, Elvire!

Provided you allow that, bringing up the rear O' the bevy I am loth to—by one bird—curtail, First note may lead to last, an octave crown the scale,

And this feminity be followed—do not flout!— By—who concludes the masque with curtsey, smile and pout,

Submissive-mutinous? No other than Fifine Points toe, imposes haunch, and pleads with tambourine!

XXII

"Well, what's the meaning here, what does the masque intend,

Which, unabridged, we saw file past us, with no end of fair ones, till Fifine came, closed the catalogue?"

XXIII

Taskfancyyetagain! Suppose you cast this clog Of flesh away (that weeps, upbraids, with stands my arm)

And pass to join your peers, paragon charm with charm,

As I shall show you may,—prove best of beauty there!

Yourself confront yourself! This, help meto declare That yonder-you, who stand beside these, braving each

And blinking none, beat her who lured to Troytown beach

The purple prows of Greece,—nay, beat Fifine; whose face,

Mark how I will inflame, when seigneur-like I place 265 I' the tambourine, to spot the strained and piteous blank

Of pleading parchment, see, no less than a whole franc!

XXIV

Ah, do you mark the brown o' the cloud, made bright with fire

Through and through? as, old wiles succeeding to desire,

Quality (you and I) once more compassionate A hapless infant, doomed (fie on such partial fate!) To sink the inborn shame, waive privilege of sex, And posture as you see, support the nods and becks Of clowns that have their stare, nor always pay its price;

An infant born perchance as sensitive and nice As any soul of you, proud dames, whom destiny Keeps uncontaminate from stigma of the stye

She wallows in! You draw back skirts from filth like her

Who, possibly, bravesscorn, if, scorned, sheminister To age, want, and disease of parents one or both; 280 Nay, peradventure, stoops to degradation, loth That some just-budding sister, the dew yet on the rose,

Should have to share in turn the ignoble trade,—who knows?

XXV

Ay, who indeed! Myself know nothing, but dare guess

That off shetrips in haste to hand the booty...yes, 285 'Twixt fold and fold of tent, there looms he, dimdiscerned,

The ogre, lord of all those lavishlimbs have earned!

—Brute-beast-face,—ravage, scar, scowland malignancy,—

O' the Strong Man, whom (no doubt, her husband) by-and-by

You shall behold do feats: lift up nor quail beneath 290 A quintal in each hand, a cart-wheel 'twixt his teeth. Oh, she prefers sheer strength to ineffective grace, Breeding and culture! seeks the essential in the case! To him has flown my franc; and welcome, if that squint

O' the diabolic eye so soften through absinthe, That, for once, tambourine, tunic and tricot'scape Their customary curse "Nothalf the gain o' the ape!" Ay, they go in together!

XXVI

Yet still her phantom stays Opposite, where you stand: as steady 'neath our gaze—

The live Elvire's and mine—though fancy-stuff and	
mere Illusion; to be judged,—dream-figures,—without	300
fear Or favour, those the false, by you and me the true.	
XXVII	
"What puts it in my head to make yourself judge you?"	
Well, it may be, the name of Helen brought to mind	
A certain myth I mused in years long left behind: How she that fled from Greece with Paris whom	30 5
she loved,	
And came to Troy, and there found shelter, and so proved	
Such cause of the world's woe,—howshe, old stories	
call	
This creature, Helen's self, never saw Troy at all.	
Jove had his fancy-fit, must needs take empty air, Fashion her likeness forth, and set the phantom	310
there	
I' the midst for sport, to try conclusions with the blind	
And blundering race, the game create for Gods,	
mankind:	
Experiment on these,—establish who would yearn	
To give up life for her, who, other-minded, spurn	315
The best her eyes could smile,—make half the	0-5
world sublime,	
And half absurd, for just a phantom all the time!	
Meanwhile true Helen's self sat, safe and far away,	
By a great river-side, beneath a purer day,	
With solitude around, tranquillity within;	320
Was able to lean forth, look, listen, through the din	5-0
And stir; could estimate the worthlessness or worth	
Of Helen who inspired such passion to the earth,	
182	

A phantom all the time! That put it in my head, To make yourself judge you—the phantom-wife

o' the tearful true Elvire!	325
XXVIII	
I thank the smile at last Which thins away the tear! Our sky was overcast, And something fell; but day clears up: if there	
chanced rain, The landscape glistens more. I have not vexed in vain	
Elvire: because she knows, now she has stood the test,	330
How, this and this being good, herself may still be best	550
O' the beauty in review; because the flesh that claimed	
Unduly my regard, she thought, the taste, she blamed	
In me, for things extern, was all mistake, she finds,—	
Or will find, when I prove that bodies show me minds,	335
That, through the outward sign, the inward grace allures,	000
And sparks from heaven transpierce earth's coarsest covertures,—	
All by demonstrating the value of Fifine!	
XXIX	
Partake my confidence! No creature 's made so mean	
But that, some way, it boasts, could we investigate,	340
Its supreme worth: fulfils, by ordinance of fate, 183	349

				-
Its mom	entary task	, gets gl	orv all its) Tree
Lastes H	ו ממוחוויו	THE WORLD	·	,
*******	riumph in t s the singl	le grain	of sand, m	ent, alone. id millions
*** (* *				
Confused	dly on the	beach, b	ut, did we	know h.

, aid we know, has leaped

Or will leap, would we wait, i' the century, some 345 once.

To the very throne of things?-earth's brightest for the nonce.

When sunshine shall impinge on just that grain's facette

Which fronts him fullest, first, returns his ray with jet

Of promptest praise, thanks God best in creation's name!

As firm is my belief, quick sense perceives the same Self-vindicating flash illustrate every man And woman of our mass, and prove, throughout

the plan,

No detail but, in place allotted it, was prime And perfect.

XXX

Witness her, kept waiting all this time! 355 What happy angle makes Fifine reverberate Sunshine, least sand-grain, she, of shadiest social state?

No adamantine shield, polished like Helen there, Fit to absorb the sun, regorge him till the glare, Dazing the universe, draw Troy-ward those blind beaks

Of equal-sided ships rowed by the well-greaved Greeks !

No Asian mirror, like yon Ptolemaic witch Able to fix sun fast and tame sun down, enrich,

Not burn the world with beams thus flatteringly rolled About her, head to foot, turned slavish snakes of gold! And oh, no tinted pane of oriel sanctity, Does our Fifine afford, such as permits supply Of lustrous heaven, revealed, far more than mundane sight Could master, to thy cell, pure Saint! where, else too bright, So suits thy sense the orb, that, what outside was noon, Pales, through thy lozenged blue, to meek benefic moon! What then? does that prevent each dunghill, we may pass Daily, from boasting too its bit of looking-glass, Its sherd which, sun-smit, shines, shoots arrowy fire beyond That satin-muffled mope, your sulky diamond? XXXI And now, the mingled ray she shoots, I decompose. Her antecedents, take for execrable! Gloze No whit on your premiss: let be, there was no worst Of degradation spared Fifine: ordained from first To last, in body and soul, for one life-long debauch, The Pariah of the North, the European Nautch! This, far from seek to hide, she puts in evidence Calmly, displays the brand, bids pry without offence Yourfinger on the place. You comment "Fancy us So operated on, maltreated, mangled thus! Such torture in our case, had we survived an hour? Some other sort of flesh and blood must be, with		
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FIFINE AT THE FAIR	
Appropriate to the vile, unsensitive, tough-thonged, In lieu of our fine nerve! Be sure, she was not wronged	
Too much: you must not think she winced at prick as we!"	390
Come, come, that 's what you say, or would, were thoughts but free.	390
XXXII	
Well then, thus much confessed, what wonder if there steal	
Unchallenged to my heart the force of one appeal She makes, and justice stamp the sole claim she asserts?	
So absolutely good is truth, truth never hurts The teller, whose worst crime gets somehow grace, avowed.	395
To me, that silent pose and prayer proclaimed aloud	
"Know all of me outside, the rest be emptiness For such as you! I call attention to my dress, Coiffure, outlandish features, lithe memorable limbs,	400
Piquant entreaty, all that eye-glance over-skims. Does this give pleasure? Then, repay the pleasure, put	
Its price i' the tambourine! Do you seek further? Tut!	
I 'm just my instrument,—sound hollow: mere smooth skin	
Stretched o'er gilt framework, I: rub-dub, nought else within—	40
Always, for such as you!—if I have use elsewhere,—	
If certain bells, now mute, can jingle, need you care?	

Be it enough, there 's truth i' the pleading, which comports	
With no word spoken out in cottages or courts,	
Since all I plead is 'Pay for just the sight you see,	410
'And give no credit to another charm in me!'	
Do I say, like your Love? 'To praise my face is well,	
'But, who would know my worth, must search my heart to tell!'	
Do I say, like your Wife? 'Had I passed in	
review	
'The produce of the globe, my man of men were —you!'	415
Do I say, like your Helen? 'Yield yourself up,	
obey	
'Implicitly, nor pause to question, to survey	
'Even the worshipful! prostrate you at my shrine!	
'Shall you dare controvert what the world counts divine?	
'Array your private taste, own liking of the sense,	420
'Own longing of the soul, against the impudence	
'Of history, the blare and bullying of verse?	
'As if man ever yet saw reason to disburse	
'The amount of what sense liked, soul longed for, —given, devised	
'As love, forsooth,—until the price was recog-	
nized	425
'As moderate enough by divers fellow-men!	
'Then, with his warrant safe that these would	
love too, then,	
'Sure that particular gain implies a public loss,	
'And that no smile he buys but proves a slash	
across The face a stab into the side of somebody—	430
'The face, a stab into the side of somebody— 'Sure that, along with love's main-purchase, he	430
will buy	
will buy	

'Up the whole stock of earth's uncharitableness, 'Envy and hatred,—then, decides he to profess 'His estimate of one, by love discerned, though dim
'To all the world beside: since what 's the world to him?'
Do I say, like your Queen of Egypt? 'Who fore-
'My cup of witchcraft—fault be on the fool! He knows
'Nothing of how I pack my wine-press, turn its winch
'Three-times-three, all the time to song and dance, nor flinch
'From charming on and on, till at the last I squeeze 440 'Out the exhaustive drop that leaves behind mere lees
'And dregs, vapidity, thought essence hereto- fore!
'Sup of my sorcery, old pleasures please no more! 'Be great, be good, love, learn, have potency of hand
'Or heart or head,—what boots? You die, nor understand
'What bliss might be in life: you ate the grapes, but knew
'Never the taste of wine, such vintage as I brew!'
'Bides in the birth of things: no after-time can much
'Enhance that fine, that faint, fugitive first of all! 450 'What colour paints the cup o' the May-rose, like the small
'Suspicion of a blush which doubtfully begins?' 'What sound outwarbles brook, while, at the

source, it wins

- 'That moss and stone dispart, allow its bubblings breathe?
- 'What taste excels the fruit, just where sharp flavours sheathe

'Their sting, and let encroach the honey that allays?

'And so with soul and sense; when sanctity betrays

'First fear lest earth below seem real as heaven above.

'And holy worship, late, change soon to sinful love-

'Where is the plenitude of passion which endures 460

'Comparison with that, I ask of amateurs?'

Do I say, like Elvire"...

XXXIII

(Your husband holds you fast,

Will have you listen, learn your character at last!)
"Do I say?—like her mixed unrest and discontent,
Reproachfulness and scorn, with that submission
blent

So strangely, in the face, by sad smiles and gay tears,—

465

Quiescence which attacks, rebellion which endears,—

Say? 'As you loved me once, could you but love me now!

'Years probably have graved their passage on my brow,

'Lips turn more rarely red, eyes sparkle less than erst;

'Such tribute body pays to time; but, unamerced,

'The soul retains, nay, boasts old treasure multiplied.

'Though dew-prime flee,—mature at noonday, love defied

FIFINE AT THE FAIR 'Chance, the wind, change, the rain: love.

'For storm, struck deeper root and choicer fruit-

Despite the rocking world; yet truth struck root

'While tenderness bears fruit, you praise, not

'Why? They are yours, which once were hardly

'To grace another's ground: and then—the hopes

'The fears we keep in mind!-when, ours to

strenuous all the more

age bore.

in vain:

taste again.

we know.

arbitrate.

lights up

out to sup.

keep aloof

roof!

vours, might go

'Your part was to bow neck, bid fall decree of fate.

'Then, O the knotty point—white-night's work to revolve—

'What meant that smile, that sigh? Not Solon's self could solve!

'Then, O the deep surmise what one word might express,

'And if what seemed her "No" may not have meant her "Yes!"

'Then, such annoy, for cause—calm welcome, such acquist

'Of rapture if, refused her arm, hand touched her wrist!

'Now, what's a smile to you? Poor candle that

'The decent household gloom which sends you

'A tear? worse! warns that health requires you

'From nuptial chamber, since rain penetrates the

'Soul, body got and gained, inalienably safe 'Your own, become despised; more worth has any waif 'Or stray from neighbour's pale: pouch that,-'t is pleasure, pride, 'Novelty, property, and larceny beside! 'Preposterous thought! to find no value fixed in things, 'To covet all you see, hear, dream of, till fate brings 'About that, what you want, you gain; then follows change. 'Give you the sun to keep, forthwith must fancy range: 'A goodly lamp, no doubt,—yet might you catch her hair 'And capture, as she frisks, the fen-fire dancing there! 'What do I say? at least a meteor's half in heaven: 'Provided filth but shine, my husband hankers even 'After putridity that's phosphorescent, cribs 'The rustic's tallow-rush, makes spoil of urchins' squibs. 505 'In short prefers to me—chaste, temperate, serene-'What sputters green and blue, this fizgig called Fifine!""

XXXIV

So all your sex mistake! Strange that so plain a fact

Should raise such dire debate! Few families were racked

By torture self-supplied, did Nature grant but	
this— That women comprehend mental analysis!	510
XXXV	
Elvire, do you recall when, years ago, our home The intimation reached, a certain pride of Rome, Authenticated piece, in the third, last and best Manner,—whatever fools and connoisseurs contest,—	
No particle disturbed by rude restorer's touch, The palaced picture-pearl, so long eluding clutch Of creditor, at last, the Rafael might—could we But come to terms—change lord, pass from the Prince to me?	515
I think you recollect my fever of a year: How the Prince would, and how he would not; now,—too dear	520
That promise was, he made his grandsire so long since,	
Rather to boast "I own a Rafael" than "am Prince!"	
And now, the fancy soothed—if really sell he must	
His birthright for a mess of pottage—such a thrust I' the vitals of the Prince were mollified by balm, Could he prevail upon his stomach to bear qualm, And bequeath Liberty (because a purchaser Was ready with the sum—a trifle!) yes, transfer	
His heart at all events to that land where, at least, Free institutions reign! And so, its price increased Five-fold (Americans are such importunates!), Soon must his Rafael start for the United States. O alternating bursts of hope now, then despair! At last, the bargain's struck, I'm all but beggared, there	
riicie	535

The Rafael faces me, in fine, no dream at all,
My housemate, evermore to glorify my wall.
A week must pass, before heart-palpitations sink,
In gloating o'er my gain, so late I edged the brink
Of doom; a fortnight more, I spend in Paradise: 540
"Was outline e'er so true, could colouring entice
So calm, did harmony and quiet so avail?
How right, how resolute, the action tells the tale!"
A month, I bid my friends congratulate their best:
"You happy Don!" (to me): "The blockhead!"
(to the rest):

"Nodoubt he thinks his dauboriginal, poor dupe!" Then I resume my life: one chamber must not coop Man's life in, though it boast a marvel like my

prize.

Next year, I saunter past with unaverted eyes, Nay, loll and turn my back: perchance to overlook 550 With relish, leaf by leaf, Doré's last picture-book.

XXXVI

Imaginethatavoicereproached mefromits frame: "Here do I hang, and may! Your Rafael, just the same,

'T is only you that change: no ecstasies of yore! No purposed suicide distracts you any more!"
Prompt would my answer meet such frivolous attack:

"You misappropriate sensations. What men lack, And labour to obtain, is hoped and feared about After a fashion; what they once obtain, makes doubt.

Expectancy's old fretand fume, henceforward void. 560 But do they think to hold such havings unalloyed By novel hopes and fears, of fashion just as new To correspond i' the scale? Nowise, I promise

you!

Mine you are, therefore mine will be, as fit to cheer

My soul and glad my sense to-day as this-day-year. 565 So, any sketch or scrap, pochade, caricature, Made in a moment, meant a moment to endure, I snap at, seize, enjoy, then tire of, throw aside, Find you in your old place. But if a servant cried 'Fire in the gallery!'—methinks, were I engaged 570 In Doré, elbow-deep, picture-books million-paged To the four winds would pack, sped by the heartiest curse

Was ever launched from lip, to strew the universe. Would not I brave the best o' the burning, bear away

Either my perfect piece in safety, or else stay
And share its fate, be made its martyr nor repine?
Inextricably wed, such ashes mixed with mine!"

XXXVII

For which I get the eye, the hand, the heart, the whole
O' the wondrous wife again!

XXXVIII

But no, play out your *rôle*I' the pageant! 'T is not fit your phantom leave the stage:

I want you, there, to make you, here, confess you wage

Successful warfare, pique those proud ones, and advance

Claim to . . . equality? nay, but predominance In *physique* o'er them all, where Helen heads the scene

Closed by its tiniest of tail-tips, pert Fifine.

585

How ravishingly pure you stand in pale constraint! My new-created shape, without or touch or taint, Inviolate of life and worldliness and sin— Fettered, I hold my flower, her own cup's weight would win	
From off the tall slight stalk a-top of which she	
turns	590
And trembles, makes appeal to one who roughly	
earns Her thanks instead of blame, (did lily only know),	
By thus constraining length of lily, letting snow Of cup-crown, that 's her face, look from its	
guardian stake,	
Superbon all that crawls beneath, and mutely make	505
Defiance, with the mouth's white movement of	322
disdain,	
To all that stoops, retires and hovers round again! How windingly the limbs delay to lead up, reach	
Where, crowned, the head waits calm: as if reluctant, each,	
That eye should traverse quick such lengths of	
loveliness,	600
From feet, which just are found embedded in the	•
dress	
Deepswathed about with folds and flowings virginal,	
Up to the pleated breasts, rebellious 'neath their	
pall,	
As if the vesture's snow were moulding sleep not death,	
Must melt and so release; whereat, from the fine	
sheath,	605
The flower-cup-crown starts free, the face is uncon-	_
cealed,	
And what shall now divert me once the sweet face	

revealed,
From all I loved so long, so lingeringly left?

XXXIX

Because indeed your face fits into just the cleft O' the heart of me, Elvire, makes right and whole once more

All that was half itself without you! As before, My truant finds its place! Doubtlessly sea-shells yearn,

If plundered by sad chance: would pray their pearls return,

Let negligently slip away into the wave!

Nevermay eyes desist, those eyes so greyand grave, 615 From their slow sure supply of the effluent soul within!

And, would you humour me? I dare to ask, unpin Theweb of that brown hair! O'erwash o' the sudden, but

As promptly, too, disclose, on either side, the jut Of alabaster brow! So part rich rillets dyed 62 Deep by the woodland leaf, when down they pour, each side

O' the rock-top, pushed by Spring!

xL

"And where i' the world is all This wonder, you detail so trippingly, espied? My mirror would reflect a tall, thin, pale, deep-eyed Personage, pretty once, it may be, doubtless still 625 Loving,—a certain grace yet lingers, if you will,— But all this wonder, where?"

XLI

Why, where but in the sense And soul of me, Art's judge? Art is my evidence That something was, is, might be; but no more thing itself,

Than flame is fuel. Once the verse-book laid on shelf,

The picture turned to wall, the music fled from ear,—
Each beauty, born of each, grows clearer and more clear,

Mine henceforth, ever mine!

XLII

Effect, in Art, to cause,—corroborate, erase
What 's right or wrong i' the lines, test fancy in
my brain
By fact which gave it birth? I re-peruse in vain
The verse, I fail to find that vision of delight
I' the Bazzi's lost-profile, eye-edge so exquisite.
And, music: what? that burst of pillared cloud
by day

But if I would re-trace

And pillared fire by night, was product, must we say, 640 Of modulating just, by enharmonic change,—
The augmented sixth resolved,—from out the straighter range

Of D sharp minor,—leap of disimprisoned thrall,— Into thy light and life, D major natural?

XLIII

Elvire, will you partake in what I shall impart? 645 I seem to understand the way heart chooses heart By help of the outside form,—a reason for our wild Diversity in choice,—why each grows reconciled To what is absent, what superfluous in the mask Of flesh that 's meant to yield,—did nature ply her task

As artist should,—precise the features of the soul, Which, if in any case they found expression, whole I' the traits, would give a type, undoubtedly display A novel, true, distinct perfection in its way.

Never shall I believe any two souls were made
Similar; granting, then, each soul of every grade
Was meant to be itself, prove in itself complete
And, in completion, good,—nay, best o' the kind,
—as meet

Needs must it be that show on the outside correspond With inward substance,—flesh, the dress which soul has donned,

ббо

675

Exactly reproduce,—were only justice done
Inside and outside too,—types perfect everyone.
How happens it that here we meet a mystery
Insoluble to man, a plaguy puzzle? Why
Each soul is either made imperfect, and deserves
As rude a face to match; or else a bungler swerves,
And nature, on a soul worth rendering aright,
Works ill, or proves perverse, or, in herown despite,
—Here too much, there too little,—bids each face,
more or less,

Retire from beauty, make approach to ugliness? 670 And yet succeeds the same: since, what is wanting to success,

If somehow every face, no matter how deform, Evidence, to some one of hearts on earth, that, warm

Beneath the veriest ash, there hides a spark of soul Which, quickened by love's breath, may yet pervade the whole

O' the grey, and, free again, be fire?—of worth the same,

Howe'er produced, for, great or little, flame is flame. A mystery, whereof solution is to seek.

XLIV

I find it in the fact that each soul, just as weak Its own way as its fellow,—departure from design 680 As flagrant in the flesh,—goes striving to combine

With what shall right the wrong, the under or above

The standard: supplement unloveliness by love.

—Ask Plato else! And this corroborates the sage,
That Art,—which I may style the love of loving,
rage

Of knowing, seeing, feeling the absolute truth of things

For truth's sake, whole and sole, not any good, truth brings

The knower, seer, feeler, beside,—instinctive Art Must fumble for the whole, once fixing on a part However poor, surpass the fragment, and aspire 690 To reconstruct thereby the ultimate entire. Art, working with a will, discards the superflux, Contributes to defect, toils on till,—fiat lux,—There's the restored, the prime, the individual type!

XLV

Look, for example now! This piece of broken pipe

695

(Some shipman's solace erst) shall act as crayon; and

What tablet better serves my purpose than the sand?

—Smooth slab whereon I draw, no matter with what skill,

A face, and yet another, and yet another still. There lie my three prime types of beauty!

XLVI

Laugh your best! 700
"Exaggeration and absurdity?" Confessed!
Yet, what may that face mean, no matter for its
nose,

A yard long, or its chin, a foot short?

XLVII

			"	You	sup	pose.
Horror?"	Exactly!	What 's	the	odds	if,	more
or less	•				,	•
T) 1	C 1 C					

By yard or foot, the features do manage to express 705 Such meaning in the main? Were I of Gérôme's force,

Nor feeble as you see, quick should my crayon course

O'er outline, curb, excite, till,—so completion speeds

With Gérôme well at work,—observe how brow recedes,

Head shudders back on spine, as if one haled the hair,

710

Would have the full-face front what pin-point eye's sharp stare

Announces; mouth agape to drink the flowing fate,

While chin protrudes to meet the burst o' the wave: elate

Almost, spurred on to brave necessity, expend
All life left, in one flash, as fire does at its end.
Retrenchment and addition effect a masterpiece,
Not change i' the motive: here diminish, there
increase—

And who wants Horror, has it.

XLVIII

Who wants some other show Of soul, may seek elsewhere—this second of the row?

What does it give for germ, monadic mere intent 720 Of mind in face, faint first of meanings ever meant?

Why, possibly, a grin, that, strengthened, grows

a laugh;

That, softened, leaves a smile; that, tempered, bids you quaff	
At such a magic cup as English Reynolds once Compounded: for the witch pulls out of you response	-0-
Like Garrick's to Thalia, however due may be Your homage claimed by that stiff-stoled Melpomene!	725
XLIX	
And just this one face more! Pardon the bold pretence!	
May there not lurk some hint, struggle toward evidence	
In that compressed mouth, those strained nostrils, steadfast eyes	730
Of utter passion, absolute self-sacrifice, Which,—could I but subdue the wild grotesque,	
refine	
That bulge of brow, make blunt that nose's aquiline,	
And let, although compressed, a point of pulp appear	
I' the mouth,—would give at last the portrait of Elvire?	<i>7</i> 35
L	
Well, and if so succeed hand-practice on awry Preposterous art-mistake, shall soul-proficiency Despair,—when exercised on nature, which at worst	

Always implies success, however crossed and curst By failure,—such as art would emulate in vain? 740

Shall any soul despair of setting free again

Trait after trait, until the type as wholly start Forth, visible to sense, as that minutest part,

(Whate'er the chance) which first arresting eve. warned soul That, under wrong enough and ravage, lay the whole O' the loveliness it "loved"—I take the accepted phrase? LI So I account for tastes: each chooses, none gainsays The fancy of his fellow, a paradise for him, A hell for all beside. You can but crown the brim O' the cup; if it be full, what matters less or more? 750 Let each, i' the world, amend his love, as I, o' the shore My sketch, and the result as undisputed be! Their handiwork to them, and my Elvire to me: -Result more beautiful than beauty's self, when What was my Rafael turns my Michelagnolo! 755 LIL For, we two boast, beside our pearl, a diamond. I' the palace-gallery, the corridor beyond, Upheaves itself a marble, a magnitude man-shaped As snow might be. One hand,—the Master's, smoothed and scraped That mass, he hammered on and hewed at, till he hurled 760 Life out of death, and left a challenge: for the

If this be purposed Art, or mere mimetic play

Death still,—since who shall dare, close to the

world.

image, say

FIFINE AT THE FAIR Of Nature?—wont to deal with crag or cloud, as

To fashion novel forms, like forms we know,

stuff

enough

For recognition, but enough unlike the same,
To leave no hope ourselves may profit by her
game;
Death therefore to the world. Step back a pace
or two!
And then, who dares dispute the gradual birth its due
Of breathing life, or breathless immortality, 770
Where out she stands, and yet stops short, half
bold, half shy,
Hesitates on the threshold of things, since partly blent
With stuff she needs must quit, her native element
I' the mind o' the Master,—what 's the creature,
dear-divine
Yet earthly-awful too, so manly-feminine, 775
Pretends this white advance? What startling brain-
escape
Of Michelagnolo takes elemental shape?
I think he meant the daughter of the old man o'
the sea,
Emerging from her wave, goddess Eidotheé-
She who, in elvish sport, spite with benevolence 780
Mixed Mab-wise up, must needs instruct the Hero
whence
Salvation dawns o'er that mad misery of his isle.
Yes, she imparts to him, by what a pranksome wile
He may surprise her sire, asleep beneath a rock,
When he has told their tale, amid his web-foot flock 785
Of sea-beasts, "fine fat seals with bitter breath!"
laughs she
At whom she likes to save, no less: Eidotheé,
203

FIFINE AT THE FAIR Whom you shall never face evolved, in earth, in

In wave; but, manifest i' the soul's domain, why.

She ravishingly moves to meet you, all through aid 790 O' the soul! Bid shine what should, dismiss into

What should not be,—and there triumphs the

air.

the shade

paramount	
Emprise o' the Master! But, attempt to make	
account	
Of what the sense, without soul's help, perceives?	
I bought	
That work—(despite plain proof, whose hand it was had wrought	
	795
I' the rough: I think we trace the tool of triple tooth,	
Here, there and everywhere)—bought dearly that	
uncouth	
Unwieldy bulk, for just ten dollars—"Bulk,	
would fetch—	
Converted into lime—some five pauls!" grinned a wretch,	
Who, bound on business, paused to hear the	
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	800
And would have pitied me "but for the fun o'	
the thing!"	
the times.	
LIII	
Shall such a wretch be—you? Must—while I show Elvire	
Shaming all other forms, seen as I see her here	
I' the soul,—this other-you perversely look out-	
side,	
And ask me, "Where i' the world is charm to be	
descried	805

I' the tall thin personage, with paled eye, persive face,

Any amount of love, and some remains of graces See yourself in my soul!

LIV

And what a world for each Must somehow be i' the soul,—accept that mode of speech,—

Whether an aura gird the soul, wherein it seems
To float and move, a belt of all the glints and
gleams

It struck from out that world, its weaklier fellows found

So dead and cold; or whether these not so much surround,

As pass into the soul itself, add worth to worth, As wine enriches blood, and straightway send it forth,

Conquering and to conquer, through all eternity, That 's battle without end.

T.V

I search but cannot see What purpose serves the soul that strives, or world it tries

Conclusions with, unless the fruit of victories Stay, one and all, stored up and guaranteed its own 820 For ever, by some mode whereby shall be made known

The gain of every life. Death reads the title clear—What each soul for itself conquered from out things here:

Since, in the seeing soul, all worth lies, I assert,—And nought i' the world, which, save for soul that sees, inert

825

815

Was, is, and would be ever,—stuff for transmuting,—null

And void until man's breath evoke the beautiful-But, touched aright, prompt yields each particle its tongue

Ofelemental flame, -no matter when ce flames prung From gums and spice, or else from straw and rottenness.

830

845

Solongassoul has power to make them burn, express What lights and warms henceforth, leaves only ash behind,

Howe'er the chance: if soul be privileged to find Food so soon that, by first snatch of eye, suck of breath,

It can absorb pure life: or, rather, meeting death 835 I' the shape of ugliness, by fortunate recoil So put on its resource, it find therein a foil For a new birth of life, the challenged soul's response To ugliness and death,—creation for the nonce.

I gather heart through just such conquests of the soul,

Through evocation out of that which, on the whole, Was rough, ungainly, partial accomplishment, at best.

And-what, at worst, save failure to spit at and detest?---

—Through transference of all, achieved in visible things,

To where, secured from wrong, rest soul's imaginings-

Through ardour to bring help just where completion halts,

Do justice to the purpose, ignore the slips and faults—

And, last, through waging with deformity a fight Which wrings thence, at the end, precise its opposite. I praise the loyalty o' the scholar,—stung by taunt 850 Of fools "Does this evince thy Master menso vaunt? Did he then perpetrate the plain abortion here?" Who cries "His work am I! full fraught by him, I clear

His fame from each result of accident and time,
Myself restore his work to its fresh morning-prime,
Not daring touch the mass of marble, fools deride,
But putting my idea in plaster by its side,
His, since mine; I, he made, vindicate who made
me!"

LVII

For, you must know, I too achieved Eidotheé, In silence and by night—dared justify the lines
Plain to my soul, although, to sense, that tripletine's

Achievement halt half-way, break down, or leave a blank.

If she stood forth at last, the Master was to thank! Yet may there nothavesmiled approval in his eyes—
That one at least was left who, born to recognize 865
Perfection in the piece imperfect, worked, that night,

In silence, such his faith, until the apposite
Design was out of him, truth palpable once more?
And then,—for at one blow, its fragments strewed
the floor,—

Recalled the same to live within his soul as here-tofore.

870

LVIII

And, even as I hold and have Eidotheé, I say, I cannot think that gain,—which would not be

Except a special soul had gained it,—that such gain Can ever be estranged, do aught but appertain Immortally, by right firm, indefeasible, To who performed the feat, through God's grace and man's will! Gain, never shared by those who practised with	875
earth's stuff, And spoiled whate'er they touched, leaving its roughness rough,	
Its blankness bare, and, when the ugliness opposed, Either struck work or laughed "He doted or he dozed!"	880
LIX	
While, oh, how all the more will love become intense	
Hereafter, when "to love" means yearning to dispense,	
Each soul, its own amount of gain through its own mode	
Of practising with life, upon some soul which owed Its treasure, all diverse and yet in worth the same, To new work and changed way! Things furnish you rose-flame,	885
Which burn up red, green, blue, nay, yellow more than needs,	
For me, I nowise doubt; why doubt a time succeeds When each one may impart, and each receive, both share	
The chemic secret, learn,—where I lit force, why there	890
You drew forth lambent pity,—where I found only food	090
For self-indulgence, you still blew a spark at brood I' the greyest ember, stopped not till self-sacrifice	

imbued

Heaven's face with flame? What joy, when each	
may supplement The other, changing each as changed, till, wholly	
blent, Our old things shall be new, and, what we both	895
ignite, Fuse, lose the varicolor in achromatic white!	
Exemplifying law, apparent even now	
In the eternal progress,—love's law, which I avow	
And thus would formulate: each soul lives, longs and works	900
For itself, by itself,—because a lodestar lurks,	,,,,
An other than itself,—in whatsoe'er the niche	
Of mistiest heaven it hide, whoe'er the Glumdalclich	
May grasp the Gulliver: or it, or he, or she— Theosutos e broteios eper kekramene,—	905
(For fun's sake, where the phrase has fastened,	
leave it fixed!	
So soft it says,—"God, man, or both together mixed"!)	
This, guessed at through the flesh, by parts which	
prove the whole,	
This constitutes the soul discernible by soul	
—Elvire, by me!	
LX	
"And then"—(pray you, permit remain	910
This hand upon my arm!—your cheek dried, if	
you deign,	
Choosing my shoulder)—"then"—(Stand up for,	
boldly state The objection in its length and breadth!) "you	
abdicate,	
With boast yet on your lip, soul'sempire, and accept	
The rule of sense; the Man, from monarch's	
throne has stept—	915
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Leapt, rather, at one bound, to base, and there	
lies, Brute.	
You talk of soul,—how soul, in search of soul to	
suit,	
Must needs review the sex, the army, rank and file	
Of womankind, report no face nor form so vile	
But that a certain worth, by certain signs, may	
thence	920
Evolve itself and stand confessed—to soul—by	
sense.	
Sense? Oh, the loyal bee endeavours for the hive!	
Disinterested hunts the flower-field through, alive	
Not one mean moment, no,—suppose on flower	
he light,—	
	925
Matter-of-course snatched snack: unless he taste,	
how try?	
This, light on tongue-tip laid, allows him pack his	
thigh,	
Transport all he counts prize, provision for the comb,	
Food for the future day,—a banquet, but at home!	
Soul? Ere you reach Fifine's, some flesh may be	
	930
That bombéd brow, that eye, a kindling chrysopras,	
Beneath its stiff black lash, inquisitive how speeds	
Each functionary limb, how play of foot succeeds,	
And how you let escape or duly sympathize	
With gastroknemian grace,—true, your soul tastes	
and tries,	935
And trifles time with these, but, fear not, will arrive	
At essence in the core, bring honey home to hive,	
Brain-stock and heart-stuff both—to strike ob-	
jectors dumb—	
Since only soul affords the soul fit pabulum!	
Be frank for charity! Who is it you deceive—	940
Yourself or me or God, with all this make-believe?"	

And frank I will respond as you interrogate. Ah, Music, wouldst thou help! Words struggle with the weight So feebly of the False, thick element between Our soul, the True, and Truth! which, but that intervene False shows of things, were reached as easily by thought	
So feebly of the False, thick element between Our soul, the True, and Truth! which, but that intervene False shows of things, were reached as easily by thought	
intervene False shows of things, were reached as easily by thought	
thought	1 5
Reducible to word, as now by yearnings wrought	
Up with thy fine free force, oh Music, that canst thrid, Electrically win a passage through the lid	
Of earthly sepulchre, our words may push against, 95 Hardly transpierce as thou! Not dissipate, thou	;0
deign'st, So much as tricksily elude what words attempt To heave away, i' the mass, and let the soul, exempt	
From all that vapoury obstruction, view, instead Of glimmer underneath, a glory overhead. Not feebly, like our phrase, against the barrier go	5
In suspirative swell the authentic notes I know, By help whereof, I would our souls were found without	
The pale, above the dense and dim which breeds the doubt!	
But Music, dumb for you, withdraws her help from me;	50
And, since to weary words recourse again must be, At least permitthey rest their burthen here and there, Music-like: cover space! My answer,—need you	
If it exceed the bounds, reply to questioning	
You never meant should plague? Once fairly on the wing, Let me flap far and wide!	55

LXII

For this is just the time, The place, the mood in you and me, when all things chime,

Clash forth life's common chord, whence, list how there ascend

Harmonics far and faint, till our perception end,—
Reverberated notes whence we construct the scale 970
Embracing what we know and feel and are! How fail
To find or, better, lose your question, in this quick
Reply which nature yields, ample and catholic?
For, arm in arm, we two have reached, nay, passed,
you see,

The village-precinct; sunsetsmild on Sainte Marie—975
We only catch the spire, and yet I seem to know
What 's hid i' the turn o' the hill: how all the
graves must glow

Soberly, as each warms its little iron cross, Flourished about with gold, and graced (if private loss

Be fresh) with stiff rope-wreath of yellow crisp bead-blooms

Which tempt down birds to pay their supper, mid the tombs,

With prattle good as song, amuse the dead awhile, If couched they hear beneath the matted camomile!

LXIII

Bid them good-bye before last friend has sung and supped!

Because we pick our path and need our eyes,—
abrupt

Descent enough,—but here's the breach, and there's the bay,

And, opposite, the streak of Île Noirmoutier.

Thither the waters tend; they freshen as they haste,

At feel of the night-wind, though, by cliff and cliff	
embraced, This breadth of blue retains its self-possession still;	990
As you and I intend to do, who take our fill	
Of sights and sounds—soft sound, the countless	
hum and skip	
Of insects we disturb, and that good fellowship	
Of rabbits our foot-fall sends huddling, each to hide	
He best knows how and where; and what whirred	
past, wings wide?	995
That was an owl, their young may justlier appre-	
hend!	
Though you refuse to speak, your beating heart,	
my friend,	
I feel against my arm,—though your bent head forbids	
A look into your eyes, yet, on my cheek, their lids	
That ope and shut, soft send a silken thrill the same.	T000
Well, out of all and each these nothings, comes—	1000
what came	
Often enough before, the something that would aim	
Once more at the old mark: the impulse to at last	
Succeed where hitherto was failure in the past,	
And yet again essay the adventure. Clearlier sings	1005
No bird to its couched corpse "Into the truth of	

LXIV

Out of their falseness rise, and reach thou, and

things-

remain!"

"That rise into the true out of the false—explain?"

That rise into the true out of the false—explain?"

That rise into the true out of the false—explain?

May an example serve? In yonder bay I bathed, This sunny morning: swam my best, then hung, half swathed

1010

FIFINE AT THE FAIR	
With chill, and half with warmth, i' the channel's midmost deep:	
Youknowhowone—not treads, but stands in water? Keep	
Body and limbs below, hold head back, uplift chin.	
And, for the rest, leave care! If brow, eyes, mouth, should win	
Their freedom,—excellent! If they must brook the surge,	****
No matter though they sink, let but the nose emerge.	1015
So, all of me in brine lay soaking: did I care One jot? I kept alive by man's due breath of air	
I' the nostrils, high and dry. At times, o'er these would run	
The ripple, even wash the wavelet, —morning's sun Tempted advance, no doubt: and always flash of	1020
froth,	
Fish-outbreak, bubbling by, would find me nothing loth	
To rise and look around; then all was overswept Withdarkanddeathatonce. Buttrusttheoldadept!	
Back went again the head, a merest motion made,	1025
Fin-fashion, either hand, and nostril soon conveyed Assurance light and life were still in reach as erst:	
Always the last and,—wait and watch,—sometimes the first.	
Try to ascend breast-high? wave arms wide free of tether?	
Be in the air and leave the water altogether?	1030
Under went all again, till I resigned myself To only breathe the air, that 's footed by an elf,	
And only swim the water, that 's native to a fish. But there is no denying that, ere I curbed my wish,	
And schooled my restive arms, salt entered mouth and eyes	
Often enough—sun, sky, and air so tantalize!	1035
A = .	

Still, the adept swims, this accorded, that denied; Canalways breathe, sometimes see and be satisfied!

LXV

I liken to	o this play o'	the body,-fr	uitless strife
To slip the	sea and hold	l the heaven,-	-my spirit's
1ife		·	, -

1040

'Twixt false, whence it would break, and true, where it would bide.

I move in, yet resist, am upborne every side By what I beat against, an element too gross To live in, did not soul duly obtain her dose Of life-breath, and inhale from truth's pure plenitude

1045

Above her, snatch and gain enough to just illude With hope that some brave bound may baffle evermore

The obstructing medium, make who swam henceforward soar:

—Gain scarcely snatched when, foiled by the very effort, sowse,

Underneath ducks the soul, her truthward yearnings dowse

1050

Deeper in falsehood! ay, but fitted less and less To bear in nose and mouth old briny bitterness Proved alien more and more: since each experience proves

Air—theessential good, not sea, wherein who moves Must thence, in the act, escape, apart from will or wish.

1055

Move a mere hand to take waterweed, jelly-fish, Upward you tend! And yet our business with the sea

Is not with air, but just o' the water, watery:
We must endure the false, no particle of which
Do we acquaint us with, but up we mount a pitch 1060

Above it, find our head reach truth, while hands explore

The false below: so much while here we bathe,—

LXVI

Now, there is one prime point (hear and be edified!)

One truth more true for me than any truth beside—
To-wit, that I am I, who have the power to swim, 1065
The skill to understand the law whereby each limb
May bear to keep immersed, since, in return, made
sure

That its mere movement lifts head clean through coverture.

By practice with the false, I reach the true? Why, thence

It follows, that the more I gain self-confidence, Getproof I know the trick, can float, sink, rise, at will, The better I submit to what I have the skill To conquer in my turn, even now, and by and by Leave wholly for the land, and there laugh, shake me dry

To last drop, saturate with noonday—no need more 1075 Of wet and fret, plagued once: on Pornic's placid shore,

Abundant air to breathe, sufficient sun to feel!

Meantime I buoy myself: no whit my senses reel
When over me there breaks a billow; nor, elate
Too much by some brief taste, I quaff intemperate
The air, o'ertop breast-high the wave-environment.
Full well I know the thing I grasp, as if intent
To hold,—my wandering wave,—will not be
grasped at all:

The solid-seeming grasped, the handful great or small

Must go to nothing, glide through fingers fast	1085
enough; But none the less, to treat liquidity as stuff—	1005
Though failure—certainly succeeds beyond its aim,	
Sends head above, past thing that hands miss, all	
the same.	
LXVII	
So with this wash o' the world, wherein life-long we drift;	
We push and paddle through the foam by making shift	1090
To breathe above at whiles when, after deepest duck	1090
Down underneath the show, we put forth hand	
and pluck	
At what seems somehow like reality—a soul.	
I catch at this and that, to capture and control,	
Presume I hold a prize, discover that my pains	1095
Are run to nought: my hands are baulked, my	
head regains	
The surface where I breathe and look about, a	
space. The soul that helped me mount? Swallowed up	
in the race	
O' the tide, come who knows whence, gone gaily	
who knows where!	
I thought the prize was mine; I flattered myself there.	1100
It did its duty, though: I felt it, it felt me,	
Or, where I look about and breathe, I should not be.	
The main point is—the false fluidity was bound	
Acknowledge that it frothed o'er substance, nowise	
found	
Fluid, but firm and true. Man, outcast, "howls," —at rods?—	
If "sent in playful spray a-shivering to his gods!"	1105
contin playiar opiny a smirering to mis gods:	

Childishest childe, man makes thereby no bad exchange.	
Stay with the flat-fish, thou! We like the upper	
range Where the "gods" live, perchance the dæmons also dwell:	
Where operates a Power, which every throb and swell	
Of human heart invites that human soul approach, "Sent" near and nearer still, however "spray" encroach	IIIO
On "shivering" flesh below, to altitudes, which gained,	
Evil proves good, wrong right, obscurity explained, And "howling" childishness. Whose howl have we to thank,	
If all the dogs 'gan bark and puppies whine, till sank	1115
Each yelper's tail 'twixt legs? for Huntsman Common-sense	
Came to the rescue, bade prompt thwack of thong dispense	
Quiet i' the kennel; taught that ocean might be blue,	
And rolling and much more, and yet the soul have, too,	1120
Its touch of God's own flame, which He may so expand	
"Who measured the waters i' the hollow of His hand"	
That ocean's self shall dry, turn dew-drop in respect Of all-triumphant fire, matter with intellect	
Once fairly matched; bade him who egged on hounds to bay,	1125
Go curse, i' the poultry yard, his kind: "there let him lay"	

Too pertinaciously, as though no Triton, bluff As e'er blew brine from conch, were free to help enough!

Surely, to recognize a man, his mates serve best! 1150 Why is there not the same or greater interest In the strong spouse as in the pretty partner. pray,

Were recognition just your object, as you say,

Amid this element o' the false?"

LXX

We come to terms.

1160

I need to be proved true; and nothing so confirms 1155 One's faith in the prime point that one 's alive, not dead,

In all Descents to Hell whereof I ever read. As when a phantom there, male enemy or friend, Or merely stranger-shade, is struck, is forced suspend

His passage: "You that breathe, along with us the ghosts?"

Here, why must it be still a woman that accosts?

LXXI

Because, one woman's worth, in that respect, such hairy hosts

Of the other sex and sort! Men? Say you have the power

To make them yours, rule men, throughout life's little hour,

According to the phrase; what follows? you make,

By ruling them, your own: each man for his own sake

Accepts you as his guide, avails him of what worth He apprehends in you to sublimate his earth

With fire: content, if so you convoy him through	
night, That you shall play the sun, and he, the satellite, Pilfer your light and heat and virtue, starry pelf, While, caught up by your course, he turns upon himself.	1170
Women rush into you, and there remain absorbed. Beside, 't is only men completely formed, full-orbed, Are fit to follow track, keep pace, illustrate so The leader: any sort of woman may bestow Her atom on the star, or clod she counts for such,—Each little making less bigger by just that much. Women grow you, while men depend on you at best.	1175
And what dependence! Bring and put him to the test, Your specimen disciple, a handbreadth separate From you, he almost seemed to touch before! Abate Complacency you will, I judge, at what's divulged! Some flabbiness you fixed, some vacancy outbulged, Some—much—nay, all, perhaps, the outward man's your work: But, inside man?—find him, wherever he may lurk,	1180
And where 's a touch of you in his true self? LXXII	
I wish Some wind would waft this way a glassy bubble-fish	
O' the kind the sea inflates, and show you, once detached	
From wave or no, the event is better told than watched: Still may the thing float free, globose and opaline All over, save where just the amethysts combine	1190

To blue their best, rim-round the sea-flower with a tinge

Earth's violet never knew! Well, 'neath that gem-

tipped fringe,

A head lurks—of a kind—that acts as stomach too; Then comes the emptiness which out the water blew So big and belly-like, but, dry of water drained, Withers away nine-tenths. Ah, but a tenth remained!

That was the creature's self: no more akin to sea, Poor rudimental head and stomach, you agree, Than sea's akin to sun who yonder dips his edge.

LXXIII

But take the rill which ends a race o'er yonder ledge

O' the fissured cliff, to find its fate in smoke below!

Disengage that, and ask—what news of life, you know

It led, that long lone way, through pasture, plain and waste?

1205

All 's gone to give the sea! no touch of earth, no taste

Of air, reserved to tell how rushes used to bring
The butterfly and bee, and fisher-bird that 's king
O'the purple kind, about the snow-soft silver-sweet
Infant of mist and dew; only these atoms fleet,
Embittered evermore, to make the sea one drop
More big thereby—if thought keep count where
sense must stop.

LXXIV

Thefull-blowning rate, mere recipient of the brine, That takes all and gives nought, is Man; the feminine

11111111 111 111111 111111	
Rillet that, taking all and giving nought in turn, Goes headlong to her death i' the sea, without concern For the old inland life, snow-soft and silver-clear,	1215
That 's woman—typified from Fifine to Elvire.	
LXXV	
Then, how diverse the modes prescribed to who would deal	
With either kind of creature! 'T is Man, you seek to seal	1220
Your very own? Resolve, for first step, to discard	
Nine-tenths of what you are! To make, you must be marred,—	
To raise your race, must stoop,—to teach them aught, must learn	
Ignorance, meet half-way what most you hope to spurn	1225
I' the sequel. Change yourself, dissimulate the thought	1225
And vulgarize the word, and see the deed be brought	
To look like nothing done with any such intent	
As teach men—though perchance it teach, by accident!	1230
So may you master men: assured that if you show One point of mastery, departure from the low	
And level,—head or heart-revolt at long disguise,	
Immurement, stifling soul in mediocrities,—	
If inadvertently a gesture, much more, word	
Reveal the hunter no companion for the herd,	1235
His chance of capture's gone. Success means, they may snuff,	
Examine, and report,—a brother, sure enough,	
Disports him in brute-guise; for skin is truly skin,	

Horns, hoofs are hoofs and horns, and all, outside and in, Is veritable beast, whom fellow-beasts resigned May follow, made a prize in honest pride, behind One of themselves and not creation's upstart lord! Well, there 's your prize i' the pound—much joy may it afford My Indian! Make survey and tell me,—was it worth You acted part so well, went all-fours upon earth The live-long day, brayed, belled, and all to bring	1240
to pass That stags should deign eat hay when winter stints them grass?	1245
LXXVI	
So much for men, and how disguise may make	
them mind Their master. But you have to deal with woman-kind?	
Abandon stratagem for strategy! Cast quite The vile disguise away, try truth clean-opposite Such creep-and-crawl, stand forth all man and, might it chance,	1250
Somewhat of angel too !—whate'er inheritance, Actual on earth, in heaven prospective, be your boast,	
Lay claim to! Your best self revealed at utter-	
most,— That 's the wise way o' the strong! And e'en should falsehood tempt	1255
The weaker sort to swerve,—at least the lie's exempt	
From slur, that 's loathlier still, of aiming to de-	

Rather than elevate its object. Mimic grace,

ot make deformity your mask! Be sick by stealth,

for traffic with disease—malingering in health! 1260 more of: "Countrymen, I boast me one like you—

Iy lot, the common strength, the common weakness too!

think the thoughts you think; and if I have the knack

Of fitting thoughts to words, you peradventure lack, Envy me not the chance, yourselves more fortunate! 1265 Vlany the loaded ship self-sunk through treasure-freight,

Many the pregnant brain brought never child to birth,

Manythe great heart brokebeneath its girdle-girth!
Be mine the privilege to supplement defect,
Give dumbness voice, and let the labouring intellect

1270

Find utterance in word, or possibly in deed!
What though I seem to go before? 't is you that lead!

I follow what I see so plain—the general mind Projected pillar-wise, flame kindled by the kind, Which dwarfs the unit—me—to insignificance! Halt you, I stop forthwith,—proceed, I too advance!"

LXXVII

Ay, that 's the way to take with men you wish to lead,

Instruct and benefit. Small prospect you succeed With women so! Be all that 's great and good and wise.

·August, sublime—swell out your frog the right 1280 ox-size—

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FIFINE AT THE FAIR He 's buoyed like a balloon, to soar, not burst.

vou 'll see! The more you prove yourself, less fear the prize will flee The captor. Here you start after no pompous stag Who condescends be snared, with toss of horn. and brag Of bray, and ramp of hoof; you have not to subdue 1285 The foe through letting him imagine he snares you! 'T is rather with . . . LXXVIII Ah, thanks! quick—where the dipping disk Shows red against the rise and fall o' the fin! there frisk In shoal the—porpoises? Dolphins, they shall and must Cut through the freshening clear-dolphins, my instance just! 1290 'T is fable, therefore truth: who has to do with these. Needs never practise trick of going hands and knees As beasts require. Art fain the fish to captivate? Gather thy greatness round, Arion! Stand in state, As when the banqueting thrilled conscious—like

Throughout its hundred leaves at that approach it knows

Of music in the bird—while Corinth grew one breast

A-throb for song and thee; nay, Periander pressed The Methymnæan hand, and felt a king indeed, and guessed

How Phœbus' self might give that great mouth of the gods Such a magnificence of song! The pillar nods, Rocks roof, and trembles door, gigantic, post and	1300
jamb,	
As harp and voice rend air—the shattering dithyramb!	
So stand thou, and assume the robe that tingles yet	
With triumph; strike the harp, whose every golden fret	T 205
Still smoulders with the flame, was late at fingers' end—	1305
So, standing on the bench o' the ship, let voice expend	
Thy soul, sing, unalloyed by meaner mode, thine	
own, The Orthian lay; then leap from music's lofty	
throne, Into the lowest surge, make fearlessly thy launch!	1310
Whatever storm may threat, some dolphin will be staunch!	
Whatever roughness rage, some exquisite seathing	
Will surely rise to save, will bear—palpitating—	
One proud humility of love beneath its load—	
Stem tide, part wave, till both roll on, thy jewell'd	
road	1315
Of triumph, and the grim o' the gulph grow wonder-white	
I' the phosphorescent wake; and still the exquisite	
Sea-thing stems on, saves still, palpitatingly thus,	
Lands safe at length its load of love at Tænarus,	
True woman-creature!	

LXXIX	
Man? Ah, would you prove what power Marks man,—what fruit his tree may yield, be-	1320
yond the sour And stinted crab, hecalls love-apple, which remains After you to il and moil your utmost,—all, love gains By lavishing manure?—try quite the other plan! And, to obtain the strong true product of a man, Set him to hate a little! Leave cherishing his root, And rather prune his branch, nip off the pettiest shoot	1325
Superfluous on his bough! I promise, you shall learn By what grace came the goat, of all beasts else, to earn	
Such favour with the god o' the grape: 't was only he Who, browsing on its tops, first stung fertility Into the stock's heart, stayed much growth of tendril-twine,	1330
Some faintish flower, perhaps, but gained the indignant wine, Wrath of the red press! Catch the puniest of the kind—	
Man-animalcule, starved body, stunted mind, And, as you nip the blotch 'twixt thumb and finger-nail, Admire how heaven above and earth below avail	1335
No jot to soothe the mite, sore at God's prime offence In making mites at all,—coax from its impotence One virile drop of thought or word or dood by	
One virile drop of thought, or word, or deed, by strain To propagate for once—which nature rendered vain,	1340

Who lets first failure stay, yet cares not to record Mistake that seems to cast opprobrium on the Lord!	
Such were the gain from love's best pains! But let the elf	
Be touched with hate, because some real man	
Manlike in body and soul, and, since he lives, must thwart	1345
And furify and set a-fizz this counterpart O' the pismire that 's surprised to effervescence, if,	
By chance, black bottle come in contact with chalk cliff,	
Acid with alkali! Then thrice the bulk, out blows Our insect, does its kind, and cuckoo-spits some rose!	1350
LXXX	
No—'t is ungainly work, the ruling men, at best! The graceful instinct 's right: 't is women stand confessed	
Auxiliary, the gain that never goes away, Takes nothing and gives all: Elvire, Fifine, 't is they	1 355
Convince,—if little, much, no matter!—one degree The more, at least, convince unreasonable me	- 333
That I am, anyhow, a truth, though all else seem And be not: if I dream, at least I know I dream. The falsity, beside, is fleeting: I can stand	1360
Still, and let truth come back,—your steadying touch of hand	
Assists me to remain self-centred, fixed amid All on the move. Believe in me, at once you bid	
Myself believe that, since one soul has disengaged Mine from the shows of things, so much is fact:	
I waged	1365

No foolish warfare, then, with shades, myself a shade,

Here in the world—may hope my pains will be repaid!

How false things are, I judge: how changeable, I learn

When, where and how it is I shall see truth return, That I expect to know, because Fifine knows me!— 1370 How much more, if Elvire!

LXXXI

"And why not, only she? Since there can be for each, one Best, no more, such Best,

For body and mind of him, abolishes the rest O' the simply Good and Better. You please select Elvire

To give you this belief in truth, dispel the fear Yourself are, after all, as false as what surrounds;

And why not be content? When we two watched the rounds

The boatman made, 'twixt shoal and sandbank, yesterday,

As, at dead slack of tide, he chose to push his way,

With oar and pole, across the creek, and reach the isle

After a world of pains—my word provoked your smile,

Yet none the less deserved reply: 'T were wiser wait

'The turn o' the tide, and find conveyance for his freight—

'How easily—within the ship to purpose moored,

'Managed by sails, not oars! But no,—the man's allured

1385

1380

'By liking for the new and hard in his exploit! 'First come shall serve! He makes,—courageous and adroit,—	
'The merest willow-leaf of boat do duty, bear 'His merchandise across: once over, needs he care 'If folk arrive by ship, six hours hence, fresh and	1390
No: he scorns commonplace, affects the unusual	
way; And good Elvire is moored, with not a breath to flap	
The yards of her, no lift of ripple to o'erlap Keel, much less, prow. What care? since here 's a cockle-shell,	
Fifine, that 's taut and crank, and carries just as	1395
LXXXII	
Alack, our life is lent, From first to last, the whole, for this experiment Of proving what I say—that we ourselves are true! I would there were one voyage, and then no more	
I would we might dispense with change of shore	1400
for shore To evidence our skill, demonstrate—in no dream It was, we tided o'er the trouble of the stream. I would the steady voyage, and not the fitful trip,—	T.40.0
Elvire, and not Fifine,—mighttest our seamanship. But why expend one's breath to tell you, change of boat Means change of tactics too? Come see the same afloat	-405

231

To-morrow, all the change, new stowage fore and aft	
O' the cargo; then, to cross requires new sailor-craft!	
To-day, one step from stern to bow keeps boat in trim:	1410
To-morrow, some big stone,—or woe to boat and him!—	-410
Must ballast both. That man stands for Mind, paramount	
Throughout the adventure: ay, howe'er you make account,	
'T is mind that navigates,—skips over, twists between	
The bales i' the boat,—now gives importance to the mean,	T 4 T #
And now abates the pride of life, accepts all fact, Discards all fiction,—steers Fifine, and cries, i'	1415
the act, "Thou art so bad, and yet so delicate a brown!	
Wouldst tell no end of lies: I talk to smile or frown! Wouldst rob me: do men blame a squirrel, lithe	
and sly, For pilfering the nut she adds to hoard?" Nor I. Elvire is true, as truth, honesty's self, alack!	1420
The worse! too safe the ship, the transport there and back	
Too certain! one may loll and lounge and leave the helm,	
Let wind and tide do work: no fear that waves o'erwhelm	* 40#
The steady-going bark, as sure to feel her way Blindfoldacross, reach land, nextyear as yesterday! How can I but suspect, the true feat were to slip Down side, transfer myself to cockle-shell from ship,	1425
sinp,	

And try if, trusting to sea-tracklessness, I class With those around whose breast grew oak and

Who dreaded no degree of death, but, with dry eyes, Surveyed the turgid main and its monstrosities— And rendered futile so, the prudent Power's decree

triple brass:

Of separate earth and disassociating sea; Since, how is it observed, if impious vessels leap Across, and tempt a thing they should not touch	1435
—the deep? (See Horace to the boat, wherein, for Athens bound, When Virgil must embark—Jove keep him safe and sound!—	
The poet bade his friend start on the watery road, Much re-assured by this so comfortable ode.)	1440
LXXXIII	
Then, never grudge my poor Fifine her compliment!	
The rakish craft could slip her moorings in the tent, And, hoisting every stitch of spangled canvas, steer Through divers rocks and shoals,—in fine, deposit	
here	1445
Your Virgil of a spouse, in Attica: yea, thrid	
The mob of men, select the special virtue hid In him, forsooth, and say—or rather, smile so sweet,	
"Of all the multitude, you—I prefer to cheat!	
Are you for Athens bound? I can perform the trip,	1450
Shove little pinnace off, while you superior ship,	
The Elvire, refits in port!" So, off we push from beach	
Of Pornic town, and lo, ere eye can wink, we reach	
The Long Walls, and I prove that Athens is no	
dream, For there the temples rise! they are, they nowise	
seem!	1455
222	

Earth is not all one lie, this truth attests me true! Thanks therefore to Fifine! Elvire, I'm back with you!	
Share in the memories! Embark I trust we shall Together some fine day, and so, for good and all, Bid Pornic Town adieu,—then, just the strait to	
cross, And we reach harbour, safe, in Iostephanos!	1460
LXXXIV	
How quickly night comes! Lo, already 't is the land	
Turns sea-like; overcrept by grey, the plains ex-	
pand, Assume significance; while ocean dwindles, shrinks Into a pettier bound: its plash and plaint, me- thinks,	
Six steps away, how both retire, as if their part Were played, another force were free to prove her art,	1465
Protagonist in turn! Are you unterrified? All false, all fleeting too! And nowhere things abide,	
And everywhere we strain that things should stay, —the one	1470
Truth, that ourselves are true!	14/0
LXXXV	

A word, and I have done.
Is it not just our hate of falsehood, fleetingness,
And the mere part, things play, that constitutes
express
The inmost charm of this Fifine and all her tribe?
Actors! We also act, but only they inscribe

Their style and title so, and preface, only they, Performance with "A lie is all we do or say."

Wherein but there can be the attraction, False-

The liking, nay the love of who hate Falsehood most, 1480 Except that these alone of mankind make their boast

That wins so surely o'er to Fifine and her tribe

hood's bribe.

"Frankly, we simulate!" To feign, means—to have grace And so get gratitude! This ruler of the race, Crowned, sceptred, stoled to suit,—'t is not that you detect The cobbler in the king, but that he makes effect 1485 By seeming the reverse of what you know to be The man, the mind, whole form, fashion and quality. Mistake his false for true, one minute,—there 's an end Of the admiration! Truth, we grieve at or rejoice: 'T is only falsehood, plain in gesture, look and voice. That brings the praise desired, since profit comes thereby. The histrionic truth is in the natural lie. Because the man who wept the tears was, all the time. Happy enough; because the other man, a-grime With guilt, was, at the least, as white as I and you; 1495 Because the timid type of bashful maidhood, who Starts at her own pure shade, already numbers seven Born babes and, in a month, will turn their odd to even: Because the saucy prince would prove, could you unfurl Some yards of wrap, a meek and meritorious girl- 1500 Precisely as you see success attained by each O' themimes, do you approve, not foolishly impeach The falsehood!

LXXXVI

That 's the first o' the truths found: all things, slow

Or quick i' the passage, come at last to that, you know!

Each has a false outside, whereby a truth is forced To issue from within: truth, falsehood, are divorced By the excepted eye, at the rare season, for Thehappymoment. Lifemeans—learning to abhor The false, and love the true, truth treasured snatch by snatch,

Waifs counted at their worth. And when with strays they match

1510

I' the parti-coloured world,—when, under foul, shines fair,

And truth, displayed i' the point, flashes forth everywhere

I' the circle, manifest to soul, though hid from sense, And no obstruction more affects this confidence,— When faith is ripe for sight,—why, reasonably, then 1515 Comes the great clearing-up. Wait threescore years and ten!

LXXXVII

Therefore I prize stage-play, the honest cheating; thence

The impulse pricked, when fife and drum bade Fair commence,

To bid you trip and skip, link arm in arm with me, Like husband and like wife, and so together see
The tumbling-troop arrayed, the strollers on their
stage

Drawn up and under arms, and ready to engage. And if I started thence upon abstruser themes... Well, 't was a dream, pricked too!

LXXXVIII	
A poet never dreams: We prose-folk always do: we miss the proper duct For thoughts on things unseen, which stagnate and obstruct	1525
The system, therefore; mind, sound in a body sane, Keeps thoughts apart from facts, and to one flow- ing vein	
Confines its sense of that which is not, but might be, And leaves the rest alone. What ghosts do poets see?	1530
What dæmons fear? what man or thing misap- prehend?	1530
Unchoked, the channel 's flush, the fancy 's free to spend Its special self aright in manner, time and place.	
O' the brain, bring poetry to birth, such act performed,	1535
Myprosyblood, this morn, —intrusive fancies, meant For outbreak and escape by quite another vent! Whence follows that, asleep, my dreamings oft exceed	-333
The bound. But you shall hear.	

LXXXIX

I smoked. The webs o' the weed, 1540
With many a break i' the mesh, were floating to re-form
Cupola-wise above: chased thither by soft warm
Inflow of air without; since I—of mind to muse,
to clench

The gain of soul and body, got by their noon-day drench

In sun and sea,—had flung both frames o' the	
window wide,	1545
To soak my body still and let soul soar beside.	- 545
In came the country sounds and sights and smells	
—that fine	
Sharp needlein the nose from our fermenting wine!	
In some a dragon fly with white and still 1	
In came a dragon-fly with whir and stir, then out,	
Off and away: in came,—kept coming, rather,—	
pout	1550
Succeeding smile, and take-away still close on	-550
give,—	
One loose long creeper-branch, tremblingly sen-	
sitive	
To risks which blooms and leaves,—each leaf	
to risks which brooms and reaves,—each lear	
tongue-broad, each bloom	
Mid-finger-deep,—must run by prying in the room	
Of one who loves and grasps and spoils and	
speculates.	1555
All so far plain enough to sight and sense: but,	333
weights,	
Measures and numbers,—ah, could one apply such	
test	
To other visitants that came at no request	
Of who kept open house the few 'c 11	
Of who kept open house,—to fancies manifold	
From this four-cornered world, the memories new	
and old,	1560
The antenatal prime experience—what know I?—	
The initiatory love preparing us to die—	
Such were a crowd to count, a sight to see, a prize	
To turn to profit, were but fleshly ears and eyes	
Able to cope with those o' the spirit!	
To will mood of the sparter	
XC.	

ΛŲ

Therefore,—since 1565
Thought hankers after speech, while no speech may evince

Feeling like music,—mine, o'erburthened with each gift	
From every visitant, at last resolved to shift	
Its burthen to the back of some musician dead	
Andgone, who feeling once what I feel now, instead	1570
Of words, sought sounds, and saved for ever, in	••
the same,	
Truth that escapes prose,—nay, puts poetry to	
shame.	
I read the note, I strike the key, I bid record	
The instrument—thanks greet the veritable word!	
And not in vain I urge: "O dead and gone away,	1575
Assist who struggles yet, thy strength become	3,3
my stay,	
Thy record serve as well to register—I felt	
And knew thus much of truth! With me, must	
knowledge melt	
Into surmise and doubt and disbelief, unless	
Thy music reassure—I gave no idle guess,	1580
But gained a certitude I yet may hardly keep!	3
What care? since round is piled a monumental heap	
Of music that conserves the assurance, thou as well	
Wast certain of the same! thou, master of the spell,	
Mad'st moonbeams marble, didst record what	
other men	1585
Feel only toforget!" Who was it helped me, then?	- 3-3
What master's work first came responsive to my call,	
Found my eye, fixed my choice?	

XCI

Why, Schumann's "Carnival!"
Mychoicechimedin, you see, exactly with the sounds
And sights of yestereve when, going on my rounds,
Where both roads join the bridge, I heard across
the dusk

Creak a slow caravan, and saw arrive the husk

FIFINE AT THE FAIR	
O' the spice-nut, which peeled off this morning, and displayed,	
'Twixt tree and tree, a tent whence the red pennon made	
Its vivid reach for home and ocean-idleness—	I 595
And where, my heart surmised, at that same	1 595
moment,—yes,—	
Tugging her tricot on,—yet tenderly, lest stitch	
Announce the crack of doom, reveal disaster which	
Our Pornic's modest stock of merceries in vain	
Were ransacked to retrieve,—there, cautiously	
a-strain,	1600
(My heart surmised) must crouch in that tent's	
corner, curved	
Like Spring-month's russet moon, some girl by	
fate reserved	
To give me once again the electric snap and spark	
Which prove, when finger finds out finger in the	
dark	
O' the world, there 's fire and life and truth there,	
link but hands	1605
And pass the secret on. Lo, link by link, expands	
The circle, lengthens out the chain, till one embrace	
Of high with low is found uniting the whole race,	
Not simply you and me and our Fifine, but all	
The world: the Fair expands into the Carnival,	1610

XCII

And Carnival again to . . . ah, but that 's my

dream!

I somehow played the piece: remarked on each old theme

I' the new dress; saw how food o' the soul, the stuff that 's made

To furnish man with thought and feeling, is purveyed

Substantially the same from age to age, with change	1615
Of the outside only for successive feasters. Range The banquet-room o' the world, from the dim	:
farthest head	
O' the table, to its foot, for you and me bespread, This merry morn, we find sufficient fare, I trow.	
But, novel? Scrape away the sauce; and taste, below,	1620
The verity o' the viand,—you shall perceive there	
went	
To board-head just the dish which other condiment	
Makespalatable now: guests came, sat down, fell-to,	
Rose up, wiped mouth, went way,—lived, died,—and never knew	
That generations yet should, seeking sustenance,	1625
Still find the selfsame fare, with somewhat to enhance	
Its flavour, in the kind of cooking. As with hates	
And loves and fears and hopes, so with what emulates	
The same, expresses hates, loves, fears and hopes	
in Art:	
The forms, the themes—no one without its counterpart	1630
Ages ago; no one but, mumbled the due time	1030
I' the mouth of the eater, needs be cooked again	
in rhyme,	
Dished up anew in paint, sauce-smothered fresh in sound,	
To suit the wisdom-tooth, just cut, of the age, that 's found	
With gums obtuse to gust and smack which	
relished so	1635
The meat o' the meal folk made some fifty years	1035
ago.	
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But don't suppose the new was able to efface The old without a struggle, a pang! The common- place	
Still clung about his heart, long after all the rest O' the natural man, at eye and ear, was caught,	
The charm of change, although wry lip and wrinkled nose	1640
Owned ancient virtue more conducive to repose Than modern nothings roused to somethings by some shred	
Of pungency, perchance garlic in amber's stead. And so on, till one day, another age, by due Rotation, pries, sniffs, smacks, discovers old is new, And sauce, our sires pronounced insipid, proves again	1645
Sole piquant, may resume its titillating reign—Withmusic, most of all the arts, since change is there The law, and not the lapse: the precious means the rare,	1650
And not the absolute in all good save surprise. So I remarked upon our Schumann's victories Over the commonplace, how faded phrase grew	
fine, And palled perfection—piqued, upstartled by that brine,	
His pickle—bit the mouth and burnt the tongue aright,	1655
Beyond the merely good no longer exquisite: Then took things as I found, and thanked without demur	
The pretty piece—played through that movement, you prefer,	
Where dance and shuffle past,—he scolding while she pouts,	
She canting while he calms,—in those eternal bouts	1660

Of age, the dog—with youth, the cat—by rosefestoon

Tied teasingly enough—Columbine, Pantaloon: She, toe-tips and staccato,—legato shakes his poll And shambles in pursuit, the senior. Fi la folle! Lie to him! get his gold and pay its price! begin 1665 Your trade betimes, nor wait till you 've wed Harlequin

And need, at the week's end, to play the duteous

And swear you still love slaps and leapings more than life!

Pretty! I say.

XCIII

And so, I somehow-nohow played The whole o' the pretty piece; and then . . . whatever weighed

My eyes down, furled the films about my wits?

suppose,

The morning-bath,—the sweet monotony of those Three keys, flat, flat and flat, never a sharp at all,— Or else the brain's fatigue, forced even here to fall Into the same old track, and recognize the shift From old to new, and back to old again, and,swift

Or slow, no matter,—still the certainty of change, Conviction we shall find the false, where'er we range,

In art no less than nature: or what if wrist were numb.

And over-tense the muscle, abductor of the thumb, 1680 Taxed by those tenths' and twelfths' unconscionable stretch?

Howe'er it came to pass, I soon was far to fetch— Gone off in company with Music!

XCIV

Whither bound
Except for Venice? She it was, by instinct found
Carnival-country proper, who far below the perch 1685
Where I was pinnacled, showed, opposite, Mark's
Church,
And, underneath, Mark's Square, with those two
lines of street,
Procuratié-sides, each leading to my feet—
Since from above I gazed, however I got there.

XCV

And what I gazed upon was a prodigious Fair, 1690 Concourse immense of men and women, crowned or casqued,

Turbaned or tiar'd, wreathed, plumed, hatted or wigged, but masked—

Always masked,—only, how? No face-shape, beast or bird,

Nay, fish and reptile even, but someone had preferred,

From out its frontispiece, feathered or scaled or curled,

To make the vizard whence himself should view the world.

And where the world believed himself was manifest. Yet when you came to look, mixed up among the rest

More funnily by far, were masks to imitate Humanity's mishap: the wrinkled brow, bald pate

And rheumy eyes of Age, peak'd chin and parchment chap,

Were signs of day-work done, and wage-time near,—mishap

Merely; but, Age reduced to simple greed and	
guile,	
Worn apathetic else as some smooth slab, ere- while	
A clear-cut man-at-arms i' the pavement, till foot's	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1705
Effaced the sculpture, left the stone you saw instead,—	
Was not that terrible beyond the mere uncouth?	
Well, and perhaps the next revolting you was Youth,	
Stark ignorance and crude conceit, half smirk,	
half stare	
On that frank fool-face, gay beneath its head of	
hair	1710
Which covers nothing.	
XCVI	
These, you are to understand,	
Were the mere hard and sharp distinctions. On	
each hand,	
I soon became aware, flocked the infinitude	
Of passions, loves and hates, man pampers till	
his mood	
Becomes himself, the whole sole face we name him by,	1715
Nor want denotement else, if age or youth	-/-3
supply	
The rest of him: old, young,—classed creature:	
in the main	
A love, a hate, a hope, a fear, each soul a-strain	
Some one way through the flesh—the face, an	
evidence	
O' the soul at work inside; and, all the more intense,	1720
So much the more grotesque.	- / 20

XCVII

"Why should each soul be tasked Some one way, by one love or else one hate?" I asked.

When it occurred to me, from all these sights beneath There rose not any sound: a crowd, yet dumb as death!

XCVIII

Soon I knew why. (Propose a riddle, and 't is solved

Forthwith—in dream!) They spoke; but,—since on me devolved

To see, and understand by sight,—the vulgar speech Might be dispensed with. "He who cannot see, must reach

As best he may the truth of men by help of words They please to speak, must fare at will of who affords

The banquet,"—so I thought. "Who sees not, hears and so

1730

1735

Gets to believe; myself it is that, seeing, know, And, knowing, can dispense with voice and vanity Of speech. What hinders then, that, drawing closer, I

Put privilege to use, see and know better still These simulacra, taste the profit of my skill, Down in the midst?"

XCIX

And plumb I pitched into the square—A groundling like the rest. What think you happened there?

Precise the contrary of what one would expect! For,—whereas so much more monstrosities deflect 1740

From nature and the type, as you the more approach Their precinct,—here, I found brutality encroach

Less on the human, lie the lightlier as I looked The nearlier on these faces that seemed but now so crook'd And clawed away from God's prime purpose. They diverged 1745 A little from the type, but somehow rather urged To pity than disgust: the prominent, before, Now dwindled into mere distinctness, nothing more. Still, at first sight, stood forth undoubtedly the fact Some deviation was: in no one case there lacked 1750 The certain sign and mark,—say hint, say, trick of lip Or twist of nose, -that proved a fault in workman-Change in the prime design, some hesitancy here And there, which checked the man and let the beast appear; But that was all. C All: yet enough to bid each tongue 1755 Lie in abeyance still. They talked, themselves among, Of themselves, to themselves; I saw the mouths at play. The gesture that enforced, the eyethat strove to say The same thing as the voice, and seldom gained its point -That this was so, I saw; but all seemed out

I' the vocal medium 'twixt the world and me.

1760

I

of joint

gained

To truth by what men seemed, not said: to me one glance

Was worth whole histories of noisy utterance,

—At least, to me in dream.

CI

And presently I found 1765.
That, just as ugliness had withered, so unwound
Itself, and perished off, repugnance to what wrong
Might linger yet i' the make of man. My will
was strong

I' the matter; I could pick and choose, project my weight:

(Remember how we saw the boatman trim his freight!)

1770

1775

1780

Determine to observe, or manage to escape, Or make divergency assume another shape By shift of point of sight in me the observer: thus Corrected, added to, subtracted from,—discuss Each variant quality, and brute-beast touch was turned

Into mankind's safeguard! Force, guile, were arms which earned

My praise, not blame at all: for we must learn to live,

Case-hardened at all points, not bare and sensitive, But plated for defence, nay, furnished for attack, With spikes at the due place, that neither front nor back

May suffer in that squeeze with nature, we find—life. Are we not here to learn the good of peace through strife,

Of love through hate, and reach knowledge by ignorance?

Why, those are helps thereto, which late we eyed askance,

248

And nicknamed unaware! Just so, a sword we call 1785 Superfluous, and cry out against, at festival: Wear it in time of war, its clink and clatter grate O' the ear to purpose then!

CII

I found, one must abate One's scorn of the soul's casing, distinct from the soul's self—

Which is the centre-drop: whereas the pride in pelf, 1790 The lust to seem the thing it cannot be, the greed For praise, and all the rest seen outside,—these indeed

Are the hard polished cold crystal environment Of those strange orbs unearthed i' the Druid temple, meant

For divination (so the learned please to think)
Wherein you may admire one dew-drop roll and wink,

1795

All unaffected by—quite alien to—what sealed And saved it long ago: though howit gotcongealed I shall not give a guess, nor how, by power occult, The solid surface-shield was outcome and result Of simple dew at work to save itself amid The unwateryforce around; protected thus, dewslid Safe through all opposites, impatient to absorb Its spot of life, and last for ever in the orb We, now, from hand to hand pass with impunity. 1805

CIII

And the delight wherewith I watch this crowd must be

Akin to that which crowns the chemist when he winds

Thread up and up, till clue be fairly clutched,—unbinds

The composite, ties fast the simple to its mate, And, tracing each effect back to its cause, elate, Constructs in fancy, from the fewest primitives, The complex and complete, all diverse life, that lives

Not only in beast, bird, fish, reptile, insect, but The very plants and earths and ores. Just so I glut

My hunger both to be and know the thing I am, 1815 By contrast with the thing I am not; so, through sham

And outside, I arrive at inmost real, probe And prove how the nude form obtained the chequered robe.

CIV

-Experience, I am glad to master soon or late, Here, there and everywhere i' the world, without debate!

Only, in Venice why? What reason for Mark's Square

Rather than Timbuctoo?

CV

And I became aware, Scarcely the word escaped my lips, that swift ensued

In silence and by stealth, and yet with certitude, A formidable change of the amphitheatre Which held the Carnival; although the human stir Continued just the same amid that shift of scene.

CVI

For as on edifice of cloud i' the grey and green Of evening,—built about some glory of the west, To barricade the sun's departure,—manifest,

1820

He plays, pre-eminently gold, gilds vapour, crag and crest

Which bend in rapt suspense above the act and deed

They cluster round and keep their very own, nor heed

The world at watch; while we, breathlessly at the base

O' the castellated bulk, note momently the mace 1835 Of night fall here, fall there, bring change with every blow,

Alike to sharpened shaft and broadened portico I' the structure: heights and depths, beneath the leaden stress,

Crumble and melt and mix together, coälesce Re-form, but sadder still, subdued yet more and more

1840

By every fresh defeat, till wearied eyes need pore No longer on the dull impoverished decadence Of all that pomp of pile in towering evidence So lately:—

CVII

Even thus nor otherwise, meseemed That if I fixed my gaze awhile on what I dreamed 1845 Was Venice' Square, Mark's Church, the scheme was straight unschemed,

A subtle something had its way within the heart Of each and every house I watched, with counterpart

Of tremor through the front and outward face, until Mutation was at end; impassive and stock-still stood now the ancient house, grown—new, is scarce the phrase,

Since older, in a sense,—altered to . . . what i' the ways,

Ourselves are wont to see, coërced by city, town Or village, anywhere i' the world, pace up or down Europe! In all the maze, no single tenement I saw, but I could claim acquaintance with.

1855

CVIII

There went Conviction to my soul, that what I took of late For Venice was the world; its Carnival—the state Of mankind, masquerade in life-long permanence For all time, and no one particular feast-day, Whence

'T was easy to infer what meant my late disgust At the brute-pageant, each grotesque of greed and lust

And idle hate, and love as impotent for good-When from my pride of place I passed the interlude In critical review; and what, the wonderthat ensued 1865 When, from such pinnacled pre-eminence, I found Somehow the proper goal for wisdom was the ground And not the sky,—so, slid sagaciously betimes Down heaven's baluster-rope, to reach the mob of mimes

And mummers; whereby came discovery there was just

Enough and not too much of hate, love, greed and lust,

Could one discerningly but hold the balance, shift The weight from scale to scale, do justice to the drift Of nature, and explain the glories by the shames Mixed up in man, one stuff miscalled by different names

According to what stage i' the process turned his rough,

Even as I gazed, to smooth—only get close enough! -What was all this except the lesson of a life?

CIX

And—consequent upon the learning how from strife	
Grew peace—from evil, good—came knowledge that, to get	1880
Acquaintance with the way o' the world, we must nor fret	
Nor fume, on altitudes of self-sufficiency, But bid a frank farewell to what—we think—should be,	
And, with as good a grace, welcome what is—we find.	
CX	
Is—for the hour, observe! Since something to my mind	1885
Suggested soon the fancy, nay, certitude that	
change, Never suspending touch, continued to derange	
What architecture, we, walled up within the cirque	
O' the world, consider fixed as fate, not fairy-work.	
For those were temples, sure, which tremblingly grew blank	1890
From bright, then broke afresh in triumph,—ah, but sank	
As soon, for liquid change through artery and vein	
O' the very marble wound its way! And first a stain	
Would startle and offend amid the glory; next,	
Spot swift succeeded spot, but found me less per- plexed	1895
By portents; then as 't were a sleepiness soft stole	
Over the stately fane, and shadow sucked the whole	
Façade into itself, made uniformly earth	
What was a piece of heaven; till, lo, a second	

birth,

view

fall.

earth,

grow from ground?

And the veil broke away because of something new 1900 Inside, that pushed to gain an outlet, paused in

At last, and proved a growth of stone or brick or
wood Which, alien to the aim o' the Builder, somehow
stood
The test, could satisfy, if not the early race
For whom he built, at least our present populace, 1905 Who must not bear the blame for what, blamed,
proves mishap
Of the Artist: his work gone, another fills the gap,
Serves the prime purpose so. Undoubtedly there spreads
Building around, above, which makes men lift their heads
To look at, or look through, or look—for aught I
care—
Over: if only up, it is, not down, they stare,
"Commercing with the skies," and not the pave-
ment in the Square.
CXI
But are they only temples that subdivide, collapse,
And tower again, transformed? Academies, perhaps!
Domes where dwells Learning, seats of Science,
bower and hall
Which house Philosophy—do these, too, rise and

Based though foundations be on steadfast mother-

With no chimeric claim to supermundane birth, No boast that, dropped from cloud, they did not

FIFTNE AT THE FAIR	
Why, these fare worst of all! these vanish and are found	1920
Nowhere, by who tasks eye some twice within his term	
Of threescore years and ten, for tidings what each germ	
Has burgeoned out into, whereof the promise stunned	
His ear with such acclaim,—praise-payment to refund	
The praisers, never doubt, some twice before they die	1925
Whose days are long i' the land.	1923
CXII Alack, Philosophy! Despite the chop and change, diminished or in-	
creased,	
Patched-up and plastered-o'er, Religion stands at least	
I' the temple-type. But thou? Here gape I, all agog	
These thirty years, to learn how tadpole turns to frog;	1930
And thrice at least have gazed with mild astonishment,	1930
As, skyward up and up, some fire-new fabric sent Its challenge to mankind that, clustered underneath To hear the word, they straight believe, ay, in the	
teeth O' the Past, clap hands and hail triumphant Truth's	
outbreak— Tadpole-frog-theory propounded past mistake! In vain! A something ails the edifice, it bends, It bows, it buries Haste! cry "Heads below" to friends—	1935

FIFTHE AT THE TAIK
But have no fear they find, when smother shall subside,
Some substitution perk with unabated pride I' the predecessor's place!
CXIII
No,—the one voice which failed
Never, the preachment's coign of vantage nothing ailed,—
That had the luck to lodge i' the house not made with hands!
And all it preached was this: "Truth builds upon
the sands,
Though stationed on a rock: and so her work decays,
And so she builds afresh, with like result. Nought
9
stays
But just the fact that Truth not only is, but
Would have men know she needs must be, by each
so plain
Attempt to visibly inhabit where they dwell."
Her works are work, while she is she; that work
does well 1950
Which lasts mankind their life-time through, and lets believe
One generation more, that, though sand run
through sieve,
Yet earth now reached is rock, and what we moderns find
Erected here is Truth, who, 'stablished to her
mind
I' the fulness of the days, will never change in
More than in substance erst: men thought they knew; we know!

CXIV	
Do you, my generation? Well, let the blocks	
prove mist	
I' the main enclosure,—church and college, if they list,	
Be something for a time, and everything anon,	
And anything awhile, as fit is off or on,	
And anything awhite, as he is on or on,	1960
Till they grow nothing, soon to re-appear no less	
As something, -shape re-shaped, till out of shape-	
lessness	
Come shape again as sure! no doubt, or round	
or square	
Or polygon its front, some building will be there,	
Do duty in that nook o' the wall o' the world where	
once	1965
The Architect saw fit precisely to ensconce	, ,
College or church, and bid such bulwark guard	
the line	
*	
O' the barrier round about, humanity's confine.	
CXV	
Leave watching change at work i' the greater scale, on these	
The main supports, and turn to their interstices	1970
Filled up by fabrics too, less costly and less	-,
rare,	
Vet of importance wet essential to the Fair	
Yet of importance, yet essential to the Fair	
They help to circumscribe, instruct and regu-	
late!	
See, where each booth-front boasts, in letters small	
or great,	
Its specialty, proclaims its privilege to stop	1975
A breach, beside the best!	
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CXVI

Here History keeps shop,	
Tells how past deeds were done, so and not otherwise:	
"Man! hold truth evermore! forget the earlylies!" There sits Morality, demure behind her stall,	
Dealing out life and death: "This is the thing to call	1980
Right, and this other, wrong; thus think, thus do, thus say,	1900
Thus joy, thus suffer !—not to-day as yesterday—Yesterday's doctrine dead, this only shall endure!	
Obey its voice and live!"—enjoins the dame demure.	
While Art gives flag to breeze, bids drum beat, trumpet blow,	1985
Inviting eye and ear to yonder raree-show. Up goes the canvas, hauled to height of pole. I think,	-903
We know the way-long lost, late learned-to paint! A wink	
Of eye, and lo, the pose! the statue on its plinth! How could we moderns miss the heart o' the labyrinth	
Perversely all these years, permit the Greek seclude	1990
His secret till to-day? And here 's another feud Now happily composed: inspect this quartett-score!	
Got long past melody, no word has Music more To say to mortal man! But is the bard to be Behindhand? Here's his book, and now perhaps	1995
you see	
At length what poetry can do! 258	
<u> </u>	

CXVII

Itself, that change on change we sorrowfully saw Creep o'er the prouder piles! We acquiesced in

When the fine gold grew dim i' the temple, when

Which pillared that so brave abode where Know-

law

the brass

ledge was,

Why, that 's stability

2000

Bowed and resigned the trust; but, bear all this caprice,	
Harlequinadewhere swift to birth succeeds decease	
Of hue at every turn o' the tinsel-flag which flames	
While Art holds booth in Fair? Such glories chased by shames	2005
Like these, distract beyond the solemn and august	_00,
Procedure to decay, evanishment in dust, Of those marmoreal domes,—above vicissitude,	
We used to hope!	
CXVIII	
"So, all is change, in fine," pursued	
The preachment to a pause. When—"All is permanence!"	2010
Returned a voice. Within? without? No matter	
whence	
The explanation came: for, understand, I ought	
To simply say—"I saw," each thing I say "I thought."	
Since ever as, unrolled, the strange scene-picture	
grew Before me, sight flashed first, though mental com-	
ment too	2015
Would follow in a trice, come hobblingly to halt.	

CXIX
So, what did I see next but,—much as when the vault
I' the west,—wherein we watch the vapoury mani-
fold Transfiguration,—tired turns blaze to black,— behold,
Peak reconciled to base, dark ending feud with
The multiform subsides, becomes the definite. Contrasting life and strife, where battle they i' the blank
Severity of peace in death, for which we thank One wind that comes to quell the concourse, drive at last
Things to a shape which suits the close of things, and cast
Palpably o'er vexed earth heaven's mantle of repose?
CXX
Just so, in Venice' Square, that things were at the close
Was signalled to my sense; for I perceived arrest O' the change all round about. As if some impulse pressed
Each gently into each, what was distinctness, late, 2036 Grew vague, and, line from line no longer separate, No matter what its style, edifice shall I say, Died into edifice? I find no simpler way Of saying how, without or dash or shock or
trace
Of violence, I found unity in the place Of temple, tower,—nay, hall and house and hut, —one blank
Severity of peace in death; to which they sank

260

Resigned enough, till ah, conjecture, I beseech,	
What special blank did they agree to, all and each? What common shape was that wherein they mutely merged	2040
Likes and dislikes of form, so plain before?	2040
CXXI	
Your step this way, prolonged our path of enter- prise	
To where we stand at last, in order that your eyes Might see the very thing, and save my tongue describe	
The Druid monument which fronts you. Could I bribe	2045
Nature to come in aid, illustrate what I mean, What wants there she should lend to solemnize the scene?	
CXXII	
How does it strike you, this construction gaunt and grey—	
Sole object, these piled stones, that gleam unground-away	
By twilight's hungry jaw, which champs fine all beside	2050
I' the solitary waste we grope through? Oh, no guide	2030
Need we to grope our way and reach the monstrous door	
Of granite! Take my word, the deeper you explore That caverned passage, filled with fancies to the	
brim, The less will you approve the adventure! such a grim	2015

Bar-sinister soon blocks abrupt your path, and ends All with a cold dread shape,—shape whereon Learning spends

Labour, and leaves the text obscurer for the gloss, While Ignorance reads right—recoiling from that Cross!

Whence came the mass and mass, strange quality of stone

2060

Unquarried anywhere i' the region round? Un-known!

Just as unknown, how such enormity could be Conveyed by land, or else transported over sea, And laid in order, so, precisely each on each, As you and I would build a grotto where the beach 2065 Sheds shell—to last an hour: this building lasts from age

To age the same. But why?

CXXIII

Ask Learning! I engage
You get a prosywherefore, shall help you to advance
In knowledge just as much as helps you Ignorance
Surmising, in the mouth of peasant-lad or lass,
"I heard my father say he understood it was
A building, people built as soon as earth was made
Almost, because they might forget (they were afraid)
Earth did not make itself, but came of Somebody.
They laboured that their work might last, and
show thereby

2075
He stays, while we and earth, and all things come

He stays, while we and earth, and all things come and go.

Come whence? Go whither? That, when come and gone, we know

Perhaps, but not while earth and all things need our best

Attention: we must wait and die to know the rest.

FIFTING AT THE FAIR	
Ask, if that 's true, what use in setting up the pile? To make one fear and hope: remind us, all the while We come and go, outside there 's Somebody that stays;	2080
A circumstance which ought to make us mind our	
ways, Because,—whatever end we answer by this life,— Next time, best chance must be for who, with toil and strife,	2085
Manages now to live most like what he was meant Become: since who succeeds so far, 't is evident, Stands foremost on the file; who fails, has less to hope	
From new promotion. That 's the rule—with even a rope	
Of mushrooms, like this rope I dangle! those that grew	2090
Greatest and roundest, all in life they had to do, Gain a reward, a grace they never dreamed, I think; Since, outside white as milk and inside black as ink, They go to the Great House to make a dainty dish For Don and Donna; while this basket-load, I wish Well off my arm, it breaks,—no starveling of the heap	2095
But had his share of dew, his proper length of sleep I' the sunshine: yet, of all, the outcome is—this queer	
Cribbed quantity of dwarfs which burthen basket	
here Till I reach home; 't is there that, having run their rigs,	2100
They end their earthly race, are flung as food for pigs.	
Any more use I see? Well, you must know, there lies	

Something, the Curé says, that points to mysteries 263

Above our grasp: a huge stone pillar, once upright, Now laid at length, half-lost—discreetly shunning sight
I' the bush and briar, because of stories in the air—Hints what it signified, and why was stationed there, Once on a time. In vain the Curétasked his lungs—Showed, in a preachment, how, at bottom of the
rungs O'theladder, Jacobsaw, where heavenly angels stept 2110 Up and down, lay a stone which served him, while
he slept,
For pillow; when he woke, he set the same upright
As pillar, and a-top poured oil: things requisite
To instruct posterity, there mounts from floor to
roof,
A staircase, earth to heaven; and also put in proof, 2115 When we have scaled the sky, we well may let alone
What raised us from the ground, and,—paying to
the stone
Proper respect, of course,—take staff and go
our way,
Leaving the Pagan night for Christian break of day. 'For,' preached he, 'what they dreamed, these
Pagans wide-awake 'We Christians may behold. How strange, then,
were mistake
'Did anybody style the stone,—because of drop
'Remaining there from oil which Jacob poured
a-top,— 'Itself the Gate of Heaven, itself the end, and not
'The means thereto!' Thus preached the Curé,
and no jot
The more persuaded people but that, what once
a thing Meant and had right to mean it still must mean
Meant and had right to mean, it still must mean. So cling

Folk somehow to the prime authoritative speech, And so distrust report, it seems as they could reach Far better the arch-word, whereon their fate de-	
pends,	2130
Through rude charactery, than all the grace it lends,	
That lettering of your scribes! who flourish pen apace	
And ornament the text, they say—we say, efface.	
Hence, when the earth began its life afresh in May,	
And fruit-trees bloomed, and waves would wanton,	
and the bay	2135
Ruffle its wealth of weed, and stranger-birds arrive,	
And beasts take each a mate,—folk, too, found sensitive,	
Surmised the old grey stone upright there, through such tracts	
Of solitariness and silence, kept the facts	
Entrusted it, could deal out doctrine, did it please:	2140
No fresh and frothy draught, but liquor on the lees	

No fresh and frothy draught, but liquor on the lees, Strong, savage and sincere: first bleedings from a vine

Whereof the product now do Curés so refine To insipidity, that, when heart sinks, we strive And strike from the old stone the old restorative. 2145 'Which is?'—why, go and ask our grandames how they used

To dance around it, till the Curé disabused Their ignorance, and bade the parish in a band Lay flat the obtrusive thing that cumbered so the land!

And there, accordingly, in bush and briar it—'bides 2150 'Its time to rise again!' (so somebody derides, That's pert from Paris) 'since, you spire, you keep erect

'Yonder, and pray beneath, is nothing, I suspect,

'Butjustthesymbol'sself, expressed inslate for rock, 'Art's smooth for Nature's rough, new chip from the old block!' There, sir, my say is said! Thanks, and Saint Gille increase The wealth bestowed so well!"—wherewith he pockets piece,	215\$			
Doffs cap, and takes the road. I leave in Learn-				
ing's clutch				
More money for his book, but scarcely gain as much.				
CXXIV				
To this it was, this same primæval monument, That, in my dream, I saw building with building blent Fall: each on each they fast and founderingly went Confusion-ward; but thence again subsided fast, Became the mound you see. Magnificently massed Indeed, those mammoth-stones, piled by the Pro-	2160			
toplast	2165			
Temple-wise in my dream! beyond compare with				
fanes				
Which, solid-looking late, had left no least remains I' the bald and blank, now sole usurper of the plains Of heaven, diversified and beautiful before. And yet simplicity appeared to speak no more Nor less to me than spoke the compound. At the core,	2170			
One and no other word, as in the crust of late, Whispered, which, audible through the transition- state,				
Was no loud utterance in even the ultimate Disposure. For as some imperial chord subsists, Steadily underlies the accidental mists Of music springing thence, that run their mazy race Around, and sink, absorbed, back to the triad	2175			

base,—

TITINE AT THE TAIK	
So, out of that one word, each variant rose and fell And left the same "All's change, but permanence as well."	2180
—Grave note whence—list aloft!—harmonics sound, that mean:	2200
"Truthinside, and outside, truthalso; and between Each, falsehood that is change, as truth is per-	
manence. The individual soul works through the shows of	
sense, (Which, ever proving false, still promise to be true) Up to an outer soul as individual too;	2185
And, through the fleeting, lives to die into the fixed, And reach at length 'God, man, or both together	
mixed,' Transparent through the flesh, by parts which	
prove a whole, By hints which make the soul discernible by soul— Let only soul look up, not down, not hate but love,	2190
As truth successively takes shape, one grade above Its last presentment, tempts as it were truth indeed	
Revealed this time; so tempts, till we attain to read The signs aright, and learn, by failure, truth is	
forced To manifest itself through falsehood; whence	2195
divorced By the excepted eye, at the rare season, for	
The happy moment, truth instructs us to abhor The false, and prize the true, obtainable thereby.	
Then do we understand the value of a lie; Its purpose served, its truth once safe deposited, Each lie, superfluous now, leaves, in the singer's	2200
stead, The indubitable song; the historic personage Put by, leaves prominent the impulse of his age;	

Truth sets aside speech, act, time, place, indeed, but brings 2205 Nakedly forward now the principle of things Highest and least."
CXXV
Wherewith change ends. What
change to dread
When, disengaged at last from every veil, instead Of type remains the truth? once—falsehood: but anon
Theosuton e broteion eper kekramenon, 2210
Something as true as soul is true, though veils between
Prove false and fleet away. As I mean, did he mean,
The poet whose bird-phrase sits, singing in my ear
A mystery not unlike? What through the dark
and drear
Brought comfort to the Titan? Emerging from
the lymph,
"God, man, or mixture" proved only to be anymph:
"From whom the clink on clink of metal" (money,
judged
Abundant in my purse) "struck" (bumped at,
till it budged)
"The modesty, her soul's habitual resident"
(Where late the sisterhood were lively in their tent) 2220
"As out of winged car" (that caravan on wheels)
"Impulsively she rushed, no slippers to her heels,"
And "Fear not, friends we flock!" soft smiled
the sea-Fifine—
Primitive of the veils (if he meant what I mean)
The poet's Titan learned to lift, ere "Three-
formed Fate, 2225
Moirai Trimorphoi" stood unmasked the Ultimate

CXXVI

- Enough o' the dream! You see how poetry turns prose.
- Announcing wonder-work, I dwindle at the close Down to mere commonplace old facts which everybody knows.
- So dreaming disappoints! The fresh and strange at first,

2230

2235

- Soon wears to trite and tame, nor warrants the outburst
- Of heart with which we hail those heights, at very brink
- Of heaven, whereto one least of lifts would lead, we think,
- But wherefrom quick decline conducts our step, we find,
- To homely earth, old facts familiar left behind. Did not this monument, for instance, long ago Say all it had to say, show all it had to show, Nor promise to do duty more in dream?

CXXVII

- Awaking so,
- What if we, homeward-bound, all peace and some fatigue,
- Trudge, soberly complete our tramp of near a league,
- Last little mile which makes the circuit just, Elvire? We end where we began: that consequence is clear.
- All peace and some fatigue, wherever we were nursed
- To life, we bosom us on death, find last is first And thenceforth final too.

CXXVIII

"Why final? Why the more 2245
Worth credence now than when such truth proved false before?"

Because a novel point impresses now: each lie Redounded to the praise of man, was victory Man's nature had both right to get, and might to gain, And by no means implied submission to the reign 2250 Of other quite as real a nature, that saw fit To have its way with man, not man his way with it. This time, acknowledgment and acquiescence quell Their contrary in man; promotion proves as well Defeat: and Truth, unlike the False with Truth's outside,

Neither plumes up his will nor puffs him out with

I fancy, there must lurk some cogency i' the claim, Man, such abatement made, submits to, all the same.

Soul finds no triumph, here, to register like Sense With whom 't is ask and have,—the want, the evidence

That the thing wanted, soon or late, will be supplied. This indeed plumes up will; this, sure, puffs out with pride,

When, reading records right, man's instincts still attest

Promotion comes to Sense because Sense likes it best;

For bodies sprouted legs, through a desire to run: 2265 While hands, when fain to filch, got fingers one by one,

And nature, that 's ourself, accommodative brings To bear that, tired of legs which walk, we now bud wings

Since of a mind to fly. Such savour in the nose Of Sense, would stimulate Soul sweetly, I suppose, 2270 Soul with its proper itch of instinct, prompting clear

To recognize soul's self Soul's only master here Alike from first to last. But, if time's pressure, light's

Or rather, dark's approach, wrest thoroughly the rights

2275

2200

Of rule away, and bid the soul submissive bear Another soul than it play master everywhere

In great and small,—this time, I fancy, none disputes

There's something in the fact that such conclusion suits

Nowise the pride of man, nor yet chimes in with attributes

Conspicuous in the lord of nature. He receives 2280 And not demands—not first likes faith and then believes.

CXXIX

And as with the last essence so with its first faint type.

Inconstancy means raw, 't is faith alone means ripe I' the soul which runs its round: no matter how it range

From Helen to Fifine, Elvire bids back the change 2285 To permanence. Here, too, love ends where love began.

Such ending looks like law, because the natural

Inclines the other way, feels lordlier free than bound. Poor pabulum for pride when the first love is found Last also! and, so far from realizing gain, Each step aside just proves divergency in vain.

27 I

The wanderer brings home no profit from his quest Beyond the sad surmise that keeping house were best

Could life begin anew. His problem posed aright Was—"From the given point evolve the infinite!" 2205 Not-"Spend thyself in space, endeavouring to ioint

Together, and so make infinite, point and point: Fix into one Elvire a Fair-ful of Fifines!" Fifine, the foam-flake, she: Elvire, the sea's self. means

Capacity at need to shower how many such! And yet we left her calm profundity, to clutch Foam-flutter, bell on bell, that, bursting at a touch. Blistered us for our pains. But wise, we want no more

O' the fickle element. Enough of foam and roar! Land-locked, we live and die henceforth: for here's the villa-door.

2305

2300

CXXX

How pallidly you pause o' the threshold! Hardly night,

Which drapes you, ought to make real flesh and blood so white!

Touch me, and so appear alive to all intents! Will the saint vanish from the sinner that repents? Suppose you are a ghost! A memory, a hope, A fear, a conscience! Quick! Give back the hand I grope

I' the dusk for!

CXXXI

That is well. Our double horoscope Discard that simile I cast, while you concur. O' the fickle element! Elvire is land not sea-

The solid land, the	safe.	All th	ese wor	d-bubbles	
o' the sea, and bite l	ike salt	. Th	e unluc	ky bath 's	2315
This hand of yourson I beat, nor bask bene The Mayor shall cat Contributable, good And mystery of mare And not this tower a way down, Its mullions wink o'c	eath the alogue -compariage. part;	blue me d nion I stic becau	! In Pouly dom of the good ckle for a se, thou	rnic, say, iiciled, uild the town, igh, half-	2320
ness, yet	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	Ja 11 1	010011	ly groon-	
Who mounts to stairce And sudden there 's					
arouse, No fancies to delude					2325
Of the earth be earth with shell	•	•			
Made prize of long swell	ago, pi	cked	haply v	vhere the	
Menaced a little once Dampens and softens					2220
Of wave: though, wh	y on ea	rth sh	ould sea	a-change	2330
The calm contemplati	ive hou	sehol	ders tha	t we are?	
So shall the seasons abide:					
E'en past astonishme	nt how	sunri	se and sp	oringtide	
Could tempt one fort					
appoints		1. fo	المرام ما		2335
That swimming grov joints.	v a tas	K IOT	one's rr	ieumatic	
Such honest civic hou	ise, bel	nold,	I consti	tute	
Our villa! Be but f	lesh an	d blo	od, and	smile to	
boot!					
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FIFINE AT THE FAIR

Enter for good and all! then fate bolt fast the door, Shut you and me inside, never to wander more! 2	340
CXXXII	
Only,—you do not use to apprehend attack! No doubt, the way I march, one idle arm, thrown slack	
Behind me, leaves the open hand defenceless at	
the back, Should an impertinent on tiptoe steal, and stuff —Whatever can it be? A letter sure enough,	² 345
Pushed betwixt palm and glove! That largess of a franc?	
Perhaps inconsciously,—to better help the blank O' the nest, her tambourine, and, laying egg, per- suade	
A family to follow, the nest-egg that I laid May have contained,—but just to foil suspicious	
folk,—	2350
Between two silver whites a yellow double yolk! Oh, threaten no farewell! five minutes shall suffice	
To clear the matter up. I go, and in a trice	

Oh, threaten no farewell! five minutes shall suffice To clear the matter up. I go, and in a trice Return; five minutes past, expect me! If in vain—

Why, slip from flesh and blood, and play the ghost again! 2355

EPILOGUE

THE HOUSEHOLDER

T

SAVAGE I was sitting in my house, late, lone: Dreary, weary with the long day's work:

Head of me, heart of me, stupid as a stone:

Tongue-tied now, now blaspheming like a Turk;

When, in a moment, just a knock, call, cry,
Half a pang and all a rapture, there again were
we!—

"What, and is it really you again?" quoth I:
"I again, what else did you expect?" quoth She.

Π

"Never mind, hie away from this old house— Every crumbling brick embrowned with sin and shame!

Quick, in its corners ere certain shapes arouse!

Let them—every devil of the night—lay claim,

Make and mend, or rap and rend, for me! Goodbye!

God be their guard from disturbance at their glee,

Till, crash, comes down the carcass in a heap!" quoth I:

"Nay, but there's a decency required!" quoth She.

FIFINE AT THE FAIR

III

"Ah, but if you knew how time has dragged, days, nights!

All the neighbour-talk with man and maid-

such men!

All the fuss and trouble of street-sounds, window-sights:

All the worry of flapping door and echoing roof; and then,

All the fancies . . . Who were they had leave, dared try

Darker arts that almost struck despair in me? If you knew but how I dwelt down here!" quoth I: "And was I so better off up there?" quoth She.

IV

"Help and get it over! Re-united to his wife
(How draw up the paper lets the parish-people know?)

Lies M., or N., departed from this life,

Day the this or that, month and year the so and so. What i' the way of final flourish? Prose, verse?

Try!

Affliction sore long time he bore, or, what is it to be?

Till God did please to grant him ease. Do end!" quoth I:

"I end with—Love is all and Death is nought!" quoth She.

OR

TURF AND TOWERS

TO

MISS THACKERAY

OR

TURF AND TOWERS

1873

And so, here happily we meet, fair friend! Again once more, as if the years rolled back And this our meeting-place were just that Rome Out in the champaign, say, o'er-rioted By verdure, ravage, and gay winds that war Against strong sunshine settled to his sleep; Or on the Paris Boulevard, might it prove, You and I came together saunteringly, Bound for some shop-front in the Place Vendôme-Gold-smithy and Golconda mine, that makes 10 "The Firm-Miranda" blazed about the world-Or, what if it were London, where my toe Trespassed upon your flounce? "Small blame," you smile, Seeing the Staircase Party in the Square Was Small and Early, and you broke no rib. 15

5

Even as we met where we have met so oft, Now meet we on this unpretending beach Below the little village: little, ay!

But pleasant, may my gratitude subjoin? Meek, hitherto un-Murrayed bathing-place, 20 Best loved of sea-coast-nook-ful Normandy! That, just behind you, is mine own hired house: With right of pathway through the field in front, No prejudice to all its growth unsheaved Of emerald luzern bursting into blue. 25 Be sure I keep the path that hugs the wall. Of mornings, as I pad from door to gate! Yon vellow—what if not wild-mustard flower?— Of that, my naked sole makes lawful prize, Bruising the acrid aromatics out, 30 Till, what they preface, good salt savours sting From, first, the sifted sands, then sands in slab. Smooth save for pipy wreath-work of the worm: (Granite and mussel-shell are ground alike To glittering paste,—the live worm troubles yet.) 35 Then, dry and moist, the varech limit-line, Burnt cinder-black, with brown uncrumpled swathe Of berried softness, sea-swoln thrice its size: And, lo, the wave protrudes a lip at last, And flecks my foot with froth, nor tempts in vain. 40

Such is Saint-Rambert, wilder very much
Than Joyeux, that famed Joyous-Gard of yours,
Some five miles farther down; much homelier too—
Right for me,—right for you the fine and fair!
Only, I could endure a transfer—wrought
By angels famed still, through our countryside,
For weights they fetched and carried in old time
When nothing like the need was—transfer, just
Of Joyeux church, exchanged for yonder prig,
Our brand-new stone cream-coloured masterpiece. 50

Well—and you know, and not since this one year, The quiet seaside country? So do I:

Who like it, in a manner, just because Nothing is prominently likeable To vulgar eye without a soul behind. 55 Which, breaking surface, brings before the ball Of sight, a beauty buried everywhere. If we have souls, know how to see and use, One place performs, like any other place, The proper service every place on earth 60 Was framed to furnish man with: serves alike To give him note that, through the place he sees, A place is signified he never saw, But, if he lack not soul, may learn to know. Earth's ugliest walled and ceiled imprisonment 65 May suffer, through its single rent in roof, Admittance of a cataract of light Beyond attainment through earth's palace-panes Pinholed athwart their windowed filagree By twinklings sobered from the sun outside. 70 Doubtless the High Street of our village here Imposes hardly as Rome's Corso could: And our projected race for sailing-boats Next Sunday, when we celebrate our Saint, Falls very short of that attractiveness, **7**5 That artistry in festive spectacle, Paris ensures you when she welcomes back (When shall it be?) the Assembly from Versailles; While the best fashion and intelligence Collected at the counter of our Mayor 80 (Dry goods he deals in, grocery beside) What time the post-bag brings the news from Vire,— I fear me much, it scarce would hold its own, That circle, that assorted sense and wit,

Still, 't is the check that gives the leap its lift.

With Five o'clock Tea in a house we know.

The nullity of cultivated souls, Even advantaged by their news from Vire, Only conduces to enforce the truth That, thirty paces off, this natural blue 90 Broods o'er a bag of secrets, all unbroached. Beneath the bosom of the placid deep, Since first the Post Director sealed them safe: And formidable I perceive this fact-Little Saint-Rambert touches the great sea. 95 From London, Paris, Rome, where men are men, Not mice, and mice not Mayors presumably, Thought scarce may leap so fast, alight so far. But this is a pretence, you understand, Disparagement in play, to parry thrust 100 Of possible objector: nullity And ugliness, the taunt be his, not mine Nor yours,—I think we know the world too well! Did you walk hither, jog it by the plain, Or jaunt it by the highway, braving bruise 105 From springless and uncushioned vehicle? Much, was there not, in place and people both, To lend an eye to? and what eye like yours— The learned eve is still the loving one! Our land: its quietude, productiveness, 110 Its length and breadth of grain-crop, meadowground, Its orchards in the pasture, farms a-field And hamlets on the road-edge, nought you missed Of one and all the sweet rusticities! From stalwart strider by the waggon-side, 115 Brightening the acre with his purple blouse, To those dark-featured comely women-folk, Healthy and tall, at work, and work indeed, On every cottage door-step, plying brisk Bobbins that bob you ladies out such lace! 120 Oh, you observed! and how that nimble play

Of finger formed the sole exception, bobbed The one disturbance to the peace of things, Where nobody esteems it worth his while. If time upon the clock-face goes asleep. 125 To give the rusted hands a helpful push. Nobody lifts an energetic thumb And index to remove some dead and gone Notice which, posted on the barn, repeats For truth what two years' passage made a lie. 130 Still is for sale, next June, that same château With all its immobilities,—were sold Duly next June behind the last but last; And, woe 's me, still placards the Emperor His confidence in war he means to wage, I 35 God aiding and the rural populace. No: rain and wind must rub the rags away And let the lazy land untroubled snore.

Ah, in good truth? and did the drowsihead So suit, so soothe the learned loving eye, 140 That you were minded to confer a crown, (Does not the poppy boast such?)—call the land By one slow hither-thither stretching, fast Subsiding-into-slumber sort of name, Symbolic of the place and people too, 145 "White Cotton Night-cap Country?" Excellent! For they do, all, dear women young and old, Upon the heads of them bear notably This badge of soul and body in repose; Nor its fine thimble fits the acorn-top, **I** 50 Keeps woolly ward above that oval brown, Its placid feature, more than muffler makes A safeguard, circumvents intelligence In-what shall evermore be named and famed, If happy nomenclature aught avail, **I55** "White Cotton Night-cap Country."

Do I hear-

180

185

Oh, better, very best of all the news-You mean to catch and cage the winged word. And make it breed and multiply at home Till Norman idlesse stock our England too? 160 Normandy shown minute yet magnified In one of those small books, the truly great, We never know enough, yet know so well? How I foresee the cursive diamond-dints,— Composite pen that plays the pencil too,— 165 As, touch the page and up the glamour goes, And filmily o'er grain-crop, meadow-ground, O'er orchard in the pasture, farm a-field And hamlet on the road-edge, floats and forms And falls, at lazy last of all, the Cap 170 That crowns the country! we, awake outside, Farther than ever from the imminence Of what cool comfort, what close coverture Your magic, deftly weaving, shall surround The unconscious captives with. Be theirs to drowse 175 Trammeled, and ours to watch the trammel-trick! Ours be it, as we con the book of books, To wonder how is winking possible!

All hail, "White Cotton Night-cap Country," then!

And yet, as on the beach you promise book,—
On beach, mere razor-edge 'twixt earth and sea,
I stand at such a distance from the world
That 't is the whole world which obtains regard,
Rather than any part, though part presumed
A perfect little province in itself,
When wayfare made acquaintance first therewith.
So standing, therefore, on this edge of things,
What if the backward glance I gave, return
Loaded with other spoils of vagrancy

Than I despatched it for, till I propose
The question—puzzled by the sudden store
Officious fancy plumps beneath my nose—
"Which sort of Night-cap have you glorified?"

You would be gracious to my ignorance: "What other Night-cap than the normal one? - 195 Old honest guardian of man's head and hair In its elastic yet continuous, soft. No less persisting, circumambient gripe.— Night's notice, life is respited from day! Its form and fashion vary, suiting so 200 Each seasonable want of youth and age. In infancy, the rosy naked ball Of brain, and that faint golden fluff it bears, Are smothered from disaster,—nurses know By what foam-fabric; but when youth succeeds, 205 The sterling value of the article Discards adornment, cap is cap henceforth Unfeathered by the futile row on row. Manhood strains hard a sturdy stocking-stuff O'er well-deserving head and ears: the cone 210 Is tassel-tipt, commendably takes pride, Announcing workday done and wages pouched, 'And liberty obtained to sleep, nay, snore. Unwise, he peradventure shall essay The sweets of independency for once— 215 Waive its advantage on his wedding-night: Fool, only to resume it, night the next, And never part companionship again. Since, with advancing years, night's solace soon Intrudes upon the daybreak dubious life 220 Persuades it to appear the thing it is, Half-sleep; and so, encroaching more and more, It lingers long past the abstemious meal Of morning, and, as prompt to serve, precedes

The supper-summons, gruel grown a feast.
Finally, when the last sleep finds the eye
So tired it cannot even shut itself,
Does not a kind domestic hand unite
Friend to friend, lid from lid to part no more,
Consigned alike to that receptacle
So bleak without, so warm and white within?

"Night-caps, night's comfort of the human race:
Their usage may be growing obsolete,
Still, in the main, the institution stays.
And though yourself may possibly have lived,
And probably will die, undignified—
The Never-night-capped—more experienced folk
Laugh you back answer—What should Nightcap be
Save Night-cap pure and simple? Sorts of such?
Take cotton for the medium, cast an eye
This side to comfort, lambswool or the like,
That side to frilly cambric costliness,
And all between proves Night-cap proper." Add

Only, your ignoramus here again 245 Proceeds as tardily to recognize Distinctions: ask him what a fiddle means, And "Just a fiddle" seems the apt reply. Yet, is not there, while we two pace the beach. This blessed moment, at your Kensington. 250 A special Fiddle-show and rare array Of all the sorts were ever set to cheek, 'Stablished on clavicle, sawn bow-hand-wise. Or touched lute-fashion and forefinger-plucked? I doubt not there be duly catalogued 255 Achievements all and some of Italy. Guarnerius, Straduarius, —old and new,

"Fiddle!" and I confess the argument.

Augustly rude, refined to finicking,
This mammoth with his belly full of blare,
That mouse of music—inch-long silvery wheeze. 260
And here a specimen has effloresced
Into the scroll-head, there subsides supreme,
And with the tail-piece satisfies mankind.
Why should I speak of woods, grains, stains and streaks,

The topaz varnish or the ruby gum?

We preferably pause where tickets teach
"Over this sample would Corelli croon,
Grieving, by minors, like the cushat-dove,
Most dulcet Giga, dreamiest Saraband."
"From this did Paganini comb the fierce 270
Electric sparks, or to tenuity
Pull forth the inmost wailing of the wire—
No cat-gut could swoon out so much of soul!"

Three hundred violin-varieties
Exposed to public view! And dare I doubt
Some future enterprise shall give the world
Quite as remarkable a Night-cap-show?
Methinks, we, arm-in-arm, that festal day,
Pace the long range of relics shrined aright,
Framed, glazed, each cushioned curiosity,
And so begin to smile and to inspect:
"Pope's sickly head-sustainment, damped with dews

Wrung from the all-unfair fight: such a frame—
Though doctor and the devil helped their best—
Fought such a world that, waiving doctor's help, 285
Had the mean devil at its service too!
Voltaire's imperial velvet! Hogarth eyed
The thumb-nail record of some alley-phyz,
Then chucklingly clapped yonder cosiness
On pate, and painted with true flesh and blood! 290
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T

Poor hectic Cowper's soothing sarsnet-stripe!"
And so we profit by the catalogue,
Somehow our smile subsiding more and more,
Till we decline into . . . but no! shut eyes
And hurry past the shame uncoffined here,
The hangman's toilet! If we needs must trench,
For science' sake which craves completeness still,
On the sad confine, not the district's self,
The object that shall close review may be . . .

Well, it is French, and here are we in France:
It is historic, and we live to learn,
And try to learn by reading story-books.
It is an incident of 'Ninety-two,
And, twelve months since, the Commune had the sway.

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320

Therefore resolve that, after all the Whites Presented you, a solitary Red Shall pain us both, a minute and no more! Do not you see poor Louis pushed to front Of palace-window, in persuasion's name, A spectacle above the howling mob Who tasted, as it were, with tiger-smack, The outstart, the first spirt of blood on brow, The Phrygian symbol, the new crown of thorns, The Cap of Freedom? See the feeble mirth At odds with that half-purpose to be strong And merely patient under misery! And note the ejaculation, ground so hard Between his teeth, that only God could hear, As the lean pale proud insignificance With the sharp-featured liver-worried stare Out of the two grey points that did him stead And passed their eagle-owner to the front Better than his mob-elbowed undersize,— The Corsican lieutenant commented

"Had I but one good regiment of my own,
How soon should volleys to the due amount
Lay stiff upon the street-flags this canaille!
As for the droll there, he that plays the king
And screws out smile with a Red night-cap on,
He's done for! Somebody must take his place."
White Cotton Night-cap Country: excellent!
Why not Red Cotton Night-cap Country too?

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"Why not say swans are black and black birds white. Because the instances exist?" you ask. "Enough that white, not red, predominates, Is normal, typical, in cleric phrase Ouod semel, semper, et ubique." Here, Applying such a name to such a land. Especially you find inopportune, Impertinent, my scruple whether white Or red describes the local colour best. "Let be" (you say), "the universe at large Supplied us with exceptions to the rule, So manifold, they bore no passing-by,— Little Saint-Rambert has conserved at least The pure tradition: white from head to heel, Where is a hint of the ungracious hue? See, we have traversed with hop, step and jump, From heel to head, the main-street in a trice, Measured the garment (help my metaphor!) Not merely criticized the cap, forsooth; And were you pricked by that collecting-itch, That pruriency for writing o'er your reds 'Rare, rarer, rarest, not rare but unique,'-The shelf, Saint-Rambert, of your cabinet, Unlabelled, -virginal, no Rahab-thread For blushing token of the spy's success,-Would taunt with vacancy, I undertake! What, yonder is your best apology,

Pretence at most approach to naughtiness,
Impingement of the ruddy on the blank?
This is the criminal Saint-Rambertese
Who smuggled in tobacco, half-a-pound!
The Octroi found it out and fined the wretch.
This other is the culprit who despatched
A hare, he thought a hedgehog (clods obstruct),
Unfurnished with Permission for the Chase!
As to the womankind—renounce from those
The hope of getting a companion-tinge,
First faint touch promising romantic fault!"

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360

360

Enough: there stands Red Cotton Night-cap shelf—

A cavern's ostentatious vacancy—
My contribution to the show; while yours—
Whites heap your row of pegs from every hedge
Outside, and house inside Saint-Rambert here—
We soon have come to end of. See, the church
With its white steeple gives your challenge point,
Perks as it were the night-cap of the town,
Starchedly warrants all beneath is matched
By all above, one snowy innocence!

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390

You put me on my mettle. British maid And British man, suppose we have it out Here in the fields, decide the question so? Then, British fashion, shake hands hard again, Go home together, friends the more confirmed That one of us—assuredly myself—Looks puffy about eye, and pink at nose? Which "pink" reminds me that the arduousness We both acknowledge in the enterprise, Claims, counts upon a large and liberal Acceptance of as good as victory In whatsoever just escapes defeat.

You must be generous, strain point, and call Victory, any the least flush of pink
Made prize of, labelled scarlet for the nonce—
Faintest pretension to be wrong and red
And picturesque, that varies by a splotch
The righteous flat of insipidity.

395

Quick to the quest, then—forward, the firm foot!
Onward, the quarry-overtaking eye!
For, what is this, by way of march-tune, makes
The musicalest buzzing at my ear
By reassurance of that promise old
Though sins are scarlet they shall be as wool?
Whence—what fantastic hope do I deduce?
I am no Liebig: when the dyer dyes
A texture, can the red dye prime the white?
And if we washed well, wrung the texture hard,
Would we arrive, here, there and everywhere,
At a fierce ground beneath the surface meek?

410

I take the first chance, rub to threads what rag Shall flutter snowily in sight. For see! Already these few yards upon the rise, Our back to brave Saint-Rambert, how we reach The open, at a dozen steps or strides! 415 Turn round and look about, a breathing-while! There lie, outspread at equidistance, thorpes And villages and towns along the coast, Distinguishable, each and all alike, By white persistent Night-cap, spire on spire. 420 Take the left: yonder town is—what say you If I say "Londres"? Ay, the mother-mouse (Reversing fable, as truth can and will) Which gave our mountain of a London birth! This is the Conqueror's country, bear in mind, 425 And Londres-district blooms with London-pride.

Turn round: La Roche, to right, where oysters thrive:

Monlieu—the lighthouse is a telegraph; This, full in front, Saint-Rambert; then succeeds Villeneuve, and Pons the Young with Pons the Old, 430 And—ere faith points to Joyeux, out of sight, A little nearer—oh, La Ravissante!

There now is something like a Night-cap spire. Donned by no ordinary Notre-Dame! For, one of the three safety-guards of France, 435 You front now, lady! Nothing intercepts The privilege, by crow-flight, two miles far. She and her sisters Lourdes and La Salette Are at this moment hailed the cynosure Of poor dear France, such waves have buffeted 440 Since she eschewed infallibility And chose to steer by the vague compass-box. This same midsummer month, a week ago, Was not the memorable day observed For reinstatement of the misused Three 445 In old supremacy for evermore? Did not the faithful flock in pilgrimage By railway, diligence and steamer—nay On foot with staff and scrip, to see the sights Assured them? And I say best sight was here: And nothing justified the rival Two In their pretension to equality; Our folk laid out their ticket-money best, And wiseliest, if they walked, wore shoe away; Not who went farther only to fare worse. 455 For, what was seen at Lourdes and La Salette Except a couple of the common cures Such as all three can boast of, any day? While here it was, here and by no means there, That the Pope's self sent two great real gold crowns 460

As thick with jewelry as thick could stick, His present to the Virgin and her Babe-Provided for—who knows not?—by that fund, Count Alessandro Sforza's legacy, Which goes to crown some Virgin every year. 465 But this year, poor Pope was in prison-house, And money had to go for something else; And therefore, though their present seemed the Pope's, The faithful of our province raised the sum Preached and prayed out of—nowise purse alone. 470 Gentle and simple paid in kind, not cash, The most part: the great lady gave her brooch, The peasant-girl her hair-pin; 'twas the rough Bluff farmer mainly who,—admonished well By wife to care lest his new colewort-crop 475 Stray sorrowfully sparse like last year's seed,— Lugged from reluctant pouch the fifty-franc, And had the Curé's hope that rain would cease. And so, the sum in evidence at length, Next step was to obtain the donative 480 By the spontaneous bounty of the Pope— No easy matter, since his Holiness Had turned a deaf ear, long and long ago, To much entreaty on our Bishop's part, Commendably we boast. "But no," quoth he, 485 "Image and image needs must take their turn: Here stand a dozen as importunate." Well, we were patient; but the cup ran o'er When—who was it pressed in and took the prize But our own offset, set far off indeed 490 To grow by help of our especial name, She of the Ravissante-in Martinique! "What?" cried our patience at the boiling-point, "The daughter crowned, the mother's head goes

bare?

Bishop of Raimbaux!"—that 's our diocese—
"Thou hast a summons to repair to Rome,
Be efficacious at the Council there:
Now is the time or never! Right our wrong!
Hie thee away, thou valued Morillon,
And have the promise, thou who hast the vote!"
So said, so done, so followed in due course
(To cut the story short) this festival,
This famous Twenty-second, seven days since.

Oh, but you heard at Joyeux! Pilgrimage, Concourse, procession with, to head the host, 505 Cardinal Mirecourt, quenching lesser lights: The leafy street-length through, decked end to end With August-strippage, and adorned with flags That would have waved right well but that it rained Just this picked day, by some perversity. 510 And so were placed, on Mother and on Babe, The pair of crowns: the Mother's, you must see! Miranda, the great Paris goldsmith, made The marvel,—he 's a neighbour: that 's his park Before you, tree-topped wall we walk toward. 515 His shop it was turned out the masterpiece, Probably at his own expenditure; Anyhow, his was the munificence Contributed the central and supreme Splendour that crowns the crown itself, The Stone. 520 Not even Paris, ransacked, could supply That gem: he had to forage in New-York, This jeweller, and country-gentleman. And most undoubted devotee beside! Worthily wived, too: since his wife it was 525 Bestowed "with friendly hand"—befitting phrase! The lace which trims the coronation-robe-Stiff wear-a mint of wealth on the brocade. Do go and see what I saw yesterday!

And, for that matter, see in fancy still, Since . . .

5 **30**

There now! Even for unthankful me, Who stuck to my devotions at high-tide That festal morning, never had a mind To trudge the little league and join the crowd— Even for me is miracle vouchsafed! 5.35 How pointless proves the sneer at miracles! As if, contrariwise to all we want And reasonably look to find, they graced Merely those graced-before, grace helps no whit, Unless, made whole, they need physician still. 540 I—sceptical in every inch of me— Did I deserve that, from the liquid name "Miranda,"—faceted as lovelily As his own gift, the gem,—a shaft should shine, Bear me along, another Abaris, 545 Nor let me light till, lo, the Red is reached, And yonder lies in luminosity!

Look, lady! where I bade you glance but now!

Next habitation, though two miles away,—

No tenement for man or beast between,—

That, park and domicile, is country-seat

Of this same good Miranda! I accept

The augury. Or there, or nowhere else,

Will I establish that a Night-cap gleams

Of visionary Red, not White for once!

"Heaven" saith the sage "is with us, here inside

Each man: " "Hell also," simpleness subjoins,

By White and Red describing human flesh.

And yet as we continue, quicken pace, Approach the object which determines me Victorious or defeated, more forlorn

My chance seems,—that is certainty at least. Halt midway, reconnoitre! Either side The path we traverse (turn and see) stretch fields Without a hedge: one level, scallop-striped 565 With bands of beet and turnip and luzern, Limited only by each colour's end, Shelves down,—we stand upon an eminence,— To where the earth-shell scallops out the sea, A sweep of semicircle; and at edge-570 Just as the milk-white incrustations stud At intervals some shell-extremity, So do the little growths attract us here, Towns with each name I told you: say, they touch The sea, and the sea them, and all is said, 525 So sleeps and sets to slumber that broad blue! The people are as peaceful as the place. This, that I call "the path" is road, highway; But has there passed us by a market-cart, Man, woman, child, or dog to wag a tail? 580 True, I saw weeders stooping in a field; But—formidably white the Cap's extent!

Round again! Come, appearance promises!

The boundary, the park-wall, ancient brick,
Upholds a second wall of tree-heads high
Which overlean its top, a solid green.

That surely ought to shut in mysteries!
A jeweller—no unsuggestive craft!

Trade that admits of much romance, indeed.

For, whom but goldsmiths used old monarchs
pledge
Regalia to, or seek a ransom from,
Or pray to furnish dowry, at a pinch,
According to authentic story-books?

595

With diamond-necklace-dealing! not to speak

Why, such have revolutionized this land

Of families turned upside-down, because
The gay wives went and pawned clandestinely
Jewels, and figured, till found out, with paste,
Or else redeemed them—how, is horrible!
Then there are those enormous criminals
That love their ware and cannot lose their love,
And murder you to get your purchase back.
Others go courting after such a stone,
Make it their mistress, marry for their wife,
And find out, some day, it was false the while,
As ever wife or mistress, man too fond
Has named his Pilgrim, Hermit, Ace of Hearts.

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605

Beside—what style of edifice begins To grow in sight at last and top the scene? That grey roof, with the range of lucarnes, four бю I count, and that erection in the midst-Clock-house, or chapel-spire, or what, above? Conventual, that, beyond manorial, sure! And reason good; for Clairvaux, such its name, Was built of old to be a Priory, 615 Dependence on that Abbey-for-the-Males Our Conqueror founded in world-famous Caen, And where his body sought the sepulture It was not to retain: you know the tale. Such Priory was Clairvaux, prosperous б20 Hundreds of years; but nothing lasts below, And when the Red Cap pushed the Crown aside, The Priory became, like all its peers, A National Domain: which, bought and sold And resold, needs must change, with ownership, 625 Both outside show and inside use; at length The messuage, three-and-twenty years ago, Became the purchase of rewarded worth Impersonate in Father—I must stoop To French phrase for precision's sake, I fear— 63a

Father Miranda, goldsmith of renown: By birth a Madrilene, by domicile And sojourning accepted French at last. His energy it was which, trade transferred To Paris, throve as with a golden thumb. 635 Established in the Place Vendôme. He bought Not building only, but belongings far And wide, at Gonthier there, Monlieu, Villeneuve, A plentiful estate: which, twelve years since, Passed, at the good man's natural demise. 640 To Son and Heir Miranda—Clairvaux here. The Paris shop, the mansion—not to say Palatial residence on Quai Rousseau, With money, moveables, a mine of wealth— And young Léonce Miranda got it all. 645

Ah, but—whose might the transformation be? Were you prepared for this, now? As we talked, We walked, we entered the half-privacy, The partly-guarded precinct: passed beside The little paled-off islet, trees and turf, 650 Then found us in the main ash-avenue Under the blessing of its branchage-roof. Till, on emergence, what affronts our gaze? Priory—Conqueror—Abbey-for-the-Males— Hey, presto, pass, who conjured all away? 655 Look through the railwork of the gate: a park -Yes, but à l'Anglaise, as they compliment! Grass like green velvet, gravel-walks like gold, Bosses of shrubs, embosomings of flowers. Lead you—through sprinkled trees of tiny breed Disporting, within reach of coverture, By some habitual acquiescent oak Or elm, that thinks, and lets the youngsters laugh-Lead, lift at last your soul that walks the air. Up to the house-front, or its back perhaps— 665

Whether façade or no, one coquetry
Of coloured brick and carved stone! Stucco?
Well,

The daintiness is cheery, that I know, And all the sportive floral framework fits The lightsome purpose of the architect. 670 Those lucarnes which I called conventual, late, Those are the outlets in the mansarde-roof; And, underneath, what long light elegance Of windows here suggests how brave inside Lurk eyeballed gems they play the eyelids to! 675 Festive arrangements look through such, be sure! And now the tower a-top, I took for clock's Or bell's abode, turns out a quaint device, Pillared and temple-treated Belvedere-Pavilion safe within its railed-about 680 Sublimity of area—whence what stretch Of sea and land, throughout the seasons' change, Must greet the solitary! Or suppose -If what the husband likes, the wife likes too-The happy pair of students cloistered high, б85 Alone in April kiss when Spring arrives! Or no, he mounts there by himself to meet Winds, welcome wafts of sea-smell, first white bird That flaps thus far to taste the land again, And all the promise of the youthful year; 690 Then he descends, unbosoms straight his store Of blessings in the bud, and both embrace, Husband and wife, since earth is Paradise, And man at peace with God. You see it all?

Let us complete our survey, go right round
The place: for here, it may be, we surprise
The Priory,—these solid walls, big barns,
Grey orchard-grounds, huge four-square stores
for stock,

Betoken where the Church was busy once. Soon must we come upon the Chapel's self. 700 No doubt next turn will treat us to . . . Aha, Again our expectation proves at fault! Still the bright graceful modern—not to say Modish adornment, meets us: Parc Anglais, Tree-sprinkle, shrub-embossment as before. 705 See, the sun splits on yonder bauble world Of silvered glass concentring, every side, All the adjacent wonder, made minute And touched grotesque by ball-convexity! Just so, a sense that something is amiss, 710 Something is out of sorts in the display, Affects us, past denial, everywhere. The right erection for the Fields, the Wood, (Fields—but Elysées, wood—but de Boulogne) Is peradventure wrong for wood and fields 715 When Vire, not Paris, plays the Capital.

So may a good man have deficient taste; Since Son and Heir Miranda, he it was Who, six years now elapsed, achieved the work And truly made a wilderness to smile. Here did their domesticity reside, A happy husband and as happy wife, Till . . . how can I in conscience longer keep My little secret that the man is dead I, for artistic purpose, talk about As if he lived still? No, these two years now, Has he been dead. You ought to sympathize, Not mock the sturdy effort to redeem My pledge, and wring you out some tragedy From even such a perfect commonplace! Suppose I boast the death of such desert My tragic bit of Red? Who contravenes Assertion that a tragedy exists

720

725

In any stoppage of benevolence, Utility, devotion above all? Benevolent? There never was his like: For poverty, he had an open hand	735
An open purse, then, ever at appeal; So that the unreflecting rather taxed Profusion than penuriousness in alms. One, in his day and generation, deemed Of use to the community? I trust	740
Clairvaux thus renovated, regalized, Paris expounded thus to Normandy, Answers that question. Was the man devout? After a life—one mere munificence To Church and all things churchly, men or mice,—	74 5
Dying, his last bequeathment gave land, goods, Cash, every stick and stiver, to the Church, And notably to that church yonder, that Beloved of his soul, La Ravissante—Wherefrom, the latest of his gifts, the Stone Gratefully bore me as on arrow-flash To Clairvaux, as I told you.	750

"Ay, to find 755 Your Red desiderated article, Where every scratch and scrape provokes my White To all the more superb a prominence! Why, 't is the story served up fresh again— How it befell the restive prophet old 760 Who came and tried to curse, but blessed the land. Come, your last chance! he disinherited Children: he made his widow mourn too much By this endowment of the other Bride— Nor understood that gold and jewelry 765 Adorn her in a figure, not a fact. You make that White, I want, so very white,

'T is I say now—some trace of Red should be Somewhere in this Miranda-sanctitude!"

Not here, at all events, sweet mocking friend! 7**7**0 For he was childless; and what heirs he had Were an uncertain sort of Cousinry Scarce claiming kindred so as to withhold The donor's purpose though fantastical: Heirs, for that matter, wanting no increase 775 Of wealth, since rich already as himself: Heirs that had taken trouble off his hands, Bought that productive goldsmith-business he. With abnegation wise as rare, renounced Precisely at a time of life when youth, 780 Nigh on departure, bids mid-age discard Life's other loves and likings in a pack, To keep, in lucre, comfort worth them all. This Cousinry are they who boast the shop Of "Firm-Miranda, London and New-York." 785 Cousins are an unconscionable kind: But these—pretension surely on their part To share inheritance were too absurd!

"Remains then, he dealt wrongly by his wife, Despoiled her somehow by such testament?" 790 Farther than ever from the mark, fair friend! The man's love for his wife exceeded bounds Rather than failed the limit. 'T was to live Hers and hers only, to abolish earth Outside—since Paris holds the pick of earth— 795 He turned his back, shut eyes, stopped ears to all Delicious Paris tempts her children with, And fled away to this far solitude— She peopling solitude sufficiently! She, partner in each heavenward flight sublime, 800 Was, with each condescension to the ground,

Duly associate also: hand in hand, . . . Or side by side, I say by preference— On every good work sidelingly they went. Hers was the instigation—none but she 805 Willed that, if death should summon first her lord, Though she, sad relict, must drag residue Of days encumbered by this load of wealth— (Submitted to with something of a grace So long as her surviving vigilance 018 Might worthily administer, convert Wealth to God's glory and the good of man, Give, as in life, so now in death, effect To cherished purpose)—yet she begged and prayed That, when no longer she could supervise 815 The House, it should become a Hospital: For the support whereof, lands, goods and cash Alike will go, in happy guardianship, To yonder church, La Ravissante: who debt To God and man undoubtedly will pay. 820

"Not of the world, your heroine!"

Do you know

825

830

I saw her yesterday—set eyes upon
The veritable personage, no dream?
I in the morning strolled this way, as oft,
And stood at entry of the avenue.
When, out from that first garden-gate, we gazed
Upon and through, a small procession swept—
Madame Miranda with attendants five.
First, of herself: she wore a soft and white
Engaging dress, with velvet stripes and squares
Severely black, yet scarce discouraging:
Fresh Paris-manufacture! (Vire's would do?
I doubt it, but confess my ignorance.)
Her figure? somewhat small and darlinglike.
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Her face? well, singularly colourless,
For first thing: which scarce suits a blonde, you know.

Pretty you would not call her: though perhaps
Attaining to the ends of prettiness
And somewhat more, suppose enough of soul.
Then she is forty full: you cannot judge
What beauty was her portion at eighteen,
The age she married at. So, colourless
I stick to, and if featureless I add,
Your notion grows completer: for, although
I noticed that her nose was aquiline,
The whole effect amounts with me to—blank!
I never saw what I could less describe.
The eyes, for instance, unforgettable
Which ought to be, are out of mind as sight.

Yet is there not conceivably a face. 850 A set of wax-like features, blank at first, Which, as you bendingly grow warm above, Begins to take impressment from your breath? Which, as your will itself were plastic here Nor needed exercise of handicraft, 855 From formless moulds itself to correspond With all you think and feel and are—in fine Grows a new revelation of yourself, Who know now for the first time what you want? Here has been something that could wait awhile, 860 Learn your requirement, nor take shape before, But, by adopting it, make palpable Your right to an importance of your own, Companions somehow were so slow to see! -Far delicater solace to conceit 865 Than should some absolute and final face, Fit representative of soul inside, Summon you to surrender—in no way

Your breath's impressment, nor, in stranger's guise, Yourself—or why of force to challenge you? 870 Why should your soul's reflection rule your soul? ("You" means not you, nor me, nor anyone Framed, for a reason I shall keep suppressed, To rather want a master than a slave: The slavish still aspires to dominate!) 875 So, all I say is, that the face, to me One blur of blank, might flash significance To who had seen his soul reflected there By that symmetric silvery phantom-like Figure, with other five processional. 880 The first, a black-dressed matron—maybe, maid— Mature, and dragonish of aspect, -marched; Then four came tripping in a joyous flock, Two giant goats and two prodigious sheep Pure as the arctic fox that suits the snow 885 Tripped, trotted, turned the march to merriment, But ambled at their mistress' heel—for why? A rod of guidance marked the Châtelaine, And ever and anon would sceptre wave, And silky subject leave meandering. 890 Nay, one great naked sheep-face stopped to ask Who was the stranger, snuffed inquisitive My hand that made acquaintance with its nose, Examined why the hand—of man at least— Patted so lightly, warmly, so like life! 895 Are they such silly natures after all? And thus accompanied, the paled-off space, Isleted shrubs and verdure, gained the group; Till, as I gave a furtive glance, and saw Her back-hair was a block of solid gold, 900 The gate shut out my harmless question—Hair So young and yellow, crowning sanctity, And claiming solitude . . . can hair be false?

"Shut in the hair and with it your last hope Yellow might on inspection pass for Red!— 905 Red, Red, where is the tinge of promised Red In this old tale of town and country life. This rise and progress of a family? First comes the bustling man of enterprise, The fortune-founding father, rightly rough, 910 As who must grub and grab, play pioneer. Then, with a light and airy step, succeeds The son, surveys the fabric of his sire And enters home, unsmirched from top to toe. Polish and education qualify 915 Their fortunate possessor to confine His occupancy to the first-floor suite Rather than keep exploring needlessly Where dwelt his sire content with cellarage: Industry bustles underneath, no doubt, 920 And supervisors should not sit too close. Next, rooms built, there 's the furniture to buy, And what adornment like a worthy wife? In comes she like some foreign cabinet, Purchased indeed, but purifying quick 925 What space receives it from all traffic-taint. She tells of other habits, palace-life; Royalty may have pried into those depths Of sandal-wooded drawer, and set a-creak That pygmy portal pranked with lazuli. 930 More fit by far the ignoble we replace By objects suited to such visitant Than that we desecrate her dignity By neighbourhood of vulgar table, chair, Which haply helped old age to smoke and doze. 935 The end is, an exchange of city-stir And too intrusive burgess-fellowship, For rural isolated elegance, Careless simplicity, how preferable!

There one may fairly throw behind one's back	940
The used-up worn-out Past, we want away,	
And make a fresh beginning of stale life.	
'In just the place'—does anyone object?—	
'Where aboriginal gentility	
Will scout the upstart, twit him with each trick	945
Of townish trade-mark that stamps word and deed,	
And most of all resent that here town-dross	
He daubs with money-colour to deceive!'	
Rashly objected! Is there not the Church	
To intercede and bring benefic truce	950
At outset? She it is shall equalize	,,,
The labourers i' the vineyard, last as first.	
Pay court to her, she stops impertinence.	
'Duke, once your sires crusaded it, we know:	
Our friend the newcomer observes, no less,	955
Your chapel, rich with their emblazonry,	933
Wants roofing—might he but supply the means!	
Marquise, you gave the honour of your name,	
Titular patronage, abundant will	
To what should be an Orphan Institute:	9 60
Gave everything but funds, in brief; and these,	,
Our friend, the lady newly resident,	
Proposes to contribute, by your leave!'	
Brothers and sisters lie they in thy lap,	
Thou none-excluding, all-collecting Church!	965
Sure, one has half a foot i' the hierarchy	J. J
Of birth, when 'Nay, my dear,' laughs out the	
Duke,	
'I'm the crown's cushion-carrier, but the crown—	
Who gave its central glory, I or you?'	
When Marquise jokes 'My quest, forsooth? Each	
doit	97 0
I scrape together goes for Peter-pence	
To purvey bread and water in his bonds	
For Peter's self imprisoned—Lord, how long?	
1 of 1 ctel 3 self imprisoned—Bord, now long :	

Yours, yours alone the bounty, dear my dame. You plumped the purse which, poured into the plate, or Made the Archbishop open brows so broad! And if you really mean to give that length Of lovely lace to edge the robe!'... Ah, friends. Gem better serves so than by calling crowd Round shop-front to admire the million's-worth! Lace gets more homage than from lorgnette-stare. And comment coarse to match, (should one display One's robe a trifle o'er the baignoire-edge,) Well may she line her slippers with the like, If minded so! their shop it was produced 985 That wonderful parure, the other day, Whereof the Baron said it beggared him.' And so the paired Mirandas built their house, Enjoyed their fortune, sighed for family, Found friends would serve their purpose quite as well. 990 And come, at need, from Paris—anyhow, With evident alacrity, from Vire— Endeavour at the chase, at least succeed In smoking, eating, drinking, laughing, and Preferring country, oh so much to town! 995 Thus lived the husband; though his wife would sigh In confidence, when Countesses were kind, 'Cut off from Paris and society!' White, White, I once more round you in the ears! Though you have marked it, in a corner, yours Henceforth,—Red-lettered 'Failure' very plain, I shall acknowledge, on the snowy hem Of ordinary Night-cap! Come, enough We have gone round its cotton vastitude, Or half-round, for the end 's consistent still, 1005 A cul-de-sac with stoppage at the sea. Here we return upon our steps. One look May bid good morning—properly good night—

To civic bliss, Miranda and his mate! Are we to rise and go?"

No. sit and stay! OIO Now comes my moment, with the thrilling throw Of curtain from each side a shrouded case. Don't the rings shriek an ominous "Ha! ha! So you take Human Nature upon trust?" List but with like trust to an incident 1015 Which speedily shall make quite Red enough Burn out of yonder spotless napery! Sit on the little mound here, whence you seize The whole of the gay front sun-satisfied, One laugh of colour and embellishment! 1020 Because it was there,—past those laurustines, On that smooth gravel-sweep 'twixt flowers and sward,--There tragic death befell; and not one grace Outspread before you but is registered In that sinistrous coil these last two years 1025 Were occupied in winding smooth again.

"True?" Well, at least it was concluded so, Sworn to be truth, allowed by Law as such (With my concurrence, if it matter here) A month ago: at Vire they tried the case.

1030

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Monsieur Léonce Miranda, then, . . . but stay! Permit me a preliminary word, And, after, all shall go so straight to end!

Have you, the travelled lady, found yourself Inside a ruin, fane or bath or cirque, Renowned in story, dear through youthful dream?

If not,—imagination serves as well. Try fancy-land, go back a thousand years, Or forward, half the number, and confront Some work of art gnawn hollow by Time's tooth, - 1040 Hellenic temple, Roman theatre, Gothic cathedral, Gallic Tuileries, But ruined, one and whichsoe'er you like. Obstructions choke what still remains intact, Yet proffer change that 's picturesque in turn; 1045 Since little life begins where great life ends, And vegetation soon amalgamates, Smooths novel shape from out the shapeless old, Till broken column, battered cornice block The centre with a bulk half weeds and flowers. 1050 Half relics you devoutly recognize. Devoutly recognizing, -hark, a voice Not to be disregarded! "Man worked here Once on a time; here needs again to work; Ruins obstruct, which man must remedy." 1055 Would you demur "Let Time fulfil his task, And, till the scythe-sweep find no obstacle, Let man be patient"?

The reply were prompt: "Glisteningly beneath the May-night moon, Herbage and floral coverture bedeck 1060 You splintered mass amidst the solitude: Wolves occupy the background, or some snake Glides by at distance; picturesque enough! Therefore, preserve it? Nay, pour daylight in,-The mound proves swarming with humanity. 1065 There never was a thorough solitude, Now you look nearer: mortal busy life First of all brought the crumblings down on pate, Which trip man's foot still, plague his passage much, And prove—what seems to you so picturesque 1070

To him is . . . but experiment yourself On how conducive to a happy home Will be the circumstance your bed for base Boasts tessellated pavement,—equally Affected by the scorpion for his nest,— 1075 While what o'erroofs bed is an architrave. Marble, and not unlikely to crush man To mummy, should its venerable prop. Some fig-tree-stump, play traitor underneath. Be wise! Decide! For conservation's sake, 1080 Clear the arena forthwith! lest the tread Of too-much-tried impatience trample out Solid and unsubstantial to one blank Mud-mixture, picturesque to nobody,— And, task done, quarrel with the parts intact 1085 Whence came the filtered fine dust, whence the crash Bides but its time to follow. Quick conclude Removal, time effects so tardily, Of what is plain obstruction; rubbish cleared, Let partial-ruin stand while ruin may, 1090 And serve world's use, since use is manifold. Repair wreck, stanchion wall to heart's content, But never think of renovation pure And simple, which involves creation too. Transform and welcome! You tall tower may 1095 help (Though built to be a belfry and nought else) Some Father Secchi to tick Venus off In transit: never bring there bell again, To damage him aloft, brain us below, When new vibrations bury both in brick!" 0011

Monsieur Léonce Miranda, furnishing The application at his cost, poor soul! Was instanced how,—because the world lay strewn

With ravage of opinions in his path, And neither he, nor any friendly wit, ΙΙος Knew and could teach him which was firm, which frail. In his adventure to walk straight through life The partial-ruin,—in such enterprise, He straggled into rubbish, struggled on, And stumbled out again observably. OIL "Yon buttress still can back me up," he judged: And at a touch down came both he and it. "A certain statue, I was warned against, Now, by good fortune, lies well under foot, And cannot tempt to folly any more:" 1115 So, lifting eye, aloft since safety lav, What did he light on? the Idalian shape, The undeposed, erectly Victrix still! "These steps ascend the labyrinthine stair Whence, darkling and on all-fours, out I stand 1120 Exalt and safe, and bid low earth adieu-For so instructs 'Advice to who would climb:" And all at once the climbing landed him —Where, is my story.

Take its moral first.

Have respect

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Do you advise a climber? Have respect To the poor head, with more or less of brains To spill, should breakage follow your advice! Head-break to him will be heart-break to you For having preached "Disturb no ruins here! Are not they crumbling of their own accord? Meantime, let poets, painters keep a prize! Beside, a sage pedestrian picks his way." A sage pedestrian—such as you and I! What if there trip, in merry carelessness, And come to grief, a weak and foolish child? Be cautious how you counsel climbing, then!

Are you adventurous and climb yourself?
Plant the foot warily, accept a staff,
Stamp only where you probe the standing-point,
Move forward, well assured that move you may:
Where you mistrust advance, stop short, there
stick!

This makes advancing slow and difficult?
Hear what comes of the endeavour of brisk youth
To foot it fast and easy! Keep this same
Notion of outside mound and inside mash,
Towers yet intact round turfy rottenness,
Symbolic partial-ravage,—keep in mind!
Here fortune placed his feet who first of all
Found no incumbrance, till head found . . . But
hear!

This son and heir then of the jeweller, 1150 Monsieur Léonce Miranda, at his birth, Mixed the Castilian passionate blind blood With answerable gush, his mother's gift, Of spirit, French and critical and cold. Such mixture makes a battle in the brain, 1155 Ending as faith or doubt gets uppermost; Then will has way a moment, but no more: So nicely-balanced are the adverse strengths, That victory entails reverse next time. The tactics of the two are different 1160 And equalize the odds: for blood comes first, Surrounding life with undisputed faith. But presently, a new antagonist, By scarce-suspected passage in the dark, Steals spirit, fingers at each crevice found 1165 Athwart faith's stronghold, fronts the astonished man:

"Such pains to keep me far, yet here stand I, Your doubt inside the faith-defence of you!"

With faith it was friends bulwarked him about From infancy to boyhood; so, by youth, 1170 He stood impenetrably circuited, Heaven-high and low as hell: what lacked he thus. Guarded against aggression, storm or sap? What foe would dare approach? Historic Doubt? Av, were there some half-knowledge to attack! 1175 Batter doubt's best, sheer ignorance will beat. Acumen metaphysic?—drills its way Through what, I wonder! A thick feather-bed Of thoughtlessness, no operating tool— Framed to transpierce the flint-stone—fumbles at, 1180 With chance of finding an impediment! This Ravissante, now: when he saw the church For the first time, and to his dying-day, His firm belief was that the name fell fit From the Delivering Virgin, niched and known; 1185 As if there wanted records to attest The appellation was a pleasantry, A pious rendering of Rare Vissante, The proper name which erst our province bore. He would have told you that Saint Aldabert 1190 Founded the church, (Heaven early favoured France.) About the second century from Christ; Though the true man was Bishop of Raimbaux, Eleventh in succession, Eldobert, Who flourished after some six hundred years. 1195 He it was brought the image "from afar," (Made out of stone the place produces still) "Infantine Art divinely artless," (Art In the decrepitude of Decadence,) And set it up a-working miracles 1200 Until the Northmen's fury laid it low, Not long, however: an egregious sheep, Zealous with scratching hoof and routing horn,

Unearthed the image in good Mailleville's time, Count of the country. "If the tale be false, 1205 Why stands it carved above the portal plain?" Monsieur Léonce Miranda used to ask. To Londres went the prize in solemn pomp, But, liking old abode and loathing new, Was borne—this time, by angels—back again. 1210 And, reinaugurated, miracle Succeeded miracle, a lengthy list, Until indeed the culmination came— Archbishop Chaumont prayed a prayer and vowed A vow—gained prayer and paid vow properly— For the conversion of Prince Vertgalant. These facts, sucked in along with mother's-milk, Monsieur Léonce Miranda would dispute As soon as that his hands were flesh and bone, Milk-nourished two-and-twenty years before. 1220 So fortified by blind Castilian blood, What say you to the chances of French cold Critical spirit, should Voltaire besiege "Alp, Apennine, and fortified redoubt"? Ay, would such spirit please to play faith's game Faith's way, attack where faith defends so well! But then it shifts, tries other strategy. Coldness grows warmth, the critical becomes Unquestioning acceptance. "Share and share Alike in facts, to truth add other truth! 1230 Why with old truth needs new truth disagree?"

Thus doubt was found invading faith, this time, By help of not the spirit but the flesh: Fat Rabelais chuckled, where faith lay in wait For lean Voltaire's grimace—French, either foe. Accordingly, while round about our friend Ran faith without a break which learned eye Could find at two-and-twenty years of age,

1235

The twenty-two-years-old frank footstep soon Assured itself there spread a standing-space 1240 Flowery and comfortable, nowise rock Norpebble-pavement roughed for champion's tread Who scorns discomfort, pacing at his post. Tall, long-limbed, shoulder right and shoulder left. And 'twixt acromia such a latitude, 1245 Black heaps of hair on head, and blacker bush O'er-rioting chin, cheek and throat and chest,— His brown meridional temperament Told him—or rather pricked into his sense Plainer than language—"Pleasant station here! Youth, strength, and lustihood can sleep on turf Yet pace the stony platform afterward: First signal of a foe and up they start! Saint Eldobert, at all such vanity, Nay-sinfulness, had shaken head austere. 1255 Had he? But did Prince Vertgalant? And yet, After how long a slumber, of what sort, Was it, he stretched octogenary joints And, nigh on Day-of-Judgment trumpet-blast, Jumped up and manned wall, brisk as any bee?" 1260

Nor Rabelais nor Voltaire, but Sganarelle,
You comprehend, was pushing through the chink!
That stager in the saint's correct costume,
Who ever has his speech in readiness
For thickhead juvenility at fault:
"Go pace yon platform and play sentine!!
You won't? The worse! but still a worse might hap.
Stay then, provided that you keep in sight
The battlement, one bold leap lands you by!
Resolve not desperately 'Wall or turf,
Choose this, choose that, but no alternative!'
No! Earth left once were left for good and all:
'With Heaven you may accommodate yourself.'"

Saint Eldobert—I much approve his mode; With sinner Vertgalant I sympathize; 1275 But histrionic Sganarelle, who prompts While pulling back, refuses yet concedes,-Whether he preach in chair, or print in book, Or whisper due sustainment to weak flesh, Counting his sham beads threaded on a lie-1280 Surely, one should bid pack that mountebank! Surely, he must have momentary fits Of self-sufficient stage-forgetfulness, Escapings of the actor-lassitude When he allows the grace to show the grin, 1285 Which ought to let even thickheads recognize (Through all the busy and benefic part,— Bridge-building, or rock-riving, or good clean Transport of church and congregation both From this to that place with no harm at all,) 1290 The Devil, that old stager, at his trick Of general utility, who leads Downward, perhaps, but fiddles all the way!

Therefore, no sooner does our candidate For saintship spotlessly emerge soul-cleansed 1295 From First Communion to mount guard at post, Paris-proof, top to toe, than up there starts The Spirit of the Boulevard—you know Who— With jocund "So, a structure fixed as fate. Faith's tower joins on to tower, no ring more round, 1300 Full fifty years at distance, too, from youth! Once reach that precinct and there fight your best, As looking back you wonder what has come Of daisy-dappled turf you danced across! Few flowers that played with youth shall pester age, 1305 However age esteem the courtesy; And Eldobert was something past his prime, Stocked Caen with churches ere he tried hand here.

Saint-Sauveur, Notre-Dame, Saint-Pierre, Saint-Iean Attest his handiwork commenced betimes. 1310 He probably would preach that turf is mud. Suppose it mud, through mud one picks a way,

And when, clay-clogged, the struggler steps to stone,

1315

1330

He uncakes shoe, arrives in manlier guise Than carried pick-a-back by Eldobert Big-baby-fashion, lest his leathers leak! All that parade about Prince Vertgalant Amounts to-your Castilian helps enough-Inveni ovem quæ perierat:

But ask the pretty votive statue-thing 1320 What the lost sheep's meantime amusements were Till the Archbishop found him! That stays blank: They washed the fleece well and forgot the rest. Make haste, since time flies, to determine, though!"

Thus opportunely took up parable,— 1325 Admonishing Miranda just emerged Pure from The Ravissante and Paris-proof,— Saint Sganarelle: then slipped aside, changed mask,

And made re-entry as a gentleman Born of the Boulevard, with another speech I spare you.

So, the year or two revolved, And ever the young man was dutiful To altar and to hearth: had confidence In the whole Ravissantish history. Voltaire? Who ought to know so much of him,— 1335 Old sciolist, whom only boys think sage,— As one whose father's house upon the Quai Neighboured the very house where that Voltaire

Died mad and raving, not without a burst Of squibs and crackers too significant? Father and mother hailed their best of sons, Type of obedience, domesticity,	1340
Never such an example inside doors! Outside, as well not keep too close a watch; Youth must be left to some discretion there. And what discretion proved, I find deposed At Vire, confirmed by his own words: to wit,	1345
How, with the sprightliness of twenty-five, Five—and not twenty, for he gave their names	
With laudable precision—were the few	1350
Appointed by him unto mistress-ship; While, meritoriously the whole long week	
A votary of commerce only, week	
Ended, "at shut of shop on Saturday, Do I, as is my wont, get drunk," he writes	T255
In airy record to a confident.	1355
"Bragging and lies!" replied the apologist:	
"And do I lose by that?" laughed Somebody	
At the Court-edge a-tiptoe, mid the crowd,	
In his own clothes, a-listening to men's Law.	1 36 0
Thus while, prospectively a combatant,	
The volunteer bent brows, clenched jaws, and fierce	
Whistled the march-tune "Warrior to the wall!"	
Something like flowery laughters round his feet	
Tangled him of a sudden with "Sleep first!"	1365
And fairly flat upon the turf sprawled he	
And let strange creatures make his mouth their home.	
Anyhow, 't is the nature of the soul	

To seek a show of durability,

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Nor, changing, plainly be the slave of change. Outside the turf, the towers: but, round the turf,

321

X

A tent may rise, a temporary shroud,
Mock-faith to suit a mimic dwelling-place:
Tent which, while screening jollity inside
From the external circuit—evermore
A menace to who lags when he should march—
Yet stands a-tremble, ready to collapse
At touch of foot: turf is acknowledged grass,
And grass, though pillowy, held contemptible
Compared with solid rock, the rampired ridge.
To truth a pretty homage thus we pay
By testifying—what we dally with,
Falsehood, (which, never fear we take for truth!)
We may enjoy, but then—how we despise!

Accordingly, on weighty business bound, 1385 Monsieur Léonce Miranda stooped to play, But, with experience, soon reduced the game To principles, and thenceforth played by rule: Rule, dignifying sport as sport, proclaimed No less that sport was sport and nothing more. 1390 He understood the worth of womankind,— To furnish man—provisionally—sport: Sport transitive—such earth's amusements are: But, seeing that amusements pall by use, Variety therein is requisite. 1395 And since the serious work of life were wronged Should we bestow importance on our play, It follows, in such womankind-pursuit, Cheating is lawful chase. We have to spend An hour—they want a lifetime thrown away: 1400 We seek to tickle sense—they ask for soul, As if soul had no higher ends to serve! A stag-hunt gives the royal creature law: Bat-fowling is all fair with birds at roost, The lantern and the clapnet suit the hedge. 1405 Which must explain why, bent on Boulevard game,

Monsieur Léonce Miranda decently
Was prudent in his pleasure—passed himself
Off on the fragile fair about his path
As the gay devil rich in mere good looks,
Youth, hope—what matter though the purse be
void?

"If I were only young Miranda, now,
Instead of a poor clerkly drudge at desk
All day, poor artist vainly bruising brush
On palette, poor musician scraping gut
With horsehair teased that no harmonics come!
Then would I love with liberality,
Then would I pay!—who now shall be repaid,
Repaid alike for present pain and past,
If Mademoiselle permit the contre-danse,
Sing 'Gay in garret youth at twenty lives,'
And afterward accept a lemonade!"

Such sweet facilities of intercourse
Afford the Winter-Garden and Mabille!

"Oh, I unite"—runs on the confidence,
Poor fellow, that was read in open Court,
—"Amusement with discretion: never fear
My escapades cost more than market-price!
No durably-attached Miranda-dupe,
Sucked dry of substance by two clinging lips,
Promising marriage, and performing it!
Trust me, I know the world, and know myself,
And know where duty takes me—in good time!"

1435

Thus fortified and realistic, then,
At all points thus against illusion armed,
He wisely did New Year inaugurate
By playing truant to the favoured five:
And sat installed at "The Varieties,"—
Playhouse appropriately named,—to note

(Prying amid the turf that 's flowery there) 1440 What primrose, firstling of the year, might push The snows aside to deck his button-hole— Unnoticed by that outline sad, severe. (Though fifty good long years removed from youth) That tower and tower,—our image, bear in mind! 1445 No sooner was he seated than, behold, Out burst a polyanthus! He was 'ware Of a young woman niched in neighbourhood; And ere one moment flitted, fast was he Found captive to the beauty evermore, 1450 For life, for death, for heaven, for hell, her own. Philosophy, bewail thy fate! Adieu, Youth realistic and illusion-proof! Monsieur Léonce Miranda,—hero late Who "understood the worth of womankind," 1455 "Who found therein-provisionally-sport,"-Felt, in the flitting of a moment, fool Was he, and folly all that seemed so wise, And the best proof of wisdom's birth would be That he made all endeavour, body, soul, 1460 By any means, at any sacrifice Of labour, wealth, repute, and (-well, the time For choosing between heaven on earth, and heaven In heaven, was not at hand immediately—) Made all endeavour, without loss incurred 1465 Of one least minute, to obtain her love. "Sport transitive?" "Variety required?" "In loving were a lifetime thrown away?" How singularly may young men mistake!

Monsieur Léonce Miranda ate her up With eye-devouring; when the unconscious fair Passed from the close-packed hall, he pressed behind;

1470

The fault must be repaired with energy.

She mounted vehicle, he did the same,
Coach stopped, and cab fast followed, at one door—
Good house in unexceptionable street.
Out stepped the lady,—never think, alone!
A mother was not wanting to the maid,
Or, may be, wife, or widow, might one say?
Out stepped and properly down flung himself
Monsieur Léonce Miranda at her feet—
And never left them after, so to speak,
For twenty years, till his last hour of life,
When he released them, as precipitate.
Love proffered and accepted then and there!

1485
Such potency in word and look has truth.

Truth I say, truth I mean: this love was true, And the rest happened by due consequence. By which we are to learn that there exists A falsish false, for truth 's inside the same, 1490 And truth that 's only half true, falsish truth. The better for both parties! folk may taunt That half your rock-built wall is rubble-heap: Answer them, half their flowery turf is stones! Our friend had hitherto been decking coat 1495 If not with stones, with weeds that stones befit, With dandelions-"primrose-buds," smirked he; This proved a polyanthus on his breast, Prize-lawful or prize-lawless, flower the same. So with his other instance of mistake: I 500 Was Christianity the Ravissante?

And what a flower of flowers he chanced on now! To primrose, polyanthus I prefer As illustration, from the fancy-fact That out of simple came the composite By culture: that the florist bedded thick His primrose-root in ruddle, bullock's blood,

I 505

Ochre and devils'-dung, for aught I know, Until the pale and pure grew fiery-fine, Ruby and topaz, rightly named anew. This lady was no product of the plain;	1510
Social manure had raised a rarity. Clara de Millefleurs (note the happy name) Blazed in the full-blown glory of her Spring. Peerlessly perfect, form and face: for both— "Imagine what, at seventeen, may have proved Miss Pages, the actress: Pages herself, my dear!"	1515
"The apartment in this Coliseum Street, Furnished, my dear, with such an elegance, Testifies wealth, my dear, sufficiently! What quality, what style and title, eh?	1520
Well now, waive nonsense, you and I are boys No longer: somewhere must a screw be slack! Don't fancy, Duchesses descend at door From carriage-step to stranger prostrate stretched, And bid him take heart, and deliver mind,	1525
However broad his chest and black his beard, And comely his belongings,—all through love Protested in a world of ways save one Hinting at marriage!"—marriage which yet means Only the obvious method, easiest help	1530
To satisfaction of love's first demand, That love endure eternally: "my dear, Somewhere or other must a screw be slack!"	1535

Truth is the proper policy: from truth—
Whate'er the force wherewith you fling your speech,—
Be sure that speech will lift you, by rebound,

Somewhere above the lowness of a lie!

Monsieur Léonce Miranda heard too true

1540

A tale—perhaps I may subjoin, too trite!
As the meek martyr takes her statued stand
Above our pity, claims our worship just
Because of what she puts in evidence,
Signal of suffering, badge of torture borne
In days gone by, shame then but glory now,
Barb, in the breast, turned aureole for the front!
So, half timidity, composure half,
Clara de Millefleurs told her martyrdom.

Of poor though noble parentage, deprived
Too early of a father's guardianship,
What wonder if the prodigality
Of nature in the girl, whose mental gifts
Matched her external dowry, form and face—
If these suggested a too prompt resource
To the resourceless mother? "Try the Stage
And so escape starvation! Prejudice
Defames Mimetic Art: be yours to prove
That gold and dross may meet and never mix,
Purity plunge in pitch yet soil no plume!"

All was prepared in London—(you conceive The natural shrinking from publicity In Paris, where the name excites remark) London was ready for the grand début; 1565 When some perverse ill-fortune, incident To art mimetic, some malicious thrust Of Jealousy who sidles 'twixt the scenes Or pops up sudden from the prompter's hole,— Somehow the brilliant bubble burst in suds. 1570 Want followed: in a foreign land, the pair! O hurry over the catastrophe— Mother too sorely tempted, daughter tried Scarcely so much as circumvented, say! Caged unsuspecting artless innocence! 1575

Monsieur Léonce Miranda tell the rest!—	
The rather that he told it in a style	
To puzzle Court Guide students, much more me.	
"Brief, she became the favourite of Lord N.,	
An aged but illustrious Duke, thereby	1580
Breaking the heart of his competitor	1300
The Prince of O. Behold her palaced straight	
In splendour, clothed in diamonds" (phrase how	
fit!),	
"Giving tone to the City by the Thames!	
Lord N., the aged but illustrious Duke,	T=0.
Was even on the point of wedding her,	1585
Giving his name to her" (why not to us?)	
"But that her better angel interposed.	
She fled from such a fate to Paris back,	
A fortnight since: conceive Lord N.'s despair!	1590
Duke as he is, there 's no invading France.	-390
He must restrict pursuit to postal plague	
Of writing letters daily, duly read	
As darlingly she hands them to myself,	
The privileged supplanter, who therewith	1595
Light a cigar and see abundant blue"—	000
(Either of heaven or else Havanna-smoke.)	
"Think! she, who helped herself to diamonds late,	
In passion of disinterestedness	
Now—will accept no tribute of my love	1600
Beyond a paltry ring, three Louis'-worth!	
Little she knows I have the rummaging	
Of old Papa's shop in the Place Vendôme!"	
So wrote entrancedly to confidant	
Monsieur Léonce Miranda. Surely now,	1605
If Heaven, that sees all, understands no less,	
It finds temptation pardonable here,	
It mitigates the promised punishment,	
It recognizes that to tarry just	
An April hour amid such dainty turf	1610

Means no rebellion against task imposed Of journey to the distant wall one day? Monsieur Léonce Miranda puts the case! Love, he is purposed to renounce, abjure; But meanwhile, is the case a common one? 1615 Is it the vulgar sin, none hates as he? Which question, put directly to "his dear" (His brother—I will tell you in a trice) Was doubtless meant, by due meandering, To reach, to fall not unobserved before 1620 The auditory cavern 'neath the cope Of Her, the placable, the Ravissante. But here 's the drawback, that the image smiles, Smiles on, smiles ever, says to supplicant "Ay, ay, ay"—like some kindly weathercock 1625 Which, stuck fast at Set Fair, Favonian Breeze, Still warrants you from rain, though Auster's lead Bring down the sky above your cloakless mirth. Had he proposed this question to, nor "dear" Nor Ravissante, but prompt to the Police, 1630 The Commissary of his Quarter, now-There had been shaggy eyebrows elevate With twinkling apprehension in each orb Beneath, and when the sudden shut of mouth Relaxed,—lip pressing lip, lest out should plump 1635 The pride of knowledge in too frank a flow,— Then, fact on fact forthcoming, dose were dealt Of truth remedial in sufficiency To save a chicken threatened with the pip, Head-staggers and a tumble from its perch. 1640

Alack, it was the lady's self that made
The revelation, after certain days
—Nor so unwisely! As the haschisch-man
Prepares a novice to receive his drug,
Adroitly hides the soil with sudden spread

1645

Of carpet ere he seats his customer:
Then shows him how to smoke himself about
With Paradise; and only when, at puff
Of pipe, the Houri dances round the brain
Of dreamer, does he judge no need is now
For circumspection and punctiliousness;
He may resume the serviceable scrap
That made the votary unaware of muck.
Just thus the lady, when her brewage—love—
Was well a-fume about the novice-brain,
Saw she might boldly pluck from underneath
Her lover the preliminary lie.

16

Clara de Millefleurs, of the noble race, Was Lucie Steiner, child to Dominique And Magdalen Commercy; born at Sierck, 166 About the bottom of the Social Couch. The father having come and gone again, The mother and the daughter found their way To Paris, and professed mode-merchandize, Were milliners, we English roughlier say; 166 And soon a fellow-lodger in the house, Monsieur Ulysse Muhlhausen, young and smart, Tailor by trade, perceived his housemate's youth, Smartness, and beauty over and above. Courtship was brief, and marriage followed quick, 1670 And quicklier—impecuniosity. The young pair quitted Paris to reside At London: which repaid the compliment But scurvily, since not a whit the more Trade prospered by the Thames than by the Seine. 1675 Failing all other, as a last resource, "He would have trafficked in his wife,"—she said. If for that cause they quarrelled, 't was, I fear, Rather from reclamation of her rights To wifely independence, than as wronged 1686

Otherwise by the course of life proposed: Since, on escape to Paris back again From horror and the husband, -ill-exchanged For safe maternal home recovered thus,— I find her domiciled and dominant 1685 In that apartment, Coliseum Street, Where all the splendid magic met and mazed Monsieur Léonce Miranda's venturous eye. Only, the same was furnished at the cost Of someone notable in days long since, (Gger Carlino Centofanti: he it was Found entertaining unawares—if not An angel, yet a youth in search of one. Why this revealment after reticence? Wherefore, beginning "Millefleurs," end at all 1695 Steiner, Muhlhausen, and the ugly rest? Because the unsocial purse-comptrolling wight, Carlino Centofanti,—made aware By misadventure that his bounty, crumbs From table, comforted a visitant,— 1700 Took churlish leave, and left, too, debts to pay. Loaded with debts, the lady needs must bring Her soul to bear assistance from a friend Beside that paltry ring, three Louis'-worth; And therefore might the little circumstance 1705 That Monsieur Léonce had the rummaging Of old Papa's shop in the Place Vendôme Pass, perhaps, not so unobservably.

Frail shadow of a woman in the flesh,
These very eyes of mine saw yesterday,
Would I re-tell this story of your woes,
Would I have heart to do you detriment
By pinning all this shame and sorrow plain
To that poor chignon,—staying with me still,
Though form and face have well-nigh faded now,—
1715

But that men read it, rough in brutal print, As two years since some functionary's voice Rattled all this-and more by very much-Into the ear of vulgar Court and crowd? Whence, by reverberation, rumblings grew 1720 To what had proved a week-long roar in France. Had not the dreadful cannonry drowned all. Was, now, the answer of your advocate More than just this? "The shame fell long ago, The sorrow keeps increasing: God forbid 1725 We judge man by the faults of youth in age!" Permit me the expression of a hope Your youth proceeded like your avenue, Stepping by bush, and tree, and taller tree, Until, columnar, at the house they end. 1730 So might your creeping youth columnar rise And reach, by year and year, symmetrical, Towhere all shade stops short, shade's servicedone. Bushes on either side, and boughs above, Darken, deform the path else sun would streak: And, cornered half-way somewhere, I suspect Stagnation and a horse-pond: hurry past! For here's the house, the happy half-and-half Existence—such as stands for happiness True and entire, howe'er the squeamish talk! 1740 Twenty years long, you may have loved this man; He must have loved you; that 's a pleasant life, Whatever was your right to lead the same. The white domestic pigeon pairs secure, Nay, does mere duty by bestowing egg 1745 In authorized compartment, warm and safe, Boarding about, and gilded spire above, Hoisted on pole, to dogs' and cats' despair! But I have spied a veriest trap of twigs On tree-top, every straw a thievery, 1750 Where the wild dove—despite the fowler's snare,

The sportsman's shot, the urchin's stone,—crooned gay, And solely gave her heart to what she hatched, Nor minded a malignant world below. I throw first stone forsooth? 'T is mere assault 1755 Of playful sugarplum against your cheek, Which, if it makes cheek tingle, wipes off rouge! You, my worst woman? Ah, that touches pride, Puts on his mettle the exhibitor Of Night-caps, if you taunt him "This, no doubt,— 1760 Now we have got to Female-garniture,— Crowns your collection, Reddest of the row!" O unimaginative ignorance Of what dye's depth keeps best apart from worst In womankind!—how heaven's own pure may seem 1765 To blush aurorally beside such blanched Divineness as the women-wreaths named White: While hell, eruptive and fuliginous. Sickens to very pallor as I point Her place to a Red clout called woman too! 1770 Hail, heads that ever had such glory once Touch you a moment, like God's cloven tongues Of fire! your lambent aureoles lost may leave You marked yet, dear beyond true diadems: And hold, each foot, nor spurn, to man's disgrace, 1775 What other twist of fetid rag may fall! Let slink into the sewer the cupping-cloth!

Lucie, much solaced, I re-finger you,
The medium article; if ruddy-marked
With iron-mould, your cambric,—clean at least
From poison-speck of rot and purulence.
Lucie Muhlhausen said—"Such thing am I:
Love me, or love me not!" Miranda said
"I do love, more than ever, most for this."
The revelation of the very truth

Proved the concluding necessary shake Which bids the tardy mixture crystallize Or else stay ever liquid: shoot up shaft. Durably diamond, or evaporate— Sluggish solution through a minute's slip. 1790 Monsieur Léonce Miranda took his soul In both his hands, as if it were a vase, To see what came of the convulsion there, And found, amid subsidence, love new-born So sparklingly resplendent, old was new. 1795 "Whatever be my lady's present, past, Or future, this is certain of my soul, I love her: in despite of all I know, Defiance of the much I have to fear, I venture happiness on what I hope, 1800 And love her from this day for evermore: No prejudice to old profound respect For certain Powers! I trust they bear in mind A most peculiar case, and straighten out What 's crooked there, before we close accounts. Renounce the world for them—some day I will: Meantime, to me let her become the world!"

Thus mutely might our friend soliloquize
Over the tradesmen's bills, his Clara's gift—
In the apartment, Coliseum Street,
Carlino Centofanti's legacy,
Provided rent and taxes were discharged—
In face of Steiner now, De Millefleurs once,
The tailor's wife and runaway confessed.

1810

1815

On such a lady if election light, (According to a social prejudice)
If henceforth "all the world" she constitute
For any lover,—needs must he renounce
Our world in ordinary, walked about

By couples loving as its laws prescribe,—
Renunciation sometimes difficult.
But, in this instance, time and place and thing
Combined to simplify experiment,
And make Miranda, in the current phrase,
Master the situation passably.

For first facility, his brother died—
Who was, I should have told you, confidant,
Adviser, referee and substitute,
All from a distance: but I knew how soon
This younger brother, lost in Portugal,
Had to depart and leave our friend at large.
Cut off abruptly from companionship
With brother-soul of bulk about as big,
(Obvious recipient—by intelligence
And sympathy, poor little pair of souls—
Of much affection and some foolishness)
Monsieur Léonce Miranda, meant to lean
By nature, needs must shift the leaning-place
To his love's bosom from his brother's neck,
Or fall flat unrelieved of freight sublime.

Next died the lord of the Aladdin's cave,
Master o' the mint and keeper of the keys
Of chests chokeful with gold and silver changed
By Art to forms where wealth forgot itself,
And caskets where reposed each pullet-egg
Of diamond, slipping flame from fifty slants.
In short, the father of the family
Took his departure also from our scene,
Leaving a fat succession to his heir
Monsieur Léonce Miranda,—"fortunate
If ever man was, in a father's death,"
(So commented the world,—not he, too kind,
Could that be, rather than scarce kind enough)

Indisputably fortunate so far,
That little of incumbrance in his path,
Which money kicks aside, would lie there long.

And finally, a rough but wholesome shock, An accident which comes to kill or cure. A jerk which mends a dislocated joint! Such happy chance, at cost of twinge, no doubt. Into the socket back again put truth, And stopped the limb from longer dragging lie. For love suggested "Better shamble on, And bear your lameness with what grace you may!" And but for this rude wholesome accident, 186ς Continuance of disguise and subterfuge, Retention of first falsehood as to name And nature in the lady, might have proved Too necessary for abandonment. Monsieur Léonce Miranda probably 1870 Had else been loath to cast the mask aside, So politic, so self-preservative, Therefore so pardonable—though so wrong! For see the bugbear in the background! Breathe But ugly name, and wind is sure to waft 1875 The husband news of the wife's whereabout: From where he lies perdue in London town, Forth steps the needy tailor on the stage, Deity-like from dusk machine of fog, And claims his consort, or his consort's worth T880 In rubies which her price is far above. Hard to propitiate, harder to oppose,— Who but the man's self came to banish fear, A pleasant apparition, such as shocks A moment, tells a tale, then goes for good! 1885

Monsieur Ulysse Muhlhausen proved no less Nor more than "Gustave," lodging opposite

Monsieur Léonce Miranda's diamond-cave And ruby-mine, and lacking little thence Save that its gnome would keep the captive safe, 1890 Never return his Clara to his arms. For why? He was become the man in vogue, The indispensable to who went clothed Nor cared encounter Paris-fashion's blame.— Such miracle could London absence work. 1895 Rolling in riches—so translate "the vogue"— Rather his object was to keep off claw Should griffin scent the gold, should wife lay claim To lawful portion at a future day, Than tempt his partner from her private spoils. 1900 Best forage each for each, nor coupled hunt!

Pursuantly, one morning,—knock at door With knuckle, dry authoritative cough, And easy stamp of foot, broke startlingly On household slumber, Coliseum Street: 1905 "Admittance in the name of Law!" In marched The Commissary and subordinate. One glance sufficed them. "A marital pair: We certify, and bid good morning, sir! Madame, a thousand pardons!" Whereupon 1910 Monsieur Ulysse Muhlhausen, otherwise Called "Gustave" for conveniency of trade, Deposing in due form complaint of wrong, Made his demand of remedy—divorce From bed, board, share of name, and part in goods. 1915 Monsieur Léonce Miranda owned his fault. Protested his pure ignorance, from first To last, of rights infringed in "Gustave's" case: Submitted him to judgment. Law decreed "Body and goods be henceforth separate!" 1920 And thereupon each party took its way, This right, this left, rejoicing, to abide VOL. VII Y 337

Estranged yet amicable, opposites
In life as in respective dwelling-place.
Still does one read on his establishment
Huge-lettered "Gustave,"—gold out-glittering
"Miranda, goldsmith," just across the street—
"A first-rate hand at riding-habits"—say
The instructed—"special cut of chamber-robes."

1925

Thus by a rude in seeming—rightlier judged
Beneficent surprise, publicity
Stopped further fear and trembling, and what tale
Cowardice thinks a covert: one bold splash
Into the mid-shame, and the shiver ends,
Though cramp and drowning may begin perhaps. 1935

To cite just one more point which crowned success: Madame, Miranda's mother, most of all An obstacle to his projected life In licence, as a daughter of the Church, Duteous, exemplary, severe by right— 1940 Moreover one most thoroughly beloved Without a rival till the other sort Possessed her son,—first storm of anger spent, She seemed, though grumblingly and grudgingly, To let be what needs must be, acquiesce. 1945 "With Heaven-accommodation possible!" Saint Sganarelle had preached with such effect, She saw now mitigating circumstance. "The erring one was most unfortunate, No question: but worse Magdalens repent. 1950 Were Clara free, did only Law allow, What fitter choice in marriage could have made Léonce or anybody?" 'T is alleged And evidenced, I find, by advocate "Never did she consider such a tie 1955 As baleful, springe to snap whate'er the cost."

And when the couple were in safety once
At Clairvaux, motherly, considerate,
She shrank not from advice. "Since safe you be,
Safely abide! for winter, I know well,
Is troublesome in a cold country-house.
I recommend the south room, that we styled,
Your sire and I, the winter-chamber."

Chance

1965

1970

1980

1985

Or purpose,—who can read the mystery?—Combined, I say, to bid "Entrench yourself, Monsieur Léonce Miranda, on this turf, About this flower, so firmly that, as tent Rises on every side around you both, The question shall become,—Which arrogates Stability, this tent or those far towers? May not the temporary structure suit The stable circuit, co-exist in peace?—Always until the proper time, no fear! 'Lay flat your tent!' is easier said than done."

So, with the best of auspices, betook
Themselves Léonce Miranda and his bride—
Provisionary—to their Clairvaux house,
Never to leave it—till the proper time.

I told you what was Clairvaux-Priory
Ere the improper time: an old demesne
With memories,—relic half, and ruin whole,—
The very place, then, to repair the wits
Worn out with Paris-traffic, when its lord,
Miranda's father, took his month of ease
Purchased by industry. What contrast here!
Repose, and solitude, and healthy ways.
That ticking at the back of head, he took
For motion of an inmate, stopped at once,

Proved nothing but the pavement's rattle left Behind at Paris: here was holiday. 1000 Welcome the quaint succeeding to the spruce, The large and lumbersome and—might he breathe In whisper to his own ear-dignified And gentry-fashioned old-style haunts of sleep! Palatial gloomy chambers for parade, 1995 And passage-lengths of lost significance, Never constructed as receptacle, At his odd hours, for him their actual lord By dint of diamond-dealing, goldsmithry. Therefore Miranda's father chopped and changed 2000 Nor roof-tile nor yet floor-brick, undismayed By rains a-top or rats at bottom there. Such contrast is so piquant for a month! But now arrived quite other occupants Whose cry was "Permanency,—life and death Here, here, not elsewhere, change is all we dread!" Their dwelling-place must be adapted, then, To inmates, no mere truants from the town. No temporary sojourners, forsooth, At Clairvaux: change it into Paradise! 2010

Fair friend,—who listen and let talk, alas!—You would, in even such a state of things, Pronounce,—or am I wrong?—for bidding stay The old-world inconvenience, fresh as found. All folk of individuality Prefer to be reminded now and then, Though at the cost of vulgar cosiness, That the shell-outside only harbours man The vital and progressive, meant to build, When build he may, with quite a difference, Some time, in that far land we dream about, Where every man is his own architect. But then the couple here in question, each

2015

2020

At one in project for a happy life,	
Were by no acceptation of the word	2025
So individual that they must aspire	
To architecture all-appropriate	
And, therefore, in this world impossible:	
They needed house to suit the circumstance,	
Proprietors, not tenants for a term.	2030
Despite a certain marking, here and there,	
Of fleecy black or white distinguishment,	
These vulgar sheep wore the flock's uniform.	
They love the country, they renounce the town?	
They gave a kick, as our Italians say,	2035
To Paris ere it turned and kicked themselves!	
Acquaintances might prove too hard to seek,	
Or the reverse of hard to find, perchance,	
Since Monsieur Gustave's apparition there.	
And let me call remark upon the list	2040
Of notabilities invoked, in Court	
At Vire, to witness, by their phrases culled	
From correspondence, what was the esteem	
Of those we pay respect to, for "the pair	
Whereof they knew the inner life," 't is said.	2045
Three, and three only, answered the appeal.	
First, Monsieur Vaillant, music-publisher,	
"Begs Madame will accept civilities."	
Next, Alexandre Dumas,—sire, not son,—	
"Sends compliments to Madame and to you."	2050
And last—but now prepare for England's voice!	
I will not mar nor make—here's word for word—	
"A rich proprietor of Paris, he	
To whom belonged that beauteous Bagatelle	2055
Close to the wood of Boulogne, Hertford hight,	2055
Assures of homages and compliments	
Affectionate"—not now Miranda but "Madame Muhlhausen." (Was this friend, the	
Duke	

Redoubtable in rivalry before?)
Such was the evidence when evidence
Was wanted, then if ever, to the worth
Whereat acquaintances in Paris prized
Monsieur Léonce Miranda's household charm.
No wonder, then, his impulse was to live,
In Norman solitude, the Paris life:
Surround himself with Art transported thence,
And nature like those famed Elysian Fields:
Then, warm up the right colour out of both,
By Boulevard friendships tempted to come taste
How Paris lived again in little there.

Monsieur Léonce Miranda practised Art. Do let a man for once live as man likes! Politics? Spend your life, to spare the world's: Improve each unit by some particle Of joy the more, deteriorate the orb 2075 Entire, your own: poor profit, dismal loss! Write books, paint pictures, or make music—since Your nature leans to such life-exercise! Ay, but such exercise begins too soon, Concludes too late, demands life whole and sole, Artistry being battle with the age It lives in! Half life,—silence, while you learn What has been done; the other half,—attempt At speech, amid world's wail of wonderment— "Here's something done was never done before!" 2085 To be the very breath that moves the age Means not to have breath drive you bubble-like Before it—but yourself to blow: that 's strain; Strain 's worry through the life-time, till there 's peace;

We know where peace expects the artist-soul.

Monsieur Léonce Miranda knew as much. Therefore in Art he nowise cared to be 2000

Creative; but creation, that had birth In storminess long years before was born Monsieur Léonce Miranda,—Art, enjoyed 2095 Like fleshly objects of the chace that tempt In cookery, not in capture—these might feast The dilettante, furnish tavern-fare Open to all with purses open too. To sit free and take tribute seigneur-like-2100 Now, not too lavish of acknowledgment, Now, self-indulgently profuse of pay, Always Art's seigneur, not Art's serving-man Whate'er the style and title and degree,— That is the quiet life and easy death 2105 Monsieur Léonce Miranda would approve Wholly-provided (back I go again To the first simile) that while glasses clink, And viands steam, and banqueting laughs high, All that 's outside the temporary tent, 2110 The dim grim outline of the circuit-wall, Forgets to menace "Soon or late will drop Pavilion, soon or late you needs must march, And laggards will be sorry they were slack! Always—unless excuse sound plausible!" 2115

Monsieur Léonce Miranda knew as much:
Whence his determination just to paint
So creditably as might help the eye
To comprehend how painter's eye grew dim
Ere it produced L'Ingegno's piece of work—
So to become musician that his ear
Should judge, by its own tickling and turmoil,
Who made the Solemn Mass might well die deaf—
So cultivate a literary knack
That, by experience how it wiles the time,
He might imagine how a poet, rapt
In rhyming wholly, grew so poor at last

By carelessness about his banker's-book. That the Sieur Boileau (to provoke our smile) Began abruptly,—when he paid devoir 2130 To Louis Quatorze as he dined in state.-"Sire, send a drop of broth to Pierre Corneille Now dying and in want of sustenance!" —I say, these half-hour playings at life's toil, Diversified by billiards, riding, sport— 2135 With now and then a visitor—Dumas, Hertford—to check no aspiration's flight— While Clara, like a diamond in the dark, Should extract shining from what else were shade, And multiply chance rays a million-fold,— 2140 How could he doubt that all offence outside,— Wrong to the towers, which, pillowed on the turf, He thus shut eyes to,—were as good as gone?

So, down went Clairvaux-Priory to dust,
And up there rose, in lieu, yon structure gay
Above the Norman ghosts: and where the stretch
Of barren country girdled house about,
Behold the Park, the English preference!
Thus made undoubtedly a desert smile
Monsieur Léonce Miranda.

2145

Ay, but she?

2150

One should not so merge soul in soul, you think?

And I think: only, let us wait, nor want

Two things at once—her turn will come in time.

A cork-float danced upon the tide, we saw,

This morning, blinding-bright with briny dews:

There was no disengaging soaked from sound,

Earth-product from the sister-element.

But when we turn, the tide will turn, I think,

And bare on beach will lie exposed the buoy:

A very proper time to try, with foot

And even finger, which was buoying wave,

Which merely buoyant substance,—power to lift, And power to be sent skyward passively. Meanwhile, no separation of the pair!

III

And so slipt pleasantly away five years
Of Paradisiac dream; till, as there flit
Premonitory symptoms, pricks of pain,
Because the dreamer has to start awake
And find disease dwelt active all the while
In head or stomach through his night-long sleep,— 2170
So happened here disturbance to content.

2175

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2190

Monsieur Léonce Miranda's last of cares, Ere he composed himself, had been to make Provision that, while sleeping safe he lay, Somebody else should, dragon-like, let fall Never a lid, coiled round the apple-stem, But watch the precious fruitage. Somebody Kept shop, in short, played Paris-substitute. Himself, shrewd, well-trained, early-exercised. Could take in, at an eye-glance, luck or loss— Know commerce throve, though lazily uplift On elbow merely: leave his bed, forsooth? Such active service was the substitute's. But one October morning, at first drop Of appled gold, first summons to be grave Because rough Autumn's play turns earnest now, Monsieur Léonce Miranda was required In Paris to take counsel, face to face, With Madame-mother: and be rated, too, Roundly at certain items of expense Whereat the government provisional, The Paris substitute and shopkeeper, Shook head, and talked of funds inadequate:

Oh, in the long run,—not if remedy

Occurred betimes! Else,—tap the generous bole 2195 Too near the quick,—it withers to the root— Leafy, prolific, golden apple-tree, "Miranda," sturdy in the Place Vendôme!

"What is this reckless life you lead?" began Her greeting she whom most he feared and loved. 2200 "Luxury, extravagance Madame Miranda. Sardanapalus' self might emulate,— Did your good father's money go for this? Where are the fruits of education, where The morals which at first distinguished you, 2205 The faith which promised to adorn your age? And why such wastefulness outbreaking now, When heretofore you loved economy? Explain this pulling-down and building-up Poor Clairvaux, which your father bought because 2210 Clairvaux he found it, and so left to you, Not a gilt-gingerbread big baby-house! True, we could somehow shake head and shut eye To what was past prevention on our part— This reprehensible illicit bond: 2215 We, in a manner, winking, watched consort Our modest well-conducted pious son With Dalilah: we thought the smoking flax Would smoulder soon away and end in snuff. Is spark to strengthen, prove consuming fire? 2220 No lawful family calls Clairvaux 'home'— Why play that fool of Scripture whom the voice Admonished 'Whose to-night shall be those things Provided for thy morning jollity?' To take one specimen of pure caprice 2225 Out of the heap conspicuous in the plan,— Puzzle of change, I call it,—titled big 'Clairvaux Restored:' what means this Belvedere? This Tower, stuck like a fool's-cap on the roof—

Do you intend to soar to heaven from thence? 2230 Tower, truly! Better had you planted turf-More fitly would you dig yourself a hole Beneath it for the final journey's help! O we poor parents—could we prophesy!" Léonce was found affectionate enough 2235 To man, to woman, child, bird, beast, alike: But all affection, all one fire of heart Flaming toward Madame-mother. Had she posed The question plainly at the outset "Choose! Cut clean in half your all-the-world of love, 2240 The mother and the mistress: then resolve, Take me or take her, throw away the one!"-He might have made the choice and marred my tale. But, much I apprehend, the problem put Was "Keep both halves, yet do no detriment 2245 To either! Prize each opposite in turn!" Hence, while he prized at worth the Clairvaux-life With all its tolerated naughtiness, He, visiting in fancy Quai Rousseau, Saw, cornered in the cosiest nook of all 2250 That range of rooms through number Thirty-three, The lady-mother bent o'er her bézique; While Monsieur Curé This, and Sister That-Superior of no matter what good House-Did duty for Duke Hertford and Dumas, 2255 Nay-at his mother's age-for Clara's self. At Quai Rousseau, things comfortable thus, Why should poor Clairvaux prove so troublesome? She played at cards, he built a Belvedere. But here 's the difference: she had reached the 2260 Towers And there took pastime: he was still on Turf-Though fully minded that, when once he marched,

No sportive fancy should distract him more.

In brief, the man was angry with himself, With her, with all the world and much beside: 2265 And so the unseemly words were interchanged Which crystallize what else evaporates, And make mere misty petulance grow hard And sharp inside each softness, heart and soul. Monsieur Léonce Miranda flung at last 2270 Out of doors, fever-flushed: and there the Seine Rolled at his feet, obsequious remedy For fever, in a cold Autumnal flow. "Go and be rid of memory in a bath!" Craftily whispered Who besets the ear 2275 On such occasions.

Done as soon as dreamed.

Back shivers poor Léonce to bed—where else? And there he lies a month 'twixt life and death, Raving. "Remorse of conscience!" friends opine. "Sirs, it may partly prove so," represents 2280 Beaumont—(the family physician, he Whom last year's Commune murdered, do you mind?) Beaumont reports "There is some active cause, More than mere pungency of quarrel past,— Cause that keeps adding other food to fire. 2285 I hear the words and know the signs, I say! Dear Madame, you have read the Book of Saints, How Antony was tempted? As for me, Poor heathen, 't is by pictures I am taught. I say then, I see standing here,—between 2290 Me and my patient, and that crucifix You very properly would interpose,— A certain woman-shape, one white appeal 'Will you leave me, then, me, me, me for her?' Since cold Seine could not quench this flame, since flare 2295

Of fever does not redden it away,—
Be rational, indulgent, mute—should chance
Come to the rescue—Providence, I mean—
The while I blister and phlebotomize!"

Well, somehow rescued by whatever power, 2300 At month's end, back again conveyed himself Monsieur Léonce Miranda, worn to rags, Nav. tinder: stuff irreparably spoiled, Though kindly hand should stitch and patch its Clairvaux in Autumn is restorative. 2305 A friend stitched on, patched ever. All the same. Clairvaux looked greyer than a month ago. Unglossed was shrubbery, unglorified Each copse, so wealthy once; the garden-plots, The orchard-walks showed dearth and dreariness. 2310

The sea lay out at distance crammed by cloud Into a leaden wedge; and sorrowful Sulked field and pasture with persistent rain.

Nobody came so far from Paris now:
Friends did their duty by an invalid 2315
Whose convalescence claimed entire repose.
Only a single ministrant was staunch
At quiet reparation of the stuff—
Monsieur Léonce Miranda, worn to rags:
But she was Clara and the world beside. 2320

Another month, the year packed up his plagues
And sullenly departed, pedlar-like,
As apprehensive old-world ware might show
To disadvantage when the new-comer,
Merchant of novelties, young 'Sixty-eight,
With brand-new bargains, whistled o'er the lea.

2325

Things brightened somewhat o'er the Christmas hearth,

As Clara plied assiduously her task.

"Words are but words and wind. Whylet the wind Sing in your ear, bite, sounding, to your brain? Old folk and young folk, still at odds, of course! Age quarrels because spring puts forth a leaf While winter has a mind that boughs stay bare; Or rather—worse than quarrel—age descries Propriety in preaching life to death. 2335 'Enjoy nor youth, nor Clairvaux, nor poor me?' Dear Madame, you enjoy your age, 't is thought! Your number Thirty-three on Quai Rousseau Cost fifty times the price of Clairvaux, tipped Even with our prodigious Belvedere; 2340 You entertain the Curé,—we, Dumas: We play charades, while you prefer bézique: Do lead your own life and let ours alone! Cross Old Year shall have done his worst, my friend!

Here comes gay New Year with a gift, no doubt. 2345 Look up and let in light that longs to shine— One flash of light, and where will darkness hide? Your cold makes me too cold, love! Keep me warm!"

Whereat Léonce Miranda raised his head
From his two white thin hands, and forced a smile, 2350
And spoke: "I do look up, and see your light
Above me! Let New Year contribute warmth—
I shall refuse no fuel that may blaze."
Nor did he. Three days after, just a spark
From Paris, answered by a snap at Caen
Or whither reached the telegraphic wire:
"Quickly to Paris! On arrival, learn
Why you are wanted!" Curt and critical!

Off starts Léonce, one fear from head to foot;	
Caen, Rouen, Paris, as the railway helps;	2360
Then come the Quai and Number Thirty-three.	
"What is the matter, concierge?"—a grimace!	
He mounts the staircase, makes for the main seat	
Of dreadful mystery which draws him there—	
Bursts in upon a bedroom known too well—	2365
There lies all left now of the mother once.	0-0
Tapers define the stretch of rigid white,	
Nor want there ghastly velvets of the grave.	
A blackness sits on either side at watch,	
Sisters, good souls but frightful all the same,	2370
Silent: a priest is spokesman for his corpse.	•,
"Dead, through Léonce Miranda! stricken down	
Without a minute's warning, yesterday!	
What did she say to you, and you to her,	
Two months ago? This is the consequence!	2375
The doctors have their name for the disease;	
I, you, and God say—heart-break, nothing more!"	
Monsieur Léonce Miranda, like a stone	
Fell at the bedfoot and found respite so,	
While the priest went to tell the company.	2380
What follows you are free to disbelieve.	
It may be true or talse that this good priest	
Had taken his instructions, -who shall blame?-	•
From quite another quarter than, perchance,	
Monsieur Léonce Miranda might suppose	2385
Would offer solace in such pressing need.	
All he remembered of his kith and kin	
Was they were worthily his substitutes	
In commerce, did their work and drew their pay	•
But they remembered, in addition, this-	2390
They fairly might expect inheritance,	
As nearest kin, Called Family by law	
And gospel both. Now, since Miranda's life	
Showed nothing like abatement of distaste	

For conjugality, but preference	2224
Continued and confirmed of that smooth chain	2395
Which slips and leaves no knot behind, no heir-	
Presumption was, the man, become mature,	
Would at a calculable day discard	
His old and outworn what we blush to name,	2400
And make society the just amends;	2400
Scarce by a new attachment—Heaven forbid!	
Still less by lawful marriage: that 's reserved	
For those who make a proper choice at first—	
Not try both courses and would grasp in age	2405
The very treasure youth preferred to spurn.	~400
No! putting decently such thought aside,	
The penitent must rather give his powers	
To such a reparation of the past	
As, edifying kindred, makes them rich.	2410
Now, how would it enrich prospectively	•
The Cousins, if he lavished such expense	
On Clairvaux?—pretty as a toy, but then	
As toy, so much productive and no more!	
If all the outcome of the goldsmith's shop	2415
Went to gild Clairvaux, where remain the funds	
For Cousinry to spread out lap and take?	
This must be thought of and provided for.	
I give it you as mere conjecture, mind!	
To help explain the wholesome unannounced	2420
Intelligence, the shock that startled guilt,	
The scenic show, much yellow, black and white	
By taper-shine, the nuns-portentous pair,	
And, more than all, the priest's admonishment—	•
"No flattery of self! You murdered her!	2425
The grey lips, silent now, reprove by mine.	
You wasted all your living, rioted	
In harlotry—she warned and I repeat!	
No warning had she, for she needed none:	
If this should be the last yourself receive?"	2430

Done for the best, no doubt, though clumsily,—Such, and so startling, the reception here, You hardly wonder if down fell at once The tawdry tent, pictorial, musical, Poetical, besprent with hearts and darts;
Its cobweb-work, betinseled stitchery, Lay dust about our sleeper on the turf, And showed the outer towers distinct and dread.

Senseless he fell, and long he lay, and much Seemed salutary in his punishment To planners and performers of the piece. When pain ends, pardon prompt may operate. There was a good attendance close at hand, Waiting the issue in the great saloon, Cousins with consolation and advice.

2440

2445

All things thus happily performed to point, No wonder at success commensurate. Once swooning stopped, once anguish subsequent Raved out.—a sudden resolution chilled His blood and changed his swimming eyes to stone, 2450 As the poor fellow raised himself upright, Collected strength, looked, once for all, his look, Then, turning, put officious help aside And passed from out the chamber. "For affairs!" So he announced himself to the saloon: 2455 "We owe a duty to the living too!"— Monsieur Léonce Miranda tried to smile. How did the hearts of Cousinry rejoice At their stray sheep returning thus to fold, As, with a dignity, precision, sense, 2460 All unsuspected in the man before, Monsieur Léonce Miranda made minute Detail of his intended scheme of life Thenceforward and for ever. VOL. VII 353 Z

Was ended: its redemption must begin-2465 And, certain, would continue; but since life Was awfully uncertain—witness here !-Behoved him lose no moment but discharge Immediate burthen of the world's affairs On backs that kindly volunteered to crouch. 2470 Cousins, with easier conscience, blamelessly Might carry on the goldsmith's trade, in brief, Uninterfered with by its lord who late Was used to supervise and take due tithe. A stipend now sufficed his natural need: 2475 Themselves should fix what sum allows man live. But half a dozen words concisely plain Might, first of all, make sure that, on demise, Monsieur Léonce Miranda's property Passed by bequeathment, every particle, 2480 To the right heirs, the cousins of his heart. As for that woman—they would understand! This was a step must take her by surprise. It were too cruel did he snatch away Decent subsistence. She was young, and fair, 2485 And . . . and attractive! Means must be supplied To save her from herself, and from the world, And . . . from anxieties might haunt him else When he were fain have other thoughts in mind."

It was a sight to melt a stone, that thaw
Of rigid disapproval into dew
Of sympathy, as each extended palm
Of cousin hasted to enclose those five
Cold fingers, tendered so mistrustfully,
Despairingly of condonation now!
2495
You would have thought,—at every fervent shake,
In reassurance of those timid tips,—
The penitent had squeezed, considerate,

By way of fee into physician's hand For physicking his soul, some diamond knob.

2500

And now let pass a week. Once more behold The same assemblage in the same saloon. Waiting the entry of protagonist Monsieur Léonce Miranda. "Just a week Since the death-day,—was ever man transformed 2505 Like this man?" questioned cousin of his mate. Last seal to the repentance had been set Three days before, at Sceaux in neighbourhood Of Paris, where they laid with funeral pomp Mother by father. Let me spare the rest: 2510 How the poor fellow, in his misery, Buried hot face and bosom, where heaped snow Offered assistance, at the grave's black edge, And there lay, till uprooted by main force From where he prayed to grow and ne'er again 2515 Walk earth unworthily as heretofore. It is not with impunity priests teach The doctrine he was dosed with from his youth— "Pain to the body—profit to the soul: Corporeal pleasure—so much woe to pay 2520 When disembodied spirit gives account. However, woe had done its worst, this time. Three days allow subsidence of much grief. Already, regular and equable, Forward went purpose to effect. At once 2525 The testament was written, signed and sealed. Disposure of the commerce—that took time. And would not suffer by a week's delay; But the immediate, the imperious need, The call demanding of the Cousinry 2530 Co-operation, what convened them thus, Was-how and when should deputation march To Coliseum Street, the old abode

OCCULARY	
Of wickedness, and there acquaint—oh, shame! Her, its old inmate, who had followed up And lay in wait in the old haunt for prey— That they had rescued, they possessed Léonce, Whose loathing at recapture equalled theirs—	2535
Upbraid that sinner with her sinfulness, Impart the fellow-sinner's firm resolve Never to set eyes on her face again: Then, after stipulations strict but just, Hand her the first instalment,—moderate	2540
Enough, no question,—of her salary: Admonish for the future, and so end.— All which good purposes, decided on Sufficiently, were waiting full effect When presently the culprit should appear.	² 545
Somehow appearance was delayed too long; Chatting and chirping sunk inconsciously To silence, nay, uneasiness, at length Alarm, till—anything for certitude!— A peeper was commissioned to explore, At keyhole, what the laggard's task might be—What caused so palpable a disrespect!	2 ₅₅₀
Back came the tiptoe cousin from his quest. "Monsieur Léonce was busy," he believed, "Contemplating—those love-letters, perhaps, He always carried, as if precious stones, About with him. He read, one after one, Some sort of letters. But his back was turned. The empty coffer open at his side, He leant on elbow by the mantelpiece Before the hearth-fire; big and blazing too."	2560
WD-11. 1 11 11 11 11	

"Better he shovelled them all in at once, And burned the rubbish!" was a cousin's quip,

Warming his own hands at the fire the while. I told you, snow had fallen outside, I think.

When suddenly a cry, a host of cries, Screams, hubbub and confusion thrilled the room. 2570 All by a common impulse rushed thence, reached The late death-chamber, tricked with trappings still,

Skulls, cross-bones, and such moral broidery. Madame Muhlhausen might have played the witch, Dropped down the chimney and appalled Léonce 2575 By some proposal "Parting touch of hand!" If she but touched his foolish hand, you know!!

Something had happened quite contrariwise. Monsieur Léonce Miranda, one by one. Had read the letters and the love they held, 2580 And, that task finished, had required his soul To answer frankly what the prospect seemed Of his own love's departure—pledged to part! Then, answer being unmistakable, He had replaced the letters quietly, 2585 Shut coffer, and so, grasping either side By its convenient handle, plunged the whole— Letters and coffer and both hands to boot, Into the burning grate and held them there. "Burn, burn and purify my past!" said he, 2590 Calmly, as if he felt no pain at all.

In vain they pulled him from the torture-place: The strong man, with the soul of tenfold strength, Broke from their clutch: and there again smiled he, The miserable hands re-bathed in fire—Constant to that ejaculation "Burn, Burn, purify!" And when, combining force, They fairly dragged the victim out of reach Of further harm, he had no hands to hurt—

Two horrible remains of right and left,
"Whereof the bones, phalanges formerly,
Carbonized, were still crackling with the flame,"
Said Beaumont. And he fought them all the while:
"Why am I hindered when I would be pure?
Why leave the sacrifice still incomplete?
She holds me, I must have more hands to burn!"
They were the stronger, though, and bound him fast.

Beaumont was in attendance presently.
"What did I tell you? Preachment to the deaf!
I wish he had been deafer when they preached,
Those priests! But wait till next Republic comes!"

As for Léonce, a single sentiment Possessed his soul and occupied his tongue— Absolute satisfaction at the deed. Never he varied, 't is observable, 2615 Nor in the stage of agonies (which proved Absent without leave,—science seemed to think) Nor yet in those three months' febricity Which followed,—never did he vary tale— Remaining happy beyond utterance. 2620 "Ineffable beatitude"—I quote The words, I cannot give the smile—"such bliss Abolished pain! Pain might or might not be: He felt in heaven, where flesh desists to fret. Purified now and henceforth, all the past 2625 Reduced to ashes with the flesh defiled! Why all those anxious faces round his bed? What was to pity in their patient, pray, When doctor came and went, and Cousins watched? -Kindness, but in pure waste!" he said and smiled. 2630 And if a trouble would at times disturb The ambrosial mood, it came from other source Than the corporeal transitory pang.

"If sacrifice be incomplete!" cried he— "If ashes have not sunk reduced to dust, To nullity! If atoms coalesce	2635
Till something grow, grow, get to be a shape I hate, I hoped to burn away from me! She is my body, she and I are one, Yet, all the same, there, there at bed-foot stands The woman wound about my flesh and blood, There, the arms open, the more wonderful, The whiter for the burning Vanish thou! Avaunt, fiend's self found in the form I wore!"	2640
"Whereat," said Beaumont, "since his hands were gone, The patient in a frenzy kicked and licked	2645
To keep off some imagined visitant. So will it prove as long as priests may preach Spiritual terrors!" groaned the evidence Of Beaumont that his patient was stark mad— Produced in time and place: of which anon. "Mad, or why thus insensible to pain? Body and soul are one thing, with two names For more or less elaborated stuff."	2650
Such is the new Religio Medici. Though antiquated faith held otherwise, Explained that body is not soul, but just Soul's servant: that, if soul be satisfied, Possess already joy or pain enough,	2655
It uses to ignore, as master may, What increase, joy or pain, its servant brings— Superfluous contribution: soul, once served, Has nought to do with body's service more. Each, speculated on exclusively,	2660
As if its office were the only one, Body or soul, either shows service paid In joy and pain, that 's blind and objectless—	2665

A servant's toiling for no master's good—
Or else shows good received and put to use,
As if within soul's self grew joy and pain,
Nor needed body for a ministrant.
I note these old unscientific ways:
Poor Beaumont cannot: for the Commune ruled
Next year, and ere they shot his priests, shot him.

Monsieur Léonce Miranda raved himself 2675 To rest; lay three long months in bliss or bale. Inactive, anyhow: more need that heirs, His natural protectors, should assume The management, bestir their cousinship, And carry out that purpose of reform 2680 Such tragic work now made imperative. A deputation, with austerity, Nay, sternness, bore her sentence to the fiend Aforesaid,—she at watch for turn of wheel And fortune's favour, Street—you know the name. 2685 A certain roughness seemed appropriate: "You— Steiner, Muhlhausen, whatsoe'er your name, Cause whole and sole of this catastrophe!"— And so forth, introduced the embassage.

"Monsieur Léonce Miranda was divorced
Once and for ever from his—ugly word.
Himself had gone for good to Portugal:
They came empowered to act and stipulate.
Hold! no discussion! Terms were settled now:
So much of present and prospective pay,
But also—good engagement in plain terms
She never seek renewal of the past!"

This little harmless tale produced effect.

Madame Muhlhausen owned her sentence just,
Its execution gentle. "Stern their phrase,
These kinsfolk with a right she recognized—

But kind its import probably, which now Her agitation, her bewilderment Rendered too hard to understand, perhaps. Let them accord the natural delay, 2705 And she would ponder and decide. Meantime. So far was she from wish to follow friend Who fled her, that she would not budge from place— Now that her friend was fled to Portugal,-Never! She leave this Coliseum Street? 2710 No, not a footstep!" she assured them. S_0 — They saw they might have left that tale untold When, after some weeks more were gone to waste, Recovery seemed incontestable, And the poor mutilated figure, once 2715 The gay and glancing fortunate young spark, Miranda, humble and obedient took The doctor's counsel, issued sad and slow From precincts of the sick-room, tottered down, And out, and into carriage for fresh air, 2720 And so drove straight to Coliseum Street, And tottered upstairs, knocked, and in a trice Was clasped in the embrace of whom you know— With much asseveration, I omit,

"For judging her Miranda by herself!
For never having entertained a thought
Of breaking promise, leaving home forsooth,
To follow who was fled to Portugal!
As if she thought they spoke a word of truth!
She knew what love was, knew that he loved her;

When all this happened,—"What reward," cried

2725

2730

The Cousinry knew nothing of the kind."

Of constancy henceforth till life should end.

she.

I will not scandalize you and recount	
How matters made the marriag and awar	2735
Not one reproach, not one acknowledgment,	-/35
One explanation: all was understood!	
Matters at end, the home-uneasiness	
Cousins were feeling at this jaunt prolonged	
Was ended also by the entry of—	2740
Not simply him whose exit had been made	2740
By mild command of doctor "Out with you!	
I warrant we receive another man!"	
But—would that I could say, the married pair!	
And, quite another man assuredly,	2745
Monsieur Léonce Miranda took on him	-173
Forthwith to bid the trio, priest and nuns,	
Constant in their attendance all this while,	
Take his thanks and their own departure too;	
Politely but emphatically. Next,	2750
The Cousins were dismissed: "No protest, pray!	
Whatever I engaged to do is done,	
Or shall be—I but follow your advice:	
Love I abjure: the lady, you behold,	
Is changed as I myself; her sex is changed:	2755
This is my Brother—He will tend me now,	
Be all my world henceforth as brother should.	
Gentlemen, of a kinship I revere,	
Your interest in trade is laudable;	
I purpose to indulge it: manage mine,	2760
My goldsmith-business in the Place Vendôme,	
Wholly—through purchase at the price adjudged	
By experts I shall have assistance from.	
If, in conformity with sage advice,	
I leave a busy world of interests	2765
I own myself unfit for—yours the care	
That any world of other aims, wherein	
I hope to dwell, be easy of access	
Through ministration of the moneys due,	

As we determine, with all proper speed, 2770 Since I leave Paris to repair my health. Say farewell to our Cousins, Brother mine!" And, all submissiveness, as brother might, The lady curtseyed gracefully, and dropt More than mere curtsey, a concluding phrase 2775 So silver-soft, yet penetrative too, That none of it escaped the favoured ears: "Had I but credited one syllable, I should to-day be lying stretched on straw, The produce of your miserable rente! 2780 Whereas, I hold him-do you comprehend?" Cousin regarded cousin, turned up eye, And took departure, as our Tuscans laugh, Each with his added palm-breadth of long nose,-Curtailed but imperceptibly, next week, 2785 When transfer was accomplished, and the trade In Paris did indeed become their own, But bought by them and sold by him on terms 'Twixt man and man,-might serve 'twixt wolf and wolf. Substitute "bit and clawed" for "signed and 2790 Our ordinary business-terms, in short. Another week, and Clairvaux broke in bloom At end of April, to receive again Monsieur Léonce Miranda, gentleman, Ex-jeweller and goldsmith: never more,-2795 According to the purpose he professed,— To quit this paradise, his property, This Clara, his companion: so it proved. The Cousins, each with elongated nose, Discussed their bargain, reconciled them soon 2800 To hard necessity, disbursed the cash,

And hastened to subjoin, wherever type Proclaimed "Miranda" to the public, "Called Now Firm-Miranda." There, a colony, They flourish underneath the name that still 2805 Maintains the old repute, I understand. They built their Clairvaux, dream-Château, in Spain, Perhaps—but Place Vendôme is waking worth: Oh, they lost little !—only, man and man Hardly conclude transactions of the kind 281n As cousin should with cousin,—cousins think. For the rest, all was honourably done, So, ere buds break to blossom, let us breathe! Never suppose there was one particle Of recrudescence—wound, half-healed before. 2815 Set freshly running—sin, repressed as such, New loosened as necessity of life! In all this revocation and resolve, Far be sin's self-indulgence from your thought! The man had simply made discovery, 2820 By process I respect if not admire, That what was, was:—that turf, his feet had touched. Felt solid just as much as yonder towers He saw with eyes, but did not stand upon, And could not, if he would, reach in a leap. 2825 People had told him flowery turf was false To footstep, tired the traveller soon, beside: That was untrue. They told him "One fair stride Plants on safe platform and secures man rest." That was untrue. Some varied the advice: 2830 "Neither was solid, towers no more than turf." Double assertion, therefore twice as false. "I like these amateurs"—our friend had laughed, Could he turn what he felt to what he thought,

2835

And, that again, to what he put in words:

"I like their pretty trial, proof of paste
Or precious stone, by delicate approach
Of eye askance, fine feel of finger-tip,
Or touch of tongue inquisitive for cold.
I tried my jewels in a crucible:
Fierce fire has felt them, licked them, left them sound.

Don't tell me that my earthly love is sham.

Don't tell me that my earthly love is sham, My heavenly fear a clever counterfeit! Each may oppose each, yet be true alike!"

To build up, independent of the towers, 2845 A durable pavilion o'er the turf, Had issued in disaster. "What remained Except, by tunnel, or else gallery, To keep communication 'twixt the two, Unite the opposites, both near and far, 2850 And never try complete abandonment Of one or other?" so he thought, not said. And to such engineering feat, I say, Monsieur Léonce Miranda saw the means Precisely in this revocation prompt 2855 Of just those benefits of worldly wealth Conferred upon his Cousinry—all but!

This Clairvaux—you would know, were you at top
Of yonder crowning grace, its Belvedere—
Is situate in one angle-niche of three
At equidistance from Saint-Rambert—there
Behind you, and The Ravissante, beside—
There: steeple, steeple, and this Clairvaux-top,
(A sort of steeple) constitute a trine,
With not a tenement to break each side,
Two miles or so in length, if eye can judge.
Now, this is native land of miracle.
O why, why, why, from all recorded time,

Was miracle not wrought once, only once,	
To help whoever wanted help indeed?	2870
If on the day when Spring's green girlishness	,0
Grew nubile and she trembled into May,	
And our Miranda climbed to clasp the Spring	
A-tiptoe o'er the sea, those wafts of warmth,	
Those cloudlets scudding under the bare blue,	2875
And all that new sun, that fresh hope about	-0/5
His airy place of observation,—friend,	
Feel with me that if just then, just for once,	
Some angel,—such as the authentic pen	
Yonder records a daily visitant	2880
Of ploughman Claude, rheumatic in the joints,	2000
And spinster Jeanne, with megrim troubled sore,—	
If such an angel, with nought else to do,	
Had taken station on the pinnacle	
And simply said "Léonce, look straight before!	2885
Neither to right hand nor to left: for why?	2005
Being a stupid soul, you want a guide	
To turn the goodness in you to account	
And make stupidity submit itself.	
Go to Saint-Rambert! Straightway get such	
guide!	2890
There stands a man of men. You, jeweller,	
Must needs have heard how once the biggest block	
Of diamond now in Europe lay exposed	
Mid specimens of stone and earth and ore,	
On huckster's stall,—Navona names the Square,	2895
And Rome the city for the incident,—	,,
Labelled 'quartz-crystal, price one halfpenny.'	
Haste and secure that ha'p'worth, on your life!	
That man will read you rightly head to foot,	
Mark the brown face of you, the bushy beard,	2900
The breadth 'twixt shoulderblades, and through	.,,.,
each black	
Castilian orbit, see into your soul.	
366	
~	

Talk to him for five minutes—nonsense, sense,	
No matter what-describe your horse, your	
hound,—	
Give your opinion of the policy	2905
Of Monsieur Rouher,—will he succour Rome?	
Your estimate of what may outcome be	
From Œcumenical Assemblage there!	
After which samples of intelligence,	
Rapidly run through those events you call	2910
Your past life, tell what once you tried to do,	
What you intend on doing this next May!	
There he stands, reads an English newspaper,	
Stock-still, and now, again upon the move,	
Paces the beach to taste the Spring, like you,	2915
Since both are human beings in God's eye.	
He will have understood you, I engage.	
Endeavour, for your part, to understand	
He knows more, and loves better, than the world	
That never heard his name, and never may.	2920
He will have recognized, ere breath be spent	-
And speech at end, how much that 's good in man,	
And generous, and self-devoting, makes	
Monsieur Léonce Miranda worth his help;	
While sounding to the bottom ignorance	2925
Historical and philosophical	
And moral and religious, all one couch	
Of crassitude, a portent of its kind.	
Then, just as he would pityingly teach	
Your body to repair maltreatment, give	2930
Advice that you should make those stumps to stir	
With artificial hands of caoutchouc,	
So would he soon supply your crippled soul	
With crutches, from his own intelligence,	
Able to help you onward in the path	2935
Of rectitude whereto your face is set,	
And counsel justice—to yourself, the first,	

To your associate, very like a wife
Or something better,—to the world at large,
Friends, strangers, horses, hounds and Cousinry— 2940
All which amount of justice will include
Justice to God. Go and consult his voice!"
Since angel would not say this simple truth,
What hinders that my heart relieve itself,
Milsand, who makest warm my wintry world,
And wise my heaven, if there we consort too?
Monsieur Léonce Miranda turned, alas,
Or was turned, by no angel, t' other way,
And got him guidance of The Ravissante.

Now, into the originals of faith, 2950 Yours, mine, Miranda's, no inquiry here! Of faith, as apprehended by mankind, The causes, were they caught and catalogued. Would too distract, too desperately foil Inquirer. How may analyst reduce 2955 Ouantities to exact their opposites, Value to zero, then bring zero back To value of supreme preponderance? How substitute thing meant for thing expressed? Detect the wire-thread through that fluffy silk Men call their rope, their real compulsive power? Suppose effected such anatomy, And demonstration made of what belief Has moved believer-were the consequence Reward at all? would each man straight deduce, 2965 From proved reality of cause, effect Conformable—believe and unbelieve According to your True thus disengaged From all his heap of False called reason first?

No: hand once used to hold a soft thick twist, Cannot now grope its way by wire alone:

Childhood may catch the knack, scarce Youth, not Age!

That 's the reply rewards you. Just as well Remonstrate to you peasant in the blouse That, had he justified the true intent 2975 Of Nature who composed him thus and thus, Weakly or strongly, here he would not stand Struggling with uncongenial earth and sky, But elsewhere tread the surface of the globe, Since one meridian suits the faulty lungs, 2980 Another bids the sluggish liver work. "Here I was born, for better or for worse: I did not choose a climate for myself: Admit, my life were healthy, led elsewhere," (He answers) "how am I to migrate, pray?" 2985

Therefore the course to take is—spare your pains, And trouble uselessly with discontent Nor soul nor body, by parading proof That neither haply had known ailment, placed Precisely where the circumstance forbade 2990 Their lot should fall to either of the pair. But try and, what you find wrong, remedy, Accepting the conditions: never ask "How came you to be born here with those lungs, That liver?" But bid asthma smoke a pipe, 2995 Stramonium, just as if no Tropics were, And ply with calomel the sluggish duct, Nor taunt "The born Norwegian breeds no bile!" And as with body, so proceed with soul: Nor less discerningly, where faith you found, 3000 However foolish and fantastic, grudge To play the doctor and amend mistake, Because a wisdom were conceivable Whence faith had sprung robust above disease. Far beyond human help, that source of things! 3005 369 VOL. VII

Since, in the first stage, so to speak, -first stare Of apprehension at the invisible,— Begins divergency of mind from mind, Superior from inferior: leave this first! Little you change there! What comes afterward— 3010 From apprehended thing, each inference With practicality concerning life, This you may test and try, confirm the right Or contravene the wrong which reasons there. The offspring of the sickly faith must prove 3015 Sickly act also: stop a monster-birth! When water 's in the cup and not the cloud. Then is the proper time for chemic test: Belief permits your skill to operate When, drop by drop condensed from misty heaven, 3020 'T is wrung out, lies a bowlful in the fleece. How dew by spoonfuls came, let Gideon say: What purpose water serves, your word or two May teach him, should he fancy it lights fire.

Concerning, then, our vaporous Ravissante— 3025 How fable first precipitated faith-Silence you get upon such point from me. But when I see come posting to the pair At Clairvaux, for the cure of soul-disease, This Father of the Mission, Parish-priest, 3030 This Mother of the Convent, Nun I know-They practise in that second stage of things; They boast no fresh distillery of faith; 'T is dogma in the bottle, bright and old, They bring; and I pretend to pharmacy. 3035 They undertake the cure with all my heart! He trusts them, and they surely trust themselves. I ask no better. Never mind the cause, Fons et origo of the malady: Apply the drug with courage! Here 's our case. 3040

Monsieur Léonce Miranda asks of God,
—May a man, living in illicit tie,
Continue, by connivance of the Church,
No matter what amends he please to make
Short of forthwith relinquishing the sin?
Physicians, what do you propose for cure?

3045

Father and Mother of the Ravissante, Read your own records, and you find prescribed As follows, when a couple out of sorts Rather than gravely suffering, sought your skill 3050 And thereby got their health again. Perpend! Two and a half good centuries ago, Luc de la Maison Rouge, a nobleman Of Claise, (the river gives this country name) And, just as noblewoman, Maude his wife, 3055 Having been married many happy years Spent in God's honour and man's service too, Conceived, while yet in flower of youth and hope, The project of departing each from each Forever, and dissolving marriage-bonds 3060 That both might enter a religious life. Needing, before they came to such resolve, Divine illumination,—course was clear,— They visited your church in pilgrimage, On Christmas morn: communicating straight, 3065 They heard three Masses proper for the day, "It is incredible with what effect"-Quoth the Cistercian monk I copy from-And, next day, came, again communicants, Again heard Masses manifold, but now 3070 With added thanks to Christ for special grace And consolation granted: in the night, Had been divorce from marriage, manifest By signs and tokens. So, they made great gifts, Left money for more Masses, and returned 3075

Homeward rejoicing—he, to take the rules. As Brother Dionysius, Capucin; She, to become first postulant, then nun According to the rules of Benedict. Sister Scolastica: so ended they, 3080 And so do I-not end nor yet commence One note or comment. What was done was done. Now, Father of the Mission, here 's your case! And, Mother of the Convent, here 's its cure! If separation was permissible, 3085 And that decree of Christ "What God hath joined Let no man put asunder" nullified Because a couple, blameless in the world. Had the conceit that, still more blamelessly. Out of the world, by breach of marriage-vow. 3090 Their life was like to pass,—you oracles Of God,—since holy Paul says such you are.— Hesitate, not one moment, to pronounce When questioned by the pair now needing help "Each from the other go, you guilty ones, 3095 Preliminary to your least approach Nearer the Power that thus could strain a point In favour of a pair of innocents Who thought their wedded hands not clean enough To touch and leave unsullied their souls' snow! Are not your hands found filthy by the world, Mere human law and custom? Not a step Nearer till hands be washed and purified!"

What they did say is immaterial, since
Certainly it was nothing of the kind.
There was no washing hands of him (alack,
You take me?—in the figurative sense!),
But, somehow, gloves were drawn o'er dirt and all,
And practice with the Church procured thereby.
Seeing that,—all remonstrance proved in vain,
3110

Persuasives tried and terrors put to use, I nowise question,—still the guilty pair Only embraced the closelier, obstinate,— Father and Mother went from Clairvaux back Their weary way, with heaviness of heart, 3115 I grant you, but each palm well crossed with coin, And nothing like a smutch perceptible. Monsieur Léonce Miranda might compound For sin?—no, surely! but by gifts—prepare His soul the better for contrition, say! 3120 Gift followed upon gift, at all events. Good counsel was rejected, on one part: Hard money, on the other-may we hope Was unreflectingly consigned to purse?

Two years did this experiment engage 3125 Monsieur Léonce Miranda: how, by gifts To God and to God's poor, a man might stay In sin and yet stave off sin's punishment. No salve could be conceived more nicely mixed 3130 For this man's nature: generosity,— Susceptibility to human ills, Corporeal, mental,—self-devotedness Made up Miranda-whether strong or weak Elsewhere, may be inquired another time. In mercy he was strong, at all events. 3135 Enough! he could not see a beast in pain, Much less a man, without the will to aid; And where the will was, oft the means were too, Since that good bargain with the Cousinry.

The news flew fast about the countryside
That, with the kind man, it was ask and have;
And ask and have they did. To instance you:
A mob of beggars at The Ravissante
Clung to his skirts one day, and cried "We thirst!"

Forthwith he bade a cask of wine be broached 3145 To satisfy all comers, till, dead-drunk So satisfied, they strewed the holy place. For this was grown religious and a rite: Such slips of judgment, gifts irregular, Showed but as spillings of the golden grist 3150 On either side the hopper, through blind zeal: Steadily the main stream went pouring on From mill to mouth of sack—held wide and close By Father of the Mission, Parish-priest, And Mother of the Convent, Nun I know, 3155 With such effect that, in the sequel, proof Was tendered to the Court at Vire, last month. That in these same two years, expenditure At quiet Clairvaux rose to the amount Of Forty Thousand English Pounds: whereof 3160 A trifle went, no inappropriate close Of bounty, to supply the Virgin's crown With that stupendous jewel from New-York, Now blazing as befits the Star of Sea.

Such signs of grace, outward and visible, I rather give you, for your sake and mine, Than put in evidence the inward strife, Spiritual effort to compound for fault By payment of devotion—thank the phrase! That payment was as punctual, do not doubt, As its far easier fellow. Yesterday I trudged the distance from The Ravissante To Clairvaux, with my two feet: but our friend, The more to edify the country-folk, Was wont to make that journey on both knees. "Maliciously perverted incident!" Snarled the retort, when this was told at Vire: "The man paid mere devotion as he passed, Knelt decently at just each wayside shrine!"

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Alas, my lawyer, I trudged yesterday—	3180
On my two feet, and with both eyes wide ope,—	5.00
The distance, and could find no shrine at all!	
According to his lights, I praise the man.	
Enough! incessant was devotion, say—	
With her, you know of, praying at his side.	3185
Still, there be relaxations of the tense;	3.03
Or life indemnifies itself for strain,	
Or finds its very strain grow feebleness.	
Monsieur Léonce Miranda's days were passed	
Much as of old, in simple work and play.	2100
His first endeavour, on recovery	3190
From that sad ineffectual sacrifice,	
Had been to set about repairing loss:	
Never admitting, loss was to repair.	
No word at any time escaped his lips	3195
—Betrayed a lurking presence, in his heart,	3-93
Of sorrow; no regret for mischief done—	
Punishment suffered, he would rather say.	
Good-tempered schoolboy-fashion, he preferred	
To laugh away his flogging, fair price paid	3200
For pleasure out of bounds: if needs must be,	
Get pleasure and get flogged a second time!	
A sullen subject would have nursed the scars	
And made excuse, for throwing grammar by,	
That bench was grown uneasy to the seat.	3205
No: this poor fellow cheerfully got hands	- •
Fit for his stumps, and what hands failed to do,	
The other members did in their degree—	
Unwonted service. With his mouth alone	
He wrote, nay, painted pictures—think of that!	3210
He played on a piano pedal-keyed,	
Kicked out—if it was Bach's—good music thence.	
He rode, that 's readily conceivable,	
But then he shot and never missed his bird,	
With other feats as dexterous: I infer	3215

He was not ignorant what hands are worth, When he resolved on ruining his own.

So the two years passed somehow—who shall sav Foolishly,—as one estimates mankind, The work they do, the play they leave undone?— 3220 Two whole years spent in that experiment I told you of, at Clairvaux all the time. From April on to April: why that month More than another, notable in life? Does the awakening of the year arouse 3225 Man to new projects, nerve him for fresh feats Of what proves, for the most part of mankind Playing or working, novel folly too? At any rate, I see no slightest sign Of folly (let me tell you in advance) 3230 Nothing but wisdom meets me manifest In the procedure of the Twentieth Day Of April, 'Seventy,—folly's year in France.

It was delightful Spring, and out of doors Temptation to adventure. Walk or ride? There was a wild young horse to exercise, And teach the way to go and pace to keep: Monsieur Léonce Miranda chose to ride. So, while they clapped soft saddle straight on back, And bitted jaw to satisfaction,—since The partner of his days must stay at home, Teased by some trifling legacy of March To throat or shoulder, —visit duly paid And "farewell" given and received again,— As chamber-door considerately closed Behind him, still five minutes were to spend. How better, than by clearing, two and two, The staircase-steps and coming out aloft Upon the platform yonder (raise your eyes!)

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3240

And tasting, just as those two years before, Spring's bright advance upon the tower a-top, The feature of the front, the Belvedere?

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3275

Look at it for a moment while I breathe.

IV

Ready to hear the rest? How good you are!

Now for this Twentieth splendid day of Spring, All in a tale,—sun, wind, sky, earth and sea,— To bid man "Up, be doing!" Mount the stair, Monsieur Léonce Miranda mounts so brisk, And look—ere his elastic foot arrive— Your longest, far and wide, o'er fronting space. Yon white streak—Havre lighthouse! Name and name.

How the mind runs from each to each relay,
Town after town, till Paris' self be touched,
Superlatively big with life and death
To all the world, that very day perhaps!
He who stepped out upon the platform here,
Pinnacled over the expanse, gave thought
Neither to Rouher nor Ollivier, Roon
Nor Bismarck, Emperor nor King, but just
To steeple, church, and shrine, The Ravissante! 3270

He saw Her, whom myself saw, but when Spring Was passing into Fall: not robed and crowned As, thanks to him, and her you know about, She stands at present; but She smiled the same. Thither he turned—to never turn away.

He thought . . .

(Suppose I should prefer "He said?"

Along with every act—and speech is act—
There go, a multitude impalpable
To ordinary human faculty,
The thoughts which give the act significance.
Who is a poet needs must apprehend
Alike both speech and thoughts which prompt to speak.

Part these, and thought withdraws to poetry: Speech is reported in the newspaper.)

He said, then, probably no word at all,
But thought as follows—in a minute's space—
One particle of ore beats out such leaf!

"This Spring-morn I am forty-three years old:
In prime of life, perfection of estate
Bodily, mental, nay, material too,—

My whole of worldly fortunes reach their height.
Body and soul alike on eminence:
It is not probable I ever raise
Soul above standard by increase of worth,
Nor reasonably may expect to lift

Body beyond the present altitude.

"Behold me, Lady called The Ravissante! Such as I am, I—gave myself to you So long since, that I cannot say 'I give. All my belongings, what is summed in life, I have submitted wholly—as man might, At least, as I might, who am weak, not strong,—Wholly, then, to your rule and governance, So far as I had strength. My weakness was—I felt a fascination, at each point And pore of me, a Power as absolute Claiming that soul should recognize her sway. O you were no whit clearlier Queen, I see,

3300

Throughout the life that rolls out ribbon-like	
Its shot-silk length behind me, than the strange	227.0
Mystery—how shall I denominate	3310
The unrobed One? Robed you go and crowned	
as well,	
Named by the nations: she is hard to name,	
Though you have spalt out sout is all	
Though you have spelt out certain characters	
Obscure upon what fillet binds her brow,	3315
Lust of the flesh, lust of the eye, life's pride.	
'So call her, and contemn the enchantress!'-	
'Crush	
The despot, and recover liberty!'—	
Cried despot and enchantress at each ear.	
You were conspicuous and pre-eminent,	3320
Authoritative and imperial,—you	-
Spoke first, claimed homage: did I hesitate?	
Born for no mastery, but servitude,	
Men cannot serve two masters, says the Book;	
Master should measure strength with master, then,	2225
Before on servant is imposed a task.	3323
You spoke first, promised best, and threatened	
most;	
The other never threatened, promised, spoke	
A single word, but, when your part was done,	
Lifted a finger, and I, prostrate, knew	3330
Films were about me, though you stood aloof	
Smiling or frowning 'Where is power like mine	
To punish or reward thee? Rise, thou fool!	
Will to be free, and, lo, I lift thee loose!'	
Did I not will, and could I rise a whit?	3335
Lay I, at any time, content to lie?	
'To lie, at all events, brings pleasure: make	
Amends by undemanded pain!' I said.	
Did not you prompt me? 'Purchase now by pain	
Pleasure hereafter in the world to come!'	3340
I could not pluck my heart out, as you bade:	

Unbidden, I burned off my hands at least. My soul retained its treasure; but my purse Lightened itself with much alacrity. Well, where is the reward? what promised fruit Of sacrifice in peace, content? what sense Of added strength to bear or to forbear?	3345
What influx of new light assists me now Even to guess you recognize a gain In what was loss enough to mortal me? But she, the less authoritative voice, Oh, how distinct enunciating, how	3350
Plain dealing! Gain she gave was gain indeed! That, you deny: that, you contemptuous call Acorns, swine's food not man's meat! 'Spurn the draff!' Ay, but those life-tree apples I prefer, Am I to die of hunger till they drop? Husks keep flesh from starvation, anyhow.	3355
Give those life-apples!—one, worth woods of oak, Worth acorns by the waggon-load,—one shoot Through heart and brain, assurance bright and brief	3360
That you, my Lady, my own Ravissante, Feel, through my famine, served and satisfied, Own me, your starveling, soldier of a sort! Your soldier! do I read my title clear Even to call myself your friend, not foe? What is the pact between us but a truce? At best I shall have staved off enmity,	3365
Obtained a respite, ransomed me from wrath. I pay, instalment by instalment, life, Earth's tribute-money, pleasures great and small, Whereof should at the last one penny piece Fall short, the whole heap becomes forfeiture. You find in me deficient soldiership:	3370
Want the whole life or none. I grudge that whole,	3 37 5

Because I am not sure of recompense: Because I want faith. Whose the fault? Lask. If insufficient faith have done thus much, Contributed thus much of sacrifice. More would move mountains, you are warrant. Well. 3380 Grant, you, the grace, I give the gratitude! And what were easier? 'Ask and have' folk call Miranda's method: 'Have, nor need to ask!' So do they formulate your quality Superlative beyond my human grace. 3385 The Ravissante, you ravish men away From puny aches and petty pains, assuaged By man's own art with small expenditure Of pill or potion, unless, put to shame, Nature is roused and sets things right herself. 3390 Your miracles are grown our commonplace; No day but pilgrim hobbles his last mile, Kneels down and rises up, flings crutch away, Or else appends it to the reverend heap Beneath you, votive cripple-carpentry. 3395 Some few meet failure—oh, they wanted faith, And may betake themselves to La Salette, Or seek Lourdes, so that hence the scandal limp! The many get their grace and go their way Rejoicing, with a tale to tell, -most like, 3400 A staff to borrow, since the crutch is gone, Should the first telling happen at my house, And teller wet his whistle with my wine. I tell this to a doctor and he laughs: 'Give me permission to cry-Out of bed, 3405 You loth rheumatic sluggard! Cheat you chair Of laziness, its gouty occupant!-You should see miracles performed. But now, I give advice, and take as fee ten francs, And do as much as does your Ravissante. 3410

Send her that case of cancer to be cured I have refused to treat for any fee, Bring back my would-be patient sound and whole, And see me laugh on t' other side my mouth!' Can he be right, and are you hampered thus? 3415 Such pettiness restricts a miracle Wrought by the Great Physician, who hears prayer, Visibly seated in your mother-lap! He, out of nothing, made sky, earth, and sea, And all that in them is—man, beast, bird, fish, 3420 Down to this insect on my parapet. Look how the marvel of a minim crawls! Were I to kneel among the halt and maimed, And pray 'Who mad'st the insect with ten legs, Make me one finger grow where ten were once!' 3425 The very priests would thrust me out of church. 'What folly does the madman dare expect? No faith obtains—in this late age, at least— Such cure as that! We ease rheumatics, though!'

"Ay, bring the early ages back again, 3430 What prodigy were unattainable? I read your annals. Here came Louis Onze. Gave thrice the sum he ever gave before At one time, some three hundred crowns, to wit-On pilgrimage to pray for-health, he found? 3435 Did he? I do not read it in Commines. Here sent poor joyous Marie-Antoinette To thank you that a Dauphin dignified Her motherhood—called Duke of Normandy And Martyr of the Temple, much the same 3440 As if no robe of hers had dressed you rich; No silver lamps, she gave, illume your shrine! Here, following example, fifty years Ago, in gratitude for birth again Of yet another destined King of France, 3445

Did not the Duchess fashion with her hands, And frame in gold and crystal, and present A bouquet made of artificial flowers? And was he King of France, and is not he Still Count of Chambord?

"Such the days of faith, 3450 And such their produce to encourage mine! What now, if I too count without my host? I too have given money, ornament, And 'artificial flowers'—which, when I plucked, Seemed rooting at my heart and real enough: 3455 What if I gain thereby nor health of mind. Nor youth renewed which perished in its prime, Burnt to a cinder 'twixt the red-hot bars. Nor gain to see my second baby-hope Of managing to live on terms with both 3460 Opposing potentates, the Power and you, Crowned with success? I dawdle out my days In exile here at Clairvaux, with mock love, That gives—while whispering 'Would I dared refuse!'—

What the loud voice declares my heart's free gift: 3465 Mock worship, mock superiority
O'er those I style the world's benighted ones,
That irreligious sort I pity so,
Dumas and even Hertford who is Duke.

"Impiety? Not if I know myself!

Not if you know the heart and soul I bare,
I bid you cut, hack, slash, anatomize,
Till peccant part be found and flung away!
Demonstrate where I need more faith! Describe
What act shall evidence sufficiency
Of faith, your warrant for such exercise
Of power, in my behalf, as all the world

Except poor praying me declares profuse? Poor me? It is that world, not me alone, That world which prates of fixed laws and the like, 3450 I fain would save, poor world so ignorant! And your part were—what easy miracle? Oh, Lady, could I make your want like mine!"

Then his face grew one luminosity.

"Simple, sufficient! Happiness at height! I solve the riddle, I persuade mankind.

I have been just the simpleton who stands—
Summoned to claim his patrimonial rights—
At shilly-shally, may he knock or no
At his own door in his own house and home
Whereof he holds the very title-deeds!
Here is my title to this property,
This power you hold for profit of myself
And all the world at need—which need is now!

"My title—let me hear who controverts! 3495 Count Mailleville built you church. Why did he so?

Because he found your image. How came that? His shepherd told him that a certain sheep Was wont to scratch with hoof and scrape with horn

At ground where once the Danes had razed a church.

Thither he went, and there he dug, and thence He disinterred the image he conveyed In pomp to Londres yonder, his domain. You liked the old place better than the new. The Count might surely have divined as much: He did not; someone might have spoke alword: No one did. A mere dream had warned enough That back again in pomp you best were borne:

No dream warned, and no An angel caught you up ar No mighty task, you stand And people carry you about	d clapped you down— l one <i>mètre</i> high, at at times.	3510
Why, then, did you despis Because you are the Quee You front us in a picture, Angels around you, here a	n of Angels: when there flock they,	351 5
"Therefore, to prove indu Those angels that acknow! I summon them to bear m From Clairvaux through t Faith without flaw! I tru Benevolence, your will to By such a simplest of process.	ledge you their queen, e to your feet he air, an easy trip! st your potency, save the world—	3520
Not even by affording ang Unless it please you: ther Only suspend the law of g And, while at back, permi The air helps onward, let Cease to oppose my passa	rel-help, rel's a simpler mode: ravity, tted to propel, the air in front	3525
"Thus I bestride the railing Thus, lo, I stand, a single At dizzy edge of death,—I As safe on tower above as	inch away, no touch of fear, turf below!	3530
Your smile enswathes me You lift along the votary— Who, in the twinkling of a Dropt safely in the space I How crowded, since this r	-who vaults, in eye, revives, before the church— norn is market-day!	3535
I shall not need to speak. Like wild-fire. 'Thousand'T is telegraphed to Paris The Boulevard is one buz Well, this time, thousands vol. VII 385	Is saw Miranda's flight!' in a trice. z 'Do you believe? s saw Miranda's flight:	3540

You know him, goldsmith in the Place Vendôme.' In goes the Empress to the Emperor: 3545 'Now-will you hesitate to make disgorge Your wicked King of Italy his gains, Give the Legations to the Pope once more?' Which done,—why, grace goes back to operate. They themselves set a good example first. 3550 Resign the empire twenty years usurped, And Henry, the Desired One, reigns o'er France! Regenerated France makes all things new! My house no longer stands on Quai Rousseau But Quai rechristened Alacoque: a quai 3555 Where Renan burns his book, and Veuillot burns Renan beside, since Veuillot rules the roast, Re-edits now indeed 'The Universe.' O blessing, O superlatively big With blessedness beyond all blessing dreamed 3560 By man! for just that promise has effect, 'Old things shall pass away and all be new!' Then, for a culminating mercy-feat, Wherefore should I dare dream impossible That I too have my portion in the change? 3565 My past with all its sorrow, sin and shame, Becomes a blank, a nothing! There she stands, Clara de Millefleurs, all deodorized, Twenty years' stain wiped off her innocence! There never was Muhlhausen, nor at all 3570 Duke Hertford: nought that was, remains, except The beauty,—yes, the beauty is unchanged! Well, and the soul too, that must keep the same! And so the trembling little virgin hand Melts into mine, that 's back again, of course! 3575 —Think not I care about my poor old self! I only want my hand for that one use, To take her hand, and say 'I marry you— Men, women, angels, you behold my wife!

There is no secret, nothing wicked here,
Nothing she does not wish the world to know!'
None of your married women have the right
To mutter 'Yes, indeed, she beats us all
In beauty,—but our lives are pure at least!'
Bear witness, for our marriage is no thing
Done in a corner! 'T is The Ravissante
Repairs the wrong of Paris. See, She smiles,
She beckons, She bids 'Hither, both of you!'
And may we kneel? And will you bless us both?
And may I worship you, and yet love her?
Then!"—

A sublime spring from the balustrade About the tower so often talked about, A flash in middle air, and stone-dead lay Monsieur Léonce Miranda on the turf.

A gardener who watched, at work the while Dibbling a flower-bed for geranium-shoots, Saw the catastrophe, and, straightening back, Stood up and shook his brows. "Poor soul, poor soul!

3595

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3605

Just what I prophesied the end would be!
Ugh—the Red Night-cap!" (as he raised the head)

"This must be what he meant by those strange words

While I was weeding larkspurs yesterday, 'Angels would take him!' Mad!"

No! sane, I say. Such being the conditions of his life, Such end of life was not irrational. Hold a belief, you only half-believe, With all-momentous issues either way,—And I advise you imitate this leap, Put faith to proof, be cured or killed at once!

Call you men, killed through cutting cancer out, 3610 The worse for such an act of bravery? That 's more than I know. In my estimate, Better lie prostrate on his turf at peace, Than, wistful, eye, from out the tent, the tower, Racked with a doubt "Will going on bare knees 3615 All the way to The Ravissante and back, Saying my Ave Mary all the time, Somewhat excuse if I postpone my march?

—Make due amends for that one kiss I gave In gratitude to her who held me out

Superior Fricquot's sermon, hot from press, A-spread with hands so sinful yet so smooth?"

And now, sincerely do I pray she stand,
Clara, with interposing sweep of robe,
Between us and this horror! Any screen
Turns white by contrast with the tragic pall;
And her dubiety distracts at least,
As well as snow, from such decided black.
With womanhood, at least, we have to do:
Ending with Clara—is the word too kind?

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Let pass the shock! There 's poignancy enough When what one parted with, a minute since, Alive and happy, is returned a wreck—All that was, all that seemed about to be, Razed out and ruined now for evermore, Because a straw descended on this scale Rather than that, made death o'erbalance life. But think of cage-mates in captivity, Inured to day-long, night-long vigilance Each of the other's tread and angry turn If behind prison-bars the jailer knocked: These whom society shut out, and thus Penned in, to settle down and regulate

By the strange law, the solitary life—
When death divorces such a fellowship,
Theirs may pair off with that prodigious woe
Imagined of a ghastly brotherhood—
One watcher left in lighthouse out at sea
With leagues of surf between the land and him
Alive with his dead partner on the rock;
One galley-slave, whom curse and blow compel
To labour on, ply oar—beside his chain,
Encumbered with a corpse-companion now.
Such these: although, no prisoners, self-entrenched
They kept the world off from their barricade.

3655

Memory, gratitude was poignant, sure,
Though pride brought consolation of a kind.
Twenty years long had Clara been—of whom
The rival, nay, the victor, past dispute?
What if in turn The Ravissante at length
Proved victor—which was doubtful—anyhow,
Here lay the inconstant with, conspicuous too,
The fruit of his good fortune!

3660

"Has he gained By leaving me?" she might soliloquize: "All love could do, I did for him. I learned 3665 By heart his nature, what he loved and loathed, Leaned to with liking, turned from with distaste. No matter what his least velleity, I was determined he should want no wish, And in conformity administered 3670 To his requirement; most of joy I mixed With least of sorrow in life's daily draught, Twenty years long, life's proper average. And when he got to quarrel with my cup, Would needs outsweeten honey, and discard 3675 That gall-drop we require lest nectar cloy,—

I did not call him fool, and vex my friend, But quietly allowed experiment, Encouraged him to spice his drink, and now Grate lignum vita, now bruise so-called grains 3680 Of Paradise, and pour now, for perfume, Distilment rare, the rose of Jericho, Holy-thorn, passion-flower, and what know I? Till beverage obtained the fancied smack. 'Twas wild-flower-wine that neither helped nor harmed 3685 Who sipped and held it for restorative— Whatharm? Butherehashebeenthroughthehedge Straying in search of simples, while my back Was turned a minute, and he finds a prize, Monkshood and belladonna! O my child, 3690 My truant little boy, despite the beard, The body two feet broad and six feet long, And what the calendar counts middle age— You wanted, did you, to enjoy a flight? Why not have taken into confidence 3695 Me, that was mother to you?—never mind What mock disguise of mistress held you mine! Had you come laughing, crying, with request, 'Make me fly, mother!' I had run upstairs And held you tight the while I danced you high In air from tower-top, singing 'Off we go (On pilgrimage to Lourdes some day next month) And swift we soar (to Rome with Peter-pence) And low we light (at Paris where we pick Another jewel from our store of stones 3705 And send it for a present to the Pope)!' So, dropt indeed you were, but on my knees, Rolling and crowing, not a whit the worse For journey to your Ravissante and back. Now, no more Clairvaux—which I made you build, 3710 And think an inspiration of your own—

No more fine house, trim garden, pretty park, Nothing I used to busy you about, And make believe you worked for my surprise! What weariness to me will work become 3715 Now that I need not seem surprised again! This boudoir, for example, with the doves (My stupid maid has damaged, dusting one) Embossed in stucco o'er the looking-glass Beside the toilet-table! dear—dear me!"

3720

Here she looked up from her absorbing grief, And round her, crow-like grouped, the Cousinry, (She grew aware) sat witnesses at watch. For, two days had elapsed since fate befell The courser in the meadow, stretched so stark. They did not cluster on the tree-tops, close Their sooty ranks, caw and confabulate For nothing: but, like calm determined crows, They came to take possession of their corpse. And who shall blame them? Had not they the right?

3730

3725

One spoke. "They would be gentle, not austere. They understood and were compassionate. Madame Muhlhausen lay too abject now For aught but the sincerest pity; still, Since plain speech salves the wound it seems to make.

3735

They must speak plainly—circumstances spoke! Sin had conceived and brought forth death indeed. As the commencement so the close of things: Just what might be expected all along! Monsieur Léonce Miranda launched his youth Into a cesspool of debauchery. And if he thence emerged all dripping slime, Where was the change except from thin to thick,

One warmrich mud-bath, Madame?—you, in place Of Paris-drainage and distilment, you 3745 He never needed budge from, boiled to rags! True, some good instinct left the natural man, Some touch of that deep dye wherewith imbued By education, in his happier day, The hopeful offspring of high parentage 3750 Was fleece-marked moral and religious sheep,-Some ruddle, faint remainder, (we admit) Stuck to Miranda, rubbed he ne'er so rude Against the goatly coarseness: to the last, Moral he styled himself, religious too! 3755 Which means—what ineradicable good You found, you never left till good's self proved Perversion and distortion, nursed to growth So monstrous, that the tree-stock, dead and dry, Were seemlier far than such a heap grotesque 3760 Of fungous flourishing excrescence. Sap-like affection, meant for family, Stole off to feed one sucker fat—yourself; While branchage, trained religiously aloft To rear its head in reverence to the sun, 3765 Was pulled down earthward, pegged and picketed, By topiary contrivance, till the tree Became an arbour where, at vulgar ease, Sat superstition grinning through the loops. Still, nature is too strong or else too weak 3770 For cockney treatment: either, tree springs back To pristine shape, or else degraded droops, And turns to touchwood at the heart. Body and mind, at last the man gave way. His body—there it lies, what part was left 3775 Unmutilated! for, the strife commenced Two years ago, when both hands burnt to ash, —A branch broke loose, by loss of what choice twigs!

As for his mind—behold our register Of all its moods, from the incipient mad, Nay, mere erratic, to the stark insane, Absolute idiocy or what is worse! All have we catalogued—extravagance	78c
Nay, mere erratic, to the stark insane, Absolute idiocy or what is worse!	
Absolute idiocy or what is worse!	
In worldly matters, luxury absurd,	
	785
Of nonsense called devotion. Don't we know	
—We Cousins, bound in duty to our kin,—	
What mummeries were practised by you two	
At Clairvaux? Not a servant got discharge	
Dot same and fall his suitable to the Coll	790
To acts which turn religion to a farce.	, , -
And as the private mock, so patent—see—	
The public scandal! Ask the neighbourhood—	
Or rather, since we asked them long ago,	
D = 111 1	795
Signed, sealed and sworn to! Brief, the man was	, , ,
mad.	
We are his heirs and claim our heritage.	
Madame Muhlhausen,—whom good taste forbids	
We qualify as do these documents,—	
English and I and investigating the contract of the contract o	800
True, had you lent a willing ear at first,	
Had you obeyed our call two years ago,	
Restrained a certain insolence of eye,	
A volubility of tongue, that time,	
Your prospects had been none the worse, per-	
I	305
Still, fear not but a decent competence	-
Shall smooth the way for your declining age!	
What we propose, then "	
·	
Clara dried her eyes,	
Sat up, surveyed the consistory, spoke	
After due nouse with a state of the	310

"Gentlemen, kinstolk of my friend defunct,	
In thus addressing me—of all the world!—	
You much misapprehend what part I play.	
I claim no property you speak about.	
You might as well address the park-keeper,	3815
Harangue him on some plan advisable	3015
For covering the park with cottage-plots.	
He is the servant, no proprietor,	
His business is to see the sward kept trim,	
Untrespassed over by the indiscreet:	3820
Beyond that, he refers you to myself—	3020
Another servant of another kind—	
Who again—quite as limited in act—	
Refer you, with your projects,—can I else?	
To who in mastery is ultimate,	3825
The Church is sole administrant,	5023
Since sole possessor of what worldly wealth	
Monsieur Léonce Miranda late possessed.	
Often enough has he attempted, nay,	
Forced me, well-nigh, to occupy the post	3830
You seemingly suppose I fill,—receive	
As gift the wealth entrusted me as grace.	
This—for quite other reasons than appear	
So cogent to your perspicacity—	
This I refused; and, firm as you could wish,	3835
Still was my answer 'We two understand	
Each one the other. I am intimate	
—As how can be mere fools and knaves—or, say,	
Even your Cousins?—with your love to me,	
Devotion to the Church. Would Providence	3840
Appoint, and make me certain of the same,	
That I survive you (which is little like,	
Seeing you hardly overpass my age	
And more than match me in abundant health)	
In such case, certainly I would accept	3845
Your bounty: better I than alien hearts	

Should execute your planned benevolence	
To man, your proposed largess to the Church.	
But though I be survivor,—weakly frame,	
	38 5 0
When I shall die, or while I am alive,	
Cannot you figure me an easy mark	
For hypocritical rapacity,	
Kith, kin and generation, couching low	
Ever on the alert to pounce on prey?	3855
Far be it I should say they profited	
By that first frenzy-fit themselves induced,—	
Cold-blooded scenical buffoons at sport	
With horror and damnation o'er a grave:	
That were too shocking—I absolve them there!	38 6 0
Nor did they seize the moment of your swoon	
To rifle pocket, wring a paper thence,	
Their Cousinly dictation, and enrich	
Thereby each mother's son as heart could wish,	
Had nobody supplied a codicil.	3865
But when the pain, poor friend! had prostrated	
Your body, though your soul was right once more,	
I fear they turned your weakness to account!	
Why else to me, who agonizing watched,	_
Sneak, cap in hand, now bribe me to forsake	3870
My maimed Léonce, now bully, cap on head,	
The impudent pretension to assuage	
Such sorrows as demanded Cousins' care?—	
For you rejected, hated, fled me, far	
In foreign lands you laughed at me !—they judged.	3875
And, think you, will the unkind ones hesitate	
To try conclusions with my helplessness,—	
To pounce on and misuse your derelict,	
Helped by advantage that bereavement lends	
Folk, who, while yet you lived, played tricks like	3880
these? You only have to die, and they detect.	,,,,,
VAU ANIX NAVE TA AIE. XIIII LILEV UELECLI	

In all you said and did, insanity! Your faith was fetish-worship, your regard For Christ's prime precept which endows the poor And strips the rich, a craze from first to last! They so would limn your likeness, paint your life. That if it ended by some accident,-For instance, if, attempting to arrange The plants below that dangerous Belvedere I cannot warn you from sufficiently, You lost your balance and fell headlong—fine Occasion, such, for crying Suicide! Non compos mentis, naturally next, Hands over Clairvaux to a Cousin-tribe Who nor like me nor love The Ravissante: Therefore be ruled by both! Life-interest In Clairvaux,—conservation, guardianship Of earthly good for heavenly purpose,—give Such and no other proof of confidence! Let Clara represent the Ravissante!' —To whom accordingly, he then and there Bequeathed each stick and stone, by testament In holograph, mouth managing the quill: Go, see the same in Londres, if you doubt!"

Then smile grew laugh, as sudden up she stood And out she spoke: intemperate the speech! "And now, sirs, for your special courtesy, Your candle held up to the character Of Lucie Steiner, whom you qualify As coming short of perfect womanhood. Yes, kindly critics, truth for once you tell! True is it that through childhood, poverty, Sloth, pressure of temptation, I succumbed, And, ere I found what honour meant, lost mine. So was the sheep lost, which the Shepherd found And never lost again. My friend found me;

Or better say, the Shepherd found us both— Since he, my friend, was much in the same mire When first we made acquaintance. Each helped each.—

A two-fold extrication from the slough: 3920 And, saving me, he saved himself. Since then. Unsmirched we kept our cleanliness of coat. It is his perfect constancy, you call My friend's main fault—he never left his love! While as for me, I dare your worst, impute 3925 One breach of loving bond, these twenty years, To me whom only cobwebs bound, you count! 'He was religiously disposed in youth!' That may be, though we did not meet at church. Under my teaching did he, like you scamps, 3930 Become Voltairian-fools who mock his faith? 'Infirm of body!' I am silent there: Even yourselves acknowledge service done. Whatever motive your own souls supply As inspiration. Love made labour light." 3935

Then laugh grew frown, and frown grew terrible. Do recollect what sort of person shrieked-"Such was I, saint or sinner, what you please: And who is it casts stone at me but you? By your own showing, sirs, you bought and sold, 3940 Took what advantage bargain promised bag, Abundantly did business, and with whom? The man whom you pronounce imbecile, push Indignantly aside if he presume To settle his affairs like other folk! 3945 How is it you have stepped into his shoes And stand there, bold as brass, 'Miranda, late, Now, Firm-Miranda'? Sane, he signed away That little birthright, did he? Hence to trade! I know and he knew who 't was dipped and ducked, 3950

Truckled and played the parasite in vain, As now one, now the other, here you cringed. Were feasted, took our presents, you—those drops Just for your wife's adornment! you—that spray Exactly suiting, as most diamonds would, 3955 Your daughter on her marriage! No word then Of somebody the wanton! Hence, I say, Subscribers to the Siècle, every snob— For here the post brings me the Univers! Home and make money in the Place Vendôme. Sully yourselves no longer by my sight, And, when next Schneider wants a new parure, Be careful lest you stick there by mischance That stone beyond compare entrusted you To kindle faith with, when, Miranda's gift, 39б5 Crowning the very crown, the Ravissante Shall claim it! As to Clairvaux—talk to Her! She answers by the Chapter of Raimbaux!" Vituperative, truly! All this wrath Because the man's relations thought him mad! 3970 Whereat, I hope you see the Cousinry Turn each to other, blankly dolorous, Consult a moment, more by shrug and shrug Than mere man's language,—finally conclude To leave the reprobate untroubled now 3975 In her unholy triumph, till the Law Shall right the injured ones; for gentlemen Allow the female sex, this sort at least, Its privilege. So, simply "Cockatrice!"— "Jezebel!"—"Queen of the Camellias!"—cried 3980 Cousin to cousin, as yon hinge a-creak Shut out the party, and the gate returned To custody of Clairvaux. "Pretty place! What say you, when it proves our property, To trying a concurrence with La Roche, 3985 And laying down a rival oyster-bed?

Where the park ends, the sea begins, you know." So took they comfort till they came to Vire.

But I would linger, fain to snatch a look At Clara as she stands in pride of place, 3990 Somewhat more satisfying than my glance So furtive, so near futile, yesterday, Because one must be courteous. Of the masks That figure in this little history. She only has a claim to my respect. 3995 And one-eyed, in her French phrase, rules the blind. Miranda hardly did his best with life: He might have opened eye, exerted brain, Attained conception as to right and law In certain points respecting intercourse 4000 Of man with woman—love, one likes to say; Which knowledge had dealt rudely with the claim Of Clara to play representative And from perdition rescue soul, for sooth! Also, the sense of him should have sufficed 4005 For building up some better theory Of how God operates in heaven and earth, Than would establish Him participant In doings yonder at the Ravissante. The heart was wise according to its lights 4010 And limits; but the head refused more sun, And shrank into its mew and craved less space. Clara, I hold the happier specimen,— It may be, through that artist-preference For work complete, inferiorly proposed, 4015 To incompletion, though it aim aright. Morally, no! Aspire, break bounds! I say, Endeavour to be good, and better still, And best! Success is nought, endeavour 's all. But intellect adjusts the means to ends, 4020 Tries the low thing, and leaves it done, at least;

No prejudice to high thing, intellect	
Would do and will do, only give the means.	
Miranda, in my picture-gallery,	
Presents a Blake; be Clara—Meissonier!	
Merely considered so by artist, mind!	4025
For, break through Art and rise to poetry,	
Bring Art to tremble nearer, touch enough	
The verge of vastness to inform our soul	
What orb makes transit through the dark above,	
And there 's the triumph!—there the incomplete,	4030
More than completion, matches the immense,—	
Then, Michelagnolo against the world!	
With this proviso, let me study her	
Approvingly, the finished little piece!	
Born, bred, with just one instinct,—that of	4035
growth,—	
Her quality was, caterpillar-like,	
To all-unerringly select a leaf	
And without intermission feed her fill,	
Become the Painted-peacock, or belike	40.40
The Brimstone-wing, when time of year should suit;	4040
And 't is a sign (say entomologists)	
Of sickness, when the creature stops its meal	
One minute, either to look up at heaven,	
Or turn aside for change of aliment.	4045
No doubt there was a certain ugliness	4043
In the beginning, as the grub grew worm:	
She could not find the proper plant at once,	
But crawled and fumbled through a whole parterre.	
Husband Muhlhausen served for stuff not long:	4050
I nen came confusion of the slimy track	4-3-
From London, "where she gave the tone awhile."	
10 Paris: let the stalks start up again.	
Now she is off them, all the greener they!	
But, settled on Miranda, how she sucked.	4055
Assimilated juices, took the tint,	,

Mimicked the form and texture of her food!
Was he for pastime? Who so frolic-fond
As Clara? Had he a devotion-fit?
Clara grew serious with like qualm, be sure!
In healthand strength he,—healthy too and strong,
She danced, rode, drove, took pistol-practice, fished,
Nay, "managed sea-skiff with consummate skill."
In pain and weakness, he,—she patient watched
And wiled the slow drip-dropping hours away.
She bound again the broken self-respect,
She picked out the true meaning from mistake,
Praised effort in each stumble, laughed "Wellclimbed!"

When others groaned "None ever grovelled so!" "Rise, you have gained experience!" was her word: 4070 "Lie satisfied, the ground is just your place!" They thought appropriate counsel. "Live, not die, And take my full life to eke out your own: That shall repay me and with interest! Write !—is your mouth not clever as my hand? 4075 Paint !—the last Exposition warrants me, Plenty of people must ply brush with toes. And as for music-look, what folk nickname A lyre, those ancients played to ravishment,— Over the pendule, see, Apollo grasps 4080 A three-stringed gimcrack which no Liszt could coax

Such music from as jew's-harp makes to-day!
Do your endeavour like a man, and leave
The rest to 'fortune who assists the bold'—
Learn, you, the Latin which you taught me first, 4085
You clever creature—clever, yes, I say!"

If he smiled "Let us love, love's wrong comes right, Shows reason last of all! Necessity

Must meanwhile serve for plea—so, mind not much

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RED COTTON NIGHT-CAP COUNTRY Old Friequot's menace!"—back she smiled "Wh

Old Fricquot's menace!"—back she smiled "Who minds?"	
If he sighed "Ah, but She is strict, they say,	4090
For all Her mercy at the Ravissante,	
She scarce will be put off so!"—straight a sigh	
Returned "My lace must go to trim Her gown!"	
I nowise doubt she inwardly believed	
Smiling and sighing had the same effect	4095
Upon the venerated image. What	
She did believe in, I as little doubt,	
Was—Clara's self's own birthright to sustain	
Existence, grow from grub to butterfly,	
Upon unlimited Miranda-leaf;	4100
In which prime article of faith confirmed,	
According to capacity, she fed	
On and on till the leaf was eaten up	
That April morning. Even then, I praise	4704
Her forethought which prevented leafless stalk	4105
Bestowing any hoarded succulence	
On earwig and blackbeetle squat beneath	
Clairvaux, that stalk whereto her hermitage	
She tacked by golden throw of silk, so fine,	4110
So anything but feeble, that her sleep	4-10
Inside it, through last winter, two years long,	
Recked little of the storm and strife without.	
"But—loved him?" Friend, I do not praise her	
love!	
True love works never for the loved one so,	4115
Nor spares skin-surface, smoothening truth away.	
Loves bids touch truth, endure truth, and embrace	
Truth, though, embracing truth, love crush itself.	
"Worship not me but God!" the angels urge:	
That is love's grandeur: still, in pettier love	4120
The nice eye can distinguish grade and grade.	
Shall mine degrade the velvet green and puce	
Of caterpillar, palmer-worm—or what—	

Ball in and out of ball, each ball with brush Of Venus' eye-fringe round the turquoise egg 4125 That nestles soft,—compare such paragon With any scarabæus of the brood Which, born to fly, keeps wing in wing-case, walks Persistently a-trundling dung on earth? Egypt may venerate such hierophants, 4130 Not I—the couple yonder, Father Priest And Mother Nun, who came and went and came, Beset this Clairvaux, trundled money-muck To midden and the main heap oft enough, But never bade unshut from sheath the gauze, 4I35 Nor showed that, who would fly, must let fall filth, And warn "Your jewel, brother, is a blotch: Sister, your lace trails ordure! Leave your sins, And so best gift with Crown and grace with Robe!"

The superstition is extinct, you hope?

It were, with my good will! Suppose it so,
Bethink you likewise of the latest use
Whereto a Night-cap is convertible,
And draw your very thickest, thread and thrum,
O'er such a decomposing face of things,
Once so alive, it seemed immortal too!

This happened two years since. The Cousinry Returned to Paris, called in help from Law, And in due form proceeded to dispute Monsieur Léonce Miranda's competence,

Being insane, to make a valid Will.

Much testimony volunteered itself;
The issue hardly could be doubtful—but
For that sad 'Seventy which must intervene,
Provide poor France with other work to mind
Than settling lawsuits, even for the sake
Of such a party as the Ravissante.

403

It only was this Summer that the case Could come and be disposed of, two weeks since, At Vire—Tribunal Civil—Chamber First.

4160

Here, issued with all regularity, I hold the judgment—just, inevitable, Nowise to be contested by what few Can judge the judges; sum and substance, thus—

"Inasmuch as we find, the Cousinry,
During that very period when they take
Monsieur Léonce Miranda for stark mad,
Considered him to be quite sane enough
For doing much important business with—
Nor showed suspicion of his competence
Until, by turning of the tables, loss
Instead of gain accrued to them thereby,—
Plea of incompetence we set aside.

4170

4165

—"The rather, that the dispositions, sought To be impugned, are natural and right, Nor jar with any reasonable claim Of kindred, friendship or acquaintance here. Nobody is despoiled, none overlooked; Since the testator leaves his property To just that person whom, of all the world, He counted he was most indebted to. In mere discharge, then, of conspicuous debt, Madame Muhlhausen has priority, Enjoys the usufruct of Clairvaux.

4175

4180

"Next,

Such debt discharged, such life determining, Such earthly interest provided for, Monsieur Léonce Miranda may bequeath, In absence of more fit recipient, fund And usufruct together to the Church Whereof he was a special devotee.

4185

"—Which disposition, being consonant
With a long series of such acts and deeds
Notorious in his life-time, needs must stand,
Unprejudiced by eccentricity
Nowise amounting to distemper: since,
In every instance signalized as such,
We recognize no overleaping bounds,
No straying out of the permissible:
Duty to the Religion of the Land,—
Neither excessive nor inordinate.

4200

"The minor accusations are dismissed;
They prove mere freak and fancy, boyish mood
In age mature of simple kindly man.
Exuberant in generosities
To all the world: no fact confirms the fear
He meditated mischief to himself
That morning when he met the accident
Which ended fatally. The case is closed."

How otherwise? So, when I grazed the skirts,
And had the glimpse of who made, yesterday,—
Woman and retinue of goats and sheep,—
The sombre path one whiteness, vision-like,
As out of gate, and in at gate again,
They wavered,—she was lady there for life:
And, after life—I hope, a white success
Of some sort, wheresoever life resume
School interrupted by vacation—death;
Seeing that home she goes with prize in hand,
Confirmed the Châtelaine of Clairvaux.

Such prize fades soon to insignificance.

Though she have eaten her Miranda up,
And spun a cradle-cone through which she pricks
Her passage, and proves Peacock-butterfly

This Autumn—wait a little week of cold!
Peacockanddeath's-head-mothendmuchthe same. 4225
And could she still continue spinning,—sure,
Cradle would soon crave shroud for substitute,
And o'er this life of hers distaste would drop
Red-cotton-Night-cap-wise.

How say you, friend? Have I redeemed my promise? Smile assent Through the Dark Winter-gloom between us both! Already, months ago and miles away. I just as good as told you, in a flash, The while we paced the sands before my house, All this poor story—truth and nothing else. 4235 Accept that moment's flashing, amplified, Impalpability reduced to speech, Conception proved by birth, -no other change! Can what Saint-Rambert flashed me in a thought, Good gloomy London make a poem of? 4240 Such ought to be whatever dares precede, Play ruddy herald-star to your white blaze About to bring us day. How fail imbibe Some foretaste of effulgence? Sun shall wax, And star shall wane: what matter, so star tell 4245 The drowsy world to start awake, rub eyes, And stand all ready for morn's joy a-blush?

January 23, 1873.